



MATERIALS AND MINERAL RESOURCES ENGINEERING

2018/2019

*Transforming Higher Education
for a Sustainable Tomorrow*

BACHELOR *of* ENGINEERING

School of MATERIALS AND MINERAL
RESOURCES ENGINEERING

| 2018/2019

| www.usm.my

USM Vision

Transforming Higher Education for a Sustainable Tomorrow

USM Mission

USM is a pioneering, transdisciplinary research intensive university
that empowers future talent and enables the bottom billions
to transform their socio-economic well-being

CONTENT	PAGE
I. VISION AND MISSION	i
II. CONTENT	ii
III. ACADEMIC CALENDAR	iv
1.0 INTRODUCTION	
1.1 History and Development	1
1.2 Philosophy and Objectives	3
1.3 Outcome Based Education	3
1.4 Continuous Quality Improvement System	4
1.5 External Examiners	4
1.6 Industry Advisory Board	5
1.7 Division of Industry and Community Network	5
1.8 Stakeholder	5
1.9 Teaching Delivery Method	6
1.10 Course Code	7
1.11 Programme Structure	8
1.12 Courses Offering	9
2.0 SCHOOL OF MATERIALS AND MINERAL RESOURCES ENGINEERING	
2.1 Introduction	12
2.2 Objective and Philosophy	13
2.3 Main Administrative Staffs	14
2.4 List of Academic Staffs	16
2.5 External Examiners	18
2.6 Industry Advisory Panel (IAP)	18
2.7 Laboratory Facilities	20
2.8 Job Opportunities	21
2.9 Postgraduate Studies and Research	21
2.10 Programme for Bachelor of Engineering (Honours) (Material Engineering)	23
Programme Objectives	23
Programme Outcomes	23
2.10.1 Curriculum Structure	25
2.10.2 Curriculum	26
2.10.3 Course-Programme Outcome Matrix	30
2.10.4 Course Description	32
2.11 Programme for Bachelor of Engineering (Honours) (Mineral Resources Engineering)	50
Programme Objectives	50
Programme Outcomes	50
2.11.1 Curriculum Structure	52
2.11.2 Curriculum	53
2.11.3 Course-Programme Outcome Matrix	57
2.11.4 Course Description	60

2.12	Programme for Bachelor of Engineering (Honours) (Polymer Engineering)	
	Programme Objectives	76
	Programme Outcomes	76
2.12.1	Curriculum Structure	78
2.12.2	Curriculum	79
2.12.3	Course-Programme Outcome Matrix	83
2.12.4	Course Description	85
3.0	ACADEMIC SYSTEM AND GENERAL INFORMATION	
3.1	Course Registration	104
3.2	Interpretation of Unit/Credit/Course	110
3.3	Examination System	111
3.4	Unit Exemption	115
3.5	Credit Transfer	117
3.6	Academic Integrity	119
3.7	USM Mentor Programme	124
3.8	Student Exchange Programme	124
3.9	Ownership of Student ‘Dissertation/Research Project/Theses and University’s Intellectual Property	125
4.0	UNIVERSITY COURSE REQUIREMENTS	
4.1	Summary of University Course Requirements	126
4.2	General Studies Components (MPU)	127
4.3	Language Skills	133
4.4	Options	135
	Index	138
	Students’ Feedback	141

ACADEMIC CALENDAR - ACADEMIC SESSION 2018/2019

FOR ALL SCHOOLS (EXCEPT THE SCHOOL OF MEDICAL SCIENCES AND SCHOOL OF DENTAL SCIENCES)

*Registration for New Students (2 September 2018) / Orientation Week 3-9 September 2018

Registration for New Students (2 September 2019) / Orientation Week 3-5 September 2019								
SEM	WEEK	ACTIVITY	DATE			REMARKS		
ONE	1	Teaching & Learning Period (T&LP - 8 Weeks)	Monday,	10.09.2018	- Sunday,	16.09.2018	11.09.2018, Tuesday – Awal Muharam 16.09.2019, Sunday – Malaysia Day 17.09.2018, Public Holiday	
	2		Monday,	17.09.2018	- Sunday,	23.09.2018		
	3		Monday,	24.09.2018	- Sunday,	30.09.2018		
	4		Monday,	01.10.2018	- Sunday,	07.10.2018		
	5		Monday,	08.10.2018	- Sunday,	14.10.2018		
	6		Monday,	15.10.2018	- Sunday,	21.10.2018		
	7		Monday,	22.10.2018	- Sunday,	28.10.2018		
	8		Monday,	29.10.2018	- Sunday,	04.11.2018		
	9	Mid Semester Break	Monday,	05.11.2018	- Sunday,	11.11.2018	06.11.2018, Tuesday - Deepavali**	
	10	Teaching & Learning Period (T&LP - 6 Weeks)	Monday,	12.11.2018	- Sunday,	18.11.2018		
	11		Monday,	19.11.2018	- Sunday,	25.11.2018	20.11.2018, Tuesday - Prophet Muhammad's Birthday	
	12		Monday,	26.11.2018	- Sunday,	02.12.2018		
	13		Monday,	03.12.2018	- Sunday,	09.12.2018		
	14		Monday,	10.12.2018	- Sunday,	16.12.2018		
	15		Monday,	17.12.2018	- Sunday,	23.12.2018		
	16	Revision Week	Monday,	24.12.2018	- Sunday,	30.12.2018	25.12.2018, Tuesday -Christmas	
	17	Examinations (3 Weeks)	Monday,	31.12.2018	- Sunday,	06.01.2019	01.01.2019, Tuesday-New Year 2019	
	18		Monday,	07.01.2019	- Sunday,	13.01.2019		
	19		Monday,	14.01.2019	- Sunday,	20.01.2019		
20	Mid Semester Break (4 Weeks)	Monday,	21.01.2019	- Sunday,	27.01.2019	21.01.2019, Monday- Thaipusam**		
21		Monday,	28.01.2019	- Sunday,	03.02.2019			
22		Monday,	04.02.2019	- Sunday,	10.02.2019	05&06.02.2019, Monday& Tuesday - Chinese New Year -		
23		Monday,	11.02.2019	- Sunday,	17.02.2019			
TWO	1/24	Teaching & Learning Period (T&LP - 7 Weeks)	Monday,	18.02.2019	- Sunday,	24.02.2019		
	2/25		Monday,	25.02.2019	- Sunday,	03.03.2019		
	3/26		Monday,	04.03.2019	- Sunday,	10.03.2019		
	4/27		Monday,	11.03.2019	- Sunday,	17.03.2019		
	5/28		Monday,	18.03.2019	- Sunday,	24.03.2019		
	6/29		Monday,	25.03.2019	- Sunday,	31.03.2019		
	7/30		Monday,	01.04.2019	- Sunday,	07.04.2019		
	8/31	Mid Semester Break	Monday,	08.04.2019	- Sunday,	14.04.2019		
	9/32	Teaching & Learning Period (T&LP – 7 Weeks)	Monday,	15.04.2019	- Sunday,	21.04.2019		
	10/33		Monday,	22.04.2019	- Sunday,	28.04.2019	01.05.2019, Wednesday - Labour Day	
	11/34		Monday,	29.04.2019	- Sunday,	05.05.2019		
	12/35		Monday,	06.05.2019	- Sunday,	12.05.2019		
	13/36		Monday,	13.05.2019	- Sunday,	19.05.2019	19.05.2019, Sunday - Wesak Day	
	14/37		Monday,	20.05.2019	- Sunday,	26.05.2019	20.05.2019, Monday – Public Holiday 22.05.2019 – Nuzul Al-Quran	
	15/38	Revision Week	Monday,	27.05.2019	- Sunday,	02.06.2019		
16/39	Monday,		03.06.2019	- Sunday,	09.06.2019	05&06..06.2018, Wednesday &Thursday - Eid-ul fitr**		
17/40	Examinations (3 Weeks)	Monday,	10.06.2019	- Sunday,	16.06.2019			
18/41		Monday,	17.06.2019	- Sunday,	23.06.2019			
19/42		Monday,	24.06.2019	- Sunday,	30.06.2019			
KSCP	20/43	Long Vacation/ Industrial Training/ KSCP (10 Weeks)	Monday,	01.07.2019	- Sunday,	07.07.2019	07.07.2019, Sunday -Penang Heritage 13.07.2019, Saturday - Penang Governor's Birthday	
	21/44		Monday,	08.07.2019	- Sunday,	14.07.2019		
	22/45		Monday,	17.07.2019	- Sunday,	21.07.2019		
	23/46		*T&LP	Monday,	22.07.2019	- Sunday,	28.07.2019	
	24/47		*T&LP	Monday,	29.07.2019	- Sunday,	04.08.2019	
	25/48		*T&LP	Monday,	05.08.2019	- Sunday,	11.08.2019	11.08.2019, Sunday – Eiduladha
	26/49		*Examination	Monday,	12.08.2019	- Sunday,	18.08.2019	12.08.2019, Monday – Public Holiday
	27/50			Monday,	19.08.2019	- Sunday,	25.08.2019	
	28/51			Monday,	26.08.2019	- Sunday,	01.09.2019	31.08.2019, Saturday – National Day 01.09.2019, Sunday – Awal Muharam
	29/52			Monday,	02.09.2019	- Sunday,	08.09.2019	02.09.2019, Monday – Public Holiday

*Courses during the Long Vacation (KSCP)

**This Academic Calendar is subject to change

1.0 INTRODUCTION

This Engineering Handbook is specially prepared for the undergraduate engineering students of Universiti Sains Malaysia who will commence their first year studies in the academic year of 2018/2019. This handbook contains concise information that will prove useful in helping students to understand the university's system of study as well as to adopt oneself to university life.

Information in this handbook covers various aspects such as the programme structure of the Bachelor of Engineering degree, the academic system, types of courses, synopsis of the courses, student status, examination and evaluation system, information about the engineering schools, reference materials and academic staff list. This information would give a clear picture to the students for them to plan their academic studies, understand the field of studies that they are following and adapt themselves to the teaching and learning environment of the university.

Universiti Sains Malaysia offers Bachelor of Engineering (with Honours) programmes through its six schools of engineering:

- School of Aerospace Engineering
- School of Chemical Engineering
- School of Civil Engineering
- School of Electrical and Electronic Engineering
- School of Materials and Mineral Resources Engineering
- School of Mechanical Engineering

1.1 History and Development

In 1972, Universiti Sains Malaysia established the School of Applied Science at the Main Campus in Penang and offered basic fields of engineering studies. The fields of studies offered at the time were Electronic Technology, Polymer Technology, Food Technology, Materials Technology and Mineral Resources Technology.

In 1984, the School of Applied Science was restructured and given a new name, the School of Engineering Science and Industrial Technology. This restructuring, which corresponded to the development of Malaysia's Industrial Masterplan that is in turn related to the country's human utilization needs, gave birth to three new schools. They were the School of Industrial Technology which focused on offering studies in fields such as polymer and food technologies, the School of Electrical and Electronics Engineering and the School of Materials and Mineral Resources Engineering.

The expansion that took place required an increase in the physical space of the campus. Since the physical area of USM in Penang at the time was rather limited, a new area in the state of Perak was identified as the site for the development of a branch campus.

A decision was reached whereby all fields of engineering studies were transferred to Perak while the School of Industrial Technology remained in Penang. In 1986, the School of Electrical and Electronics Engineering and the School of Materials and Mineral Resources Engineering moved to a temporary campus at the old Ipoh Town Council building while

waiting for the construction of the USM branch campus in Bandar Baru Seri Iskandar, Perak Tengah District, Perak to be completed. The temporary campus was named USM Perak Branch Campus (USMKCP – USM Kampus Cawangan Perak).

In 1987, construction began at the site of USM Perak Branch Campus in Bandar Baru Seri Iskandar. On 1st January 1989, the scope of engineering studies was expanded further with the establishment of two new schools of engineering: the School of Civil Engineering and the School of Mechanical Engineering.

By the end of November 1989, all four USM engineering schools began moving to USM Perak Branch Campus in Seri Iskandar in stages and the moving process finally ended in April 1990. The Ipoh Town Council building which housed USM's temporary campus was handed back to the Town Council in a glorious ceremony that was graced by the DYMM Seri Paduka Baginda Yang Dipertuan Agong, Sultan Azlan Shah.

In 1992, USM established its fifth engineering school, the School of Chemical Engineering. Two years later, efforts to offer studies in the field of Aerospace Engineering went underway. On 17th of May 1998, the USM Aerospace Engineering Unit was established and on the 1st of March 1999 the unit was upgraded to the School of Aerospace Engineering.

In 1997, the government decided to transfer USMKCP back to Penang. The new campus site was located in Seri Ampangan, Nibong Tebal, Seberang Perai Selatan, Penang while USMKCP's campus site in Seri Iskandar was taken over by the Universiti Teknologi Petronas (UTP).

The Engineering Campus moved in stages in 2001. USM's Engineering Campus in Seri Ampangan, Nibong Tebal began its operations in the 2001/2002 Academic Session in June 2001.

In 2007, USM was appointed as one of the four research universities by the Ministry of Higher Education [MoHE] through a rigorous evaluation process thus elevating its status to the top among more than 100 public and private universities and colleges in Malaysia. In the same year, USM was rated as the only “excellent” (or 5-Star) university in the Academic Reputation Survey conducted by the Malaysian Qualification Agency (MQA).

On 4th of September 2008, USM was granted with an APEX (the Accelerated Programme for Excellence) status by the Malaysian's government. This status requires USM to transform its system in order to move up its World University Rankings with a target of top 100 in five years and top 50 by 2020.

USM's transformation plan, entitled “Transforming Higher Education for a Sustainable Tomorrow” will embark on numerous transformational journeys, including revamping most of its activities pertaining to nurturing and learning, research and innovation, services, students and alumni and the management of the university as a whole.

The University takes steps to improve the three core pillars of its strengths, [i] concentration of talent, [ii] resources and [iii] acculturation of supportive governance.

1.2 Philosophy and Objectives

The philosophy and objective of the Bachelor of Engineering programme at the Universiti Sains Malaysia is to produce qualified engineering graduates in various fields who are able to find solutions to diverse problems through innovative thinking.

The engineering programme at USM aims to produce professional engineers who are responsible towards research and development, project management, production planning and control and accreditation of equipments in various fields in the country.

Thus all courses that are being offered in the engineering programme blend together the theoretical and practical aspects of learning according to the relevant needs of the industrial public sectors. The fields of engineering studies in USM are up to date and challenging so as to fulfil the nation's industrial development needs. Students will also be equipped with fundamentals of business practice such as finance, marketing and management as well as co-curricular activities so that the students could adapt themselves well to the current state of affairs.

1.3 Outcome Based Education

All bachelor engineering programmes at the Universiti Sains Malaysia have adopted the Outcome Based Education (OBE) since the academic year of 2006/2007. The OBE emphasises that the professional attributes of the graduates satisfy the current and future needs of the country and global market in general. For this, the programme educational objectives of each programme offered at the Engineering Schools are developed through interviews and surveys from the stakeholders including industries, government, parents, students, alumni and the university lecturers. This signifies that the programmes offered in USM are relevance to the current need of industries and society and for the preparation of high quality future talents.

With the agreed programme objectives, the curricular structure of each programme is planned accordingly to ensure that our graduate possess the quality attributes as suggested by the Engineering Accreditation Council (EAC) and Board of Engineer Malaysia (BEM) are achieved. The attributes are:

- *Engineering Knowledge* - Apply knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals and an engineering specialisation to the solution of complex engineering problems
- *Problem Analysis* - Identify, formulate, research literature and analyse complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences and engineering sciences;
- *Design/Development of Solutions* - Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design systems, components or processes that meet specified needs with appropriate consideration for public health and safety, cultural, societal, and environmental considerations;
- *Investigation* - Conduct investigation into complex problems using researchbased knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of information to provide valid conclusions;

- *Modern Tool Usage* - Create, select and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools, including prediction and modelling, to complex engineering activities, with an understanding of the limitations;
- *The Engineer and Society* - Apply reasoning informed by contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to professional engineering practice;
- *Environment and Sustainability* - Understand the impact of professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts and demonstrate knowledge of and need for sustainable development;
- *Ethics* - Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of engineering practice;
- *Communication* - Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions;
- *Individual and Team Work* - Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams and in multi-disciplinary settings;
- *Life Long Learning* - Recognise the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.
- *Project Management and Finance* - Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

1.4 Continuous Quality Improvement System

To realize the Outcome Based Education, a few mechanisms have been identified to be incorporated into the continuous quality improvement system for the Bachelor of Engineering programmes. Feedbacks are obtained from industries through the Industrial Advisory Panel which consist of at least five engineers or managers from industrial sectors.

Feedbacks from the students are obtained from the Lecturer-Student Committee and Interview Session with each student before their convocation. Feedbacks from the alumni are obtained from the USM Alumni Relations Unit and the School's alumni communities such as email, webpage and Facebook. All these feedbacks are incorporated for deliberations and approval by the Curriculum Review Committee which convenes annually to identify any particular course or programme that need to be revamped or to undergo minor/major changes.

1.5 External Examiners

Universiti Sains Malaysia has appointed external examiners to:

- Advise the School/Centre concerned regarding matters pertaining to the structure and contents of its undergraduate programmes, research and administration related to examinations. Attention is also focused towards post-graduate programmes where applicable.

- Scrutinise and evaluate all draft question papers prepared by Internal Examiners.
- Visit the university during the period of the examinations in order to be familiar with the work of the School/Centre, the available physical facilities and also to participate in activities related directly to the conduct of the examinations. In order to make the visit more meaningful and to obtain a better understanding of the University, an External Examiner who has been appointed for a term of three academic sessions should visit the school/centre during the first academic session of his appointment.
- Scrutinise and evaluate such answer scripts as may be required by the Dean/Director of the School/Centre concerned and to ensure that the standards set by Internal Examiners (of the discipline to which he/she is appointed) are the same as those at other Universities of International standing.
- Ensure uniformity in the evaluation of answer scripts by the Internal Examiners between candidates of the same standard.
- Examine the oral component or viva-voce where required.
- Hold seminars/meetings with the academic staffs/students if required.

1.6 Industry Advisory Board

The engineering schools have set up an Industrial Advisory Board for all offered engineering programmes and various meetings have and will be conducted from time to time. Each school has appointed prominent members from the industry and relevant institutions to be in the Advisory Board. The Industrial Advisory Board members will discuss and give their input on the Industrial Training; Outcome Based Education (OBE) implementation, curriculum development, the requirement of soft skills and other relevant issues to the School to improve the quality of programmes and graduates.

1.7 Division of Industry and Community Network

To foster closer, effective, meaningful and sustainable linkages and partnership with the industry and the community, i.e. the world outside Universiti Sains Malaysia, a new division, the Division of Industry & Community Network was established within the Chancellery in September 2007. This new division is headed by a Deputy Vice Chancellor (Industry and Community Network). The function of this division is to match between the knowledge/expertise, facilities and resources of the university to the needs, aspirations and expectations of the industry and the community to result in a win-win situation.

1.8 Stakeholder

In line with the Engineering Accreditation Council (EAC) requirements for involvement of stakeholders in establishing the programme educational objectives, their inputs have been continuously gathered from surveys and direct communications. The University has identified the stakeholders as follows:

- Academic Staffs (University)

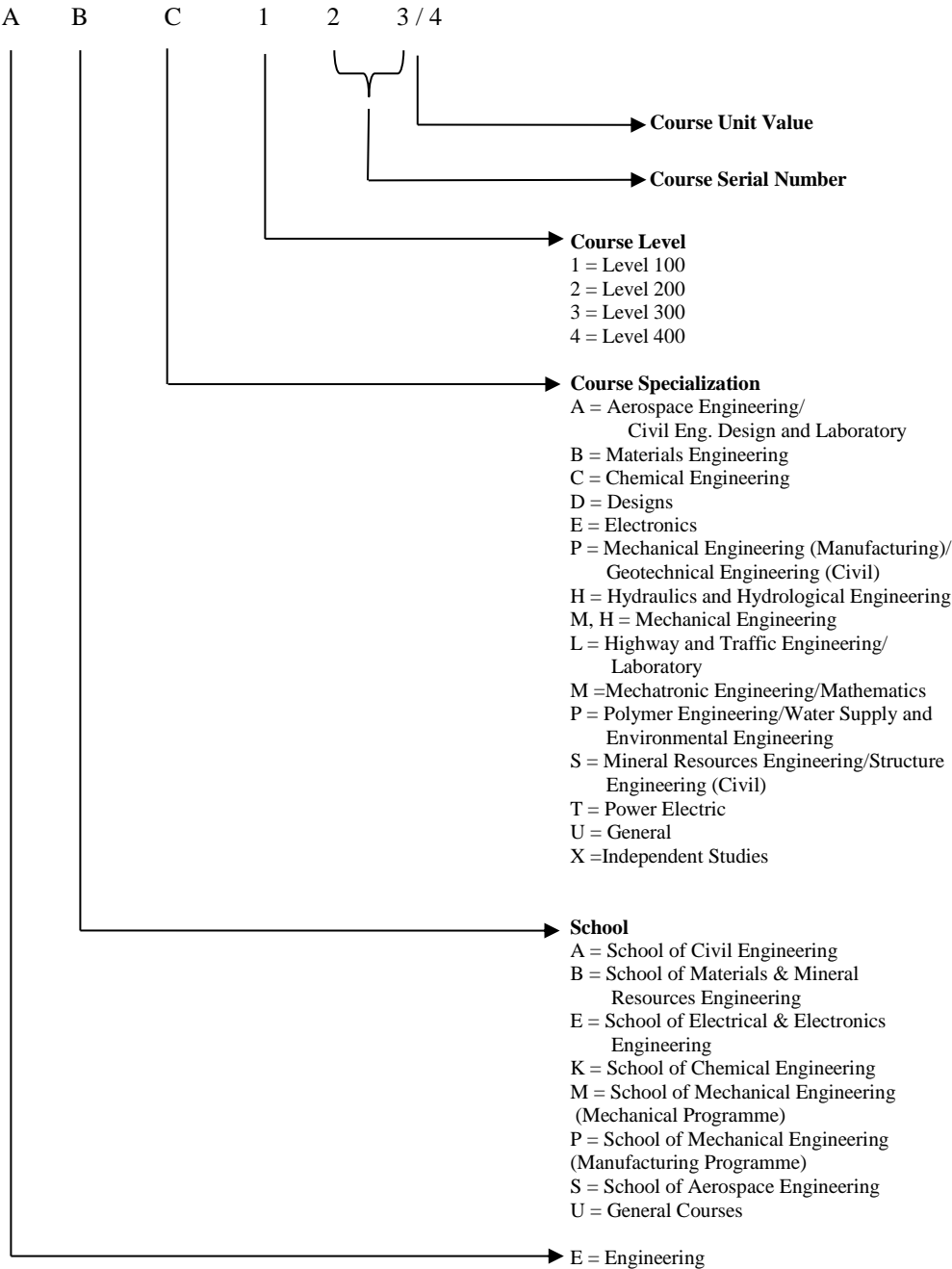
- Employers (industry and government)
- Alumni
- Students
- Parents

1.9 Teaching Delivery Method

Other contributing components to the curriculum such as a variety of teaching and learning (delivery) modes, assessment and evaluation methods are designed, planned and incorporated within the curriculum to enable students to effectively develop the range of intellectual and practical skills, as well as positive attitudes. The assessments to evaluate the degree of the achievement of the Programme Outcomes by the students are done both at the programme as well as at course levels. The teaching and learning methods designed enable students to take full responsibility for their own learning and prepare themselves for lifelong learning and knowledge acquisition.

1.10 Course Code

Each course offered by the respective School is denoted by the following code of ABC 123/4. The alphabets and numbers represent:-



1.11 Programme Structure

The Structure of the Engineering Degree Programme is as follows:-

Course	Credits	Remarks
(i) CORE	108	
(ii) ELECTIVE	12	Students may select these courses from the list as determined by the respective school.
(iii) UNIVERSITY REQUIREMENTS	15	
<u>Compulsory (12 credits)</u>		
(a) Bahasa Malaysia	2	
(b) English Language	4	
(c) Islamic and Asian Civilisations	2	
(d) Ethnic Relations	2	
(e) Entrepreneurship	2	
<u>Optional Course (3 credits)</u>		
(a) Co-curriculum/Optional/ Skills	3	
TOTAL		135

Note:

For graduation, students are required to complete at least 135 credits, with 'pass' grade for all the courses.

Starting from academic year 2014/2015, students that obtain grade of C- and below for a particular course offered by the School of Materials and Mineral Resources Engineering are required to improve their grades by repeating the course during the long vacation (Kursus Semasa Cuti Panjang) (KSCP) or normal semester. Students will not be allowed to graduate until they repeat the course and obtain a minimum grade of C. Students that obtain grade 'C' and above for a particular course will not be allowed to repeat the course whether during KSCP or normal semester.

1.12 Courses Offering

Students are required to register for the undergraduate courses in two semesters for each academic session that is Semester 1 and Semester 2. Courses are offered and examined in the same semester. Courses offered are categorized into four levels, via levels 100, 200, 300 and 400, suitable to the requirements of a four-year study programme.

Core Courses

Core course is a compulsory course package which aims at giving a deeper understanding of an area of specialization / major. Students need to accumulate 108 units of the core courses which have been identified by each school.

Elective Courses

Students who do not choose a Minor area are required to take Elective courses. Students need to accumulate no less than 12 units from the list of courses suggested and acknowledged by the school.

Optional Courses

Optional courses are courses chosen by the students from among those that are outside of their programmes of study.

The main objective of an Optional course is as a substitute course for students who do not take Co-curriculum courses or Skill/Analysis courses.

Audit Courses

In principle, the university allows students to register for any courses on an audit basis for the purpose of enhancing the students' knowledge in specific fields during the duration of their study. However, the units of any such audit courses will not be taken into consideration for graduation purposes.

The registration procedures for courses on an audit basis are as follows:-

- (a) Students can register for courses on an audit basis for the purpose of augmenting his/her knowledge in specific fields. Registration for the said course must be within the course registration week.
- (b) Only students of active status are allowed to register for courses on an audit basis.
- (c) Courses registered for on an audit basis are designated as code 'Y' courses. This designation will be indicated on the relevant academic transcript. A space at the bottom of the academic transcript will be reserved for listing the courses registered for on an audit basis.

- (d) Courses registered for on an audit basis will not be taken into consideration in determining the minimum and maximum units of courses registered for.
- (e) Students must fulfil all course requirements. Student who register for courses on an audit basis, are not obligated to sit for any examinations pertaining to that course. A grade 'R' will be awarded irrespective as to whether the student had or had not sat for the examination.

Laboratory Work/Practical, Engineering Practice and Industrial Training

Programmes in the School of Engineering place a great emphasis on laboratory work/practical. Laboratory work/practical is an important and essential aspect in most courses. There are also courses that the assessment is based on 100% works in laboratory work/practical. It aims to provide students with a better understanding of the subject matter delivered through lectures.

Students are required to submit laboratory/practical reports which are part of the course work assessment for courses delivered through lectures and the laboratory/practical component only. Attendance is compulsory for all levels of study and students may be barred from taking the written examination if their attendance is unsatisfactory.

Apart from attending classes (lectures and laboratory/practical), students must also undergo the Engineering Practice Course and Industrial Training.

General Objectives of Engineering Practice

- (a) To expose to the students about the importance and the link between the theoretical and practical aspects of engineering, and to familiarise them with the environment/theoretical situations in use, available resources and their scarcity so that the academic aspects of a course can be understood better and used more effectively.
- (b) To raise awareness of the environment/industrial situations, practices, resources and their scarcity. Therefore, students will have the opportunity to equip themselves to face future challenges in their academic studies as well as in their future training.

The Engineering Practice will be conducted in the following manner:

The training will be conducted on and off campus. There are two levels which are compulsory for all engineering students:

(i) Engineering Practice Course

The Engineering Practice Course is a basic training course on mechanical, manufacturing and electrical engineering. The training includes engineering workshops, introduction to manufacturing processes and electrical circuit. Engineering students will also be exposed to methods of engineering planning and project implementation. The duration of the

training is 14 weeks and during this period, students will be supervised by the academic staff on duty.

(ii) Industrial Training

This course is conducted over 10 weeks during the long break after Semester II at level 300. Students are exposed to the actual operations of industries, locally and abroad. It is hoped that students will be able to learn and experience useful knowledge and skills while undergoing training as they have already taken the Engineering Practice Course.

It is hoped that the training will provide students with a good foundation in engineering. This is a 5-unit course and students will be awarded a Pass/Fail grade upon completion.

2.0 SCHOOL OF MATERIALS AND MINERAL RESOURCES ENGINEERING **(<http://material.eng.usm.my/>)**

2.1 INTRODUCTION

The School of Materials and Mineral Resources Engineering (SMMRE) started its program since 1984 in Universiti Sains Malaysia (USM), Penang under the School of Industrial Technology and Engineering Sciences. With the advancement of technology and market demand for skilled engineers in the country, USM took the initiative to fulfill the requirement by having its own engineering school separated from other disciplines of applied sciences.

In March 1986, the engineering disciplines under the School of Industrial Technology were separated to form their own schools, which include the formation of the School of Materials and Mineral Resources Engineering. USM had then housed the new campus at Ipoh before moving to Seri Iskandar, Perak. However, after a lapsed of 15 years, in May 2001, the campus was moved to the new site situated at Nibong Tebal, Seberang Perai Selatan, Penang.

Compared to other schools or faculty in other Institutes of Higher Learning in Malaysia, the School of Materials and Mineral Resources Engineering is unique because it offers three programs, these are Materials Engineering, Mineral Resources Engineering and Polymer Engineering at bachelor degree (honours) level for each programme.

Polymer Engineering program is the latest addition to the school that commenced in April 2002. The program is an upgrading of Polymer Technology program that was originally under the School of Industrial Technology in USM Penang.

In general, the three programs include specialization as follows:

- (i) The Material Engineering emphasizes on materials such as metal, ceramic, composite, polymer and semiconductor and electronic materials. These involve design and production of materials, quality control and the materials properties.
- (ii) Mineral Resources Engineering focuses on areas of mining, processing and management of mineral resources and the environment.
- (iii) Polymer Engineering focuses on polymeric materials such as plastics, rubber, latex and composites. These involve synthesis, processing, design and production of polymer products, quality control and the properties of polymers.

A minimum of four years or 8 semesters are required to complete for each of the program. Graduates who have completed the program of study successfully will be awarded B. Eng (Honours) (Materials Engineering), B. Eng (Honours) (Mineral Resources Engineering) or B. Eng (Honours) (Polymer Engineering) accordingly, which is recognized locally and internationally.

2.2 OBJECTIVE AND PHILOSOPHY

In principal, Universiti Sains Malaysia, upholds the mission among which to build a greater understanding and strive to provide quality education as well as efficient and professional services through vast knowledge, innovation and latest expertise while upholding common ethical values.

With that, SMMRE through its three programmes have one similar objective that is to produce materials, mineral resources and polymer engineers that are professionally qualified, knowledgeable and matured, highly skilled, capable and able to compete at national and international level and giving ideas and solution towards engineering crisis through analytic, innovative and proactive thinking. With these philosophies, SMMRE programmes curriculum have been design to fulfill the government aspiration towards vision 2020, industrial needs and at par with the growth of world globalization technology. Therefore, the existing curriculum is moulded with the following quality:

- Recognized by professional bodies including Board of Engineers Malaysia (BEM) and Institution of Engineers Malaysia (IEM).
- Balanced integration of teaching based on theory with practical.
- Global in identifying various specializations in tandem with the needs and development of local and international market.
- To develop and generate graduates with knowledge, ethics, quality, skill, innovative and committed.

Vision of SMMRE

To be an established and respectable world class academic and research school of excellence based on current technology.

Mission of SMMRE

To be globally recognized as a dynamic engineering school that produces creative, innovative and resourceful intellectuals with an ethos towards life-long learning that will contribute towards the creation of knowledge based society.

2.3 MAIN ADMINISTRATIVE STAFFS



**Professor Dr. Zuhailawati
Hussain**
Dean



Professor Ir. Dr. Mariatti Jaafar
(Deputy Dean-
Academic, Student Affairs & Alumni)



Prof. Dr. Khairunisak Abdul Razak
(Deputy Dean-Research, Graduate Studies &
Networking)



**Prof. Dr. Nurulakmal
Mohd Sharif**
(Programme Chairman -
Materials Eng.)



**Dr. Mohd Hazizan
Mohd Hashim**
(Programme Chairman -
Mineral Resources Eng.)



**Prof. Dr. Zulkifli
Ahmad**
(Programme Chairman -
Polymer Eng.)



**Prof. Dr. Azura
A.Rashid**
(Programme Chairman -
OBE & Business Unit)



Mr. Md. Kamal Shari Pinansa
Senior Assistant Registrar



Mr. Mohd Hafiz Ali Bin Mohd Anuar
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Khairul Anuar b. Shariff, Dr.
Ku Marsilla bt. Ku Ishak
Mohd Hazizan b. Mohd Hashim
Muhammad Khalil Bin Abdullah @ Harun, Dr
Norazharuddin Shah b. Abdullah, Dr.
Nurazreena bt. Ahmad, Dr.
Raa Khimi b. Shuib, Dr
Shah Rizal b. Kasim, Dr.
Sheikh Abdul Rezan b. Sheikh Abdul Hamid, Dr.
Sivakumar a/l Ramakrishnan, Dr.
Suhaina bt. Ismail, Dr.
Syazana bt. Ahmad Zubir
Teuku Andika R Putra, Dr.
Tuti Katrina Abdullah, Dr.
Yanny Marlina Binti Baba Ismail, Dr
Zuratul Ain bt. Abdul Hamid, Dr.

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2.5 EXTERNAL EXAMINERS

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Mineral Resources Engineering

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Laboratory of Environmental Geology,
Research Group of Geoenvironmental Engineering
Division of Solid Waste, Resources and Geoenviron. Eng.
Faculty of Engineering
Hokkaido University, Japan

Polymer Engineering

Professor Greg Qiao
Department of Chemical & Biomolecular Engineering
Parkville
University of Melbourne
Australia

2.6 INDUSTRY ADVISORY PANEL (IAP)

Materials Engineering

Mr. Amran Md. Amin
Technical & Quality Assurance
Kim Hin Ceramic (Seremban) Sdn Bhd

Mr. Fakhrozi Che Ani
Senior Advanced Technology Engineer (Asia Region)
Engineering & Technology Services, Jabil Circuit
Pulau Pinang

Mdm. Michelle Lau Chui Chui
General Manager
MACH3 Engineering Sdn. Bhd.

Mr. Najmuddin Mohamad
Plant Manager
Honda Malaysia Sdn Bhd

Mr. Mohd Zulkefle Md Said
Package Manager (Project Management)
SBM Offshore

Mineral Resources Engineering

Mr. Hisamuddin Bin Termidi
Deputy Director (Mining & Quarry)
Minerals and Geoscience Department, Ipoh, Perak

Nurhisyam Bin Abdul Manaf
Mining & Operations Manager
Zoloto Sdn Bhd

Ir. Muhamad Asri Mahyuddin
Managing Director
Bizworth Sdn.Bhd.

Ir. Dr. Selamat Bin Aliman
Consulting Engineer and Environmental Consultants
SBA Consultans

Mr. Zaidi Harun
Director
Selinsing Mining Sdn Bhd

Polymer Engineering

Y. Mulia Raja Ismail Raja Daud
Senior Operation Manager
M-POL Precision Product Sdn. Bhd.

Mr. Ishak Zainal Abidin
Head (Application Specialist O&D, Innovation & Technology Department),
Petronas Chemicals Group Berhad (PCG)

Dr. Pun Meng Yan
Asst General Manager, R&D
Texchem Polymers Sdn. Bhd.

2.7 LABORATORY FACILITIES

The School is equipped with modern equipments for its undergraduate and postgraduate programmes and for research purposes. To date, there are 36 laboratories equipped with, among others, included:

- [1] Scanning Electron Microscope (SEM) & Energy Dispersive X-Ray (EDX)
- [2] Field Emission Electron Microscope (VPFESEM) & Energy Dispersive X-Ray (EDX)
- [3] X-Ray Diffractometer (XRD)
- [4] X-Ray Fluorescence Spectrometer (XRF)
- [5] Servohydraulic Testing Machine
- [6] Spray Forming Machine
- [7] Particle Size Analyser
- [8] Microhardness Tester
- [9] Magnetic Separator
- [10] Ultrafine Grinding Machine
- [11] Furnaces
- [12] Hot Press
- [13] Plastic Injection Molding Machine
- [14] Rubber Injection Molding Machine
- [15] Hot & Cold Isostatic Press
- [16] Twin Screw Extruder
- [17] Internal Mixer
- [18] Crusher & Grinder
- [19] Autoclave Reactor
- [20] Potentiostat
- [21] Semiconductor Parametric Analyser
- [22] Scanning Probe Microscope
- [23] Corrosion Tester
- [24] Optical Microscopes
- [25] Dynamic Mechanical Analyser (DMA)
- [26] Differential Thermal Analysis (DTA) & Thermogravity Analyser (TGA)
- [27] UV-VIS Spectrometer
- [28] Atomic Absorbtion Spectrometer (AAS)
- [29] Fourier Transform Infrared Analyser (FTIR)
- [30] Surface Area Analyser
- [31] Density Meter
- [32] Rheometer
- [33] Single Screw Extruder
- [34] Energy Dispersive X-Ray Fluorescence (EDXRF)
- [35] Semiconductor Parametric Analyser (SPM, AFM, STM)
- [36] Differential Scanning Calorimeter (DSC)
- [37] 500kN Dymanic Universal Testing Machine (UTM)
- [38] Nano Particle Size Analyser
- [39] Zeta Potential Analyser

- [40] Benchtop X-Ray Diffraction (XRD)
- [41] Atomic Absorption Spectrometer (AAS + Graphite Furnace)
- [42] Inductively Coupled Plasma Optical / Atomic Emission Spectroscopy (ICP-OES)
- [43] Pultrusion
- [44] Twin Screw Extruder
- [45] Auto Dilute Viscometer
- [46] Differential Thermal Analyser (DTA)

Apart from the above, the school has a range of support equipments including well equipped workshop. These equipments are operated by trained and knowledgeable technical staff.

2.8 JOB OPPORTUNITIES

Graduates of B. Eng (Hons) in Materials, Mineral Resources and Polymer Engineering have good job prospect especially with the growth of IT and that the curriculum has been geared to the industrial needs and organizations such as manufacturing and process industry, design industry, quarry, mining, research, consultancy, institute of higher learning, training centres and government agencies.

Career opportunities for Materials and Polymer Engineering include process engineer, maintenance engineer, site engineer, site manager, design engineer, plant engineer, control engineer, researcher and others. As for Mineral Resources Engineering the graduate may be employed as mining engineer, mineral processing engineer, quarry engineer, blasting engineer, plant engineer, mine or quarry manager, drilling engineer and production engineer in oil companies, research engineer and others.

2.9 POSTGRADUATE STUDIES AND RESEARCH

SMMRE also offers opportunities for postgraduate study for locals and foreign graduates who wish to further their studies at higher level. Therefore, SMMRE offers M. Sc and Ph. D programmes through research mode for all the three programmes and M. Sc programmes through mix-mode (for Materials Engineering).

Areas of research offered through research mode are (amongst others):

- [1] Traditional Ceramic and Advanced Ceramics
- [2] Physical Mechanical and Applied Metallurgy
- [3] Extractive Metallurgy
- [4] Glass and Glass Ceramic
- [5] Composite (ceramic, metal and polymer)
- [6] Semiconductor Material and Electronic Material
- [7] Metal Coatings

- [8] Mining
- [9] Blasting
- [10] Geochemistry
- [11] Exploration
- [12] Environment and Pollution Control
- [13] Material Processing
- [14] Plastic
- [15] Rubber and Latex
- [16] Polymer Alloy and Mixture
- [17] Polymer Composite
- [18] Biomaterials

The Institute of Postgraduate studies of USM has the following entry requirements in considering application by candidates:

- (1) Candidates for master's programme must attain at least CGPA of 2.75 or related qualification, which are recognized by the University's Senate and Ministry of Higher Learning or Public Services Department.
- (2) For candidates having lower qualification, the application may also be considered through working experiences or vast research background in related area and endorsed by the School Board of SMMRE.

2.10 PROGRAMME FOR BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING (HONOURS) (MATERIALS ENGINEERING)

PROGRAMME OBJECTIVES

- 1) PEO1- Employable graduates with the knowledge and competency in Materials Engineering related fields
- 2) PEO2 - Graduates having good leadership and soft skills with the right attitudes and ethics
- 3) PEO3 - Graduates who possess interest in research and/or lifelong learning

PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

PO No	Programme Outcomes
PO1	Graduates able to apply the knowledge of mathematics, natural science, engineering fundamentals and engineering specialization related to the practice of Materials engineering and solve complex engineering problems
PO2	Graduates have the ability to identify, formulate, conduct research literature and analyze complex engineering problems using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences and engineering sciences
PO3	Graduates have the ability to design solution for complex engineering problems and design systems, components or processes that meet specified needs for public health and safety, cultural, societal, and environmental considerations
PO4	Graduates have the ability to conduct an investigation of complex problems related to Materials engineering using research based knowledge and research methods to provide valid conclusions
PO5	Graduates have the ability to select and apply appropriate techniques, resources and modern engineering and IT tools, to complex engineering problems with an understanding of the limitations
PO6	Graduates have the ability to reason using contextual knowledge in assessing societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues, relevant to professional Materials engineering practice and solutions to complex engineering problems
PO7	Graduates have the ability to understand and evaluate the sustainability, and impact of professional engineering work in the

	solution of complex engineering problems in society and the environment context
PO8	Graduates have the ability to apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities, and norms of Materials engineering practice
PO9	Graduates have the ability to communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large
PO10	Graduates have the ability to function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams and in multi-disciplinary settings
PO11	Graduates recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change
PO12	Graduates can demonstrate knowledge and understanding of engineering management principles and economic decision- making, and apply them to manage projects in multidisciplinary environments

2.10.1 CURRICULUM FOR BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING (HONOURS) MATERIALS ENGINEERING

COURSE TYPE		LEVEL 100				LEVEL 200				LEVEL 300				EBB 350 10 Week INDUSTRIAL TRAINING	LEVEL 400				Total Unit
		SEMESTER 1		SEMESTER 2		SEMESTER 1		SEMESTER 2		SEMESTER 1		SEMESTER 2			SEMESTER 1		SEMESTER 2		
C O R E	Code & Course	Unit	Code & Course	Unit	Code & Course	Unit	Code & Course	Unit	Code & Course	Unit	Code & Course	Unit	Code & Course	Unit	Code & Course	Unit	Code & Course	Unit	108
	EUM 113 Engineering Calculus	3	EUM 114 Advanced Engineering Calculus	3	EUP 222 Engineers In Society	3	EBB 204 Materials Characterisation Laboratory	2	EBB 325 Microscopy Laboratory	2	EBB 316 Corrosion & Degradation	3	EBB 408 Materials Selection & Design	4	EBB 442 Quality Control & Management	3			
	EBP 105 Introduction to Statics and Dynamics	3	EEU 104 Electrical Technology	3	EBB 202 Crystallography & Bonding In Solids	3	EBB 215 Semiconductor Materials	3	EBB 344 Mechanical Metallurgy	3	EBB 307 Failure Analysis & Non Destructive Testing	3	EBB 441 Applied Metallurgy	4	EBB 407 Research Project	5			
	EBB 113 Engineering Materials	3	EBB 160 Physical Chemistry of Engineering Materials	3	EBB 250 Computer Methods for Engineer	2	EBB 220 Engineering Polymers	3	EBB 332 Whiteware & Glasses	4	EBB 337 Advanced Materials & Composites	3	EBB 443 Technical Ceramics	3					
	EBS 110 Engineering Drawing	2	EAS 152 Strength of Materials	3	EBB 236 Materials Thermodynamics	3	EBB 225 Physical Metallurgy	3	EBB 343 Engineering Materials Characterisation	3	EBB 317 Materials Processing Laboratory	2	EBB 407 Research Project	1					
	EBB 155 Engineering Materials Introduction Laboratory	2	EML 101 Engineering Practice	2	EBB 201 Engineering Economy and Management	3	EBB 212 Raw Materials & Structural Ceramics	3	EBB 300 Engineering Statistic	2	EBB 323 Pyrometallurgy	3							
		13	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	5	12	8							
U N I V R E Q	Bahasa Malaysia/Optic 2 English/Option 4 Co-curriculum/Option 3 Islamic & Asia Civilisat 2 Ethnic Relations 2 Entrepreneurship 2																		15
E L E C T I V E									EBS 238 Fluid Mechanics	3	EBB 339 Nano materials	3	EBB 427 Technology & Application of Engineering Polymer	3	EBB 425 Design & Development of Ceramic Products	3	12		
									EBB 323 Semiconductor Fabrication Technology	3	EBB 338 Process Control	3	EBB 424 Semiconductor Devices & Opto Electronics	3					
										EBB 333 Transport Processes	3	EBB309 Fluid Power & Turbo Machinery	3	EBB 428 Occupational Safety & Health	3				
TOTAL UNIT FOR GRADUATION																			135

2.10.2 CURRICULUM

LEVEL 100

Semester I			Credit		
			Total	Lecture	Lab
EUM	113/3	Engineering Calculus	3	3	0
EMM	101/3	Engineering Mechanics	3	3	0
EBB	113/3	Engineering Materials	3	3	0
EBS	110/2	Engineering Drawing	2	0	2
EBB	155/2	Engineering Materials Introduction Laboratory	2	0	2
			-----	-----	-----
			13	9	4
			-----	-----	-----
University Requirement					
LMT	100/2	English Language	2	2	0
SEMESTER BREAK					
Semester II			Credit		
			Total	Lecture	Lab
EBB	160/3	Physical Chemistry of Eng. Materials	3	3	0
EAS	152/3	Strength of Materials	3	3	0
EUM	114/3	Advanced Engineering Calculus	3	3	0
EEU	104/3	Electrical Technology	3	3	0
EML	101/2	Engineering Practice	2	0	2
			-----	-----	-----
			14	12	2
			-----	-----	-----
University Requirement					
LKM	400/2	Bahasa Malaysia	2	2	0
WUS	101/2	Keusahawanan	2	2	0
SESSION BREAK					

LEVEL 200

Semester I			Credit		
			Total	Lecture	Lab
EBB	202/3	Crystallography & Bonding In Solids	3	3	0
EBB	250/2	Computer Methods for Engineers	2	0	2
EBB	236/3	Materials Thermodynamics	3	3	0
EUP	222/3	Engineers In Society	3	3	0
EBB	201/3	Engineering Economy and Management	3	3	0
			-----	-----	-----
			14	12	2
			-----	-----	-----
University Requirement					
LSP	300/2	English Language	2	2	0
LSP	404/2	Technical and Engineering English	2	2	0
SEMESTER BREAK					
Semester II			Credit		
			Total	Lecture	Lab
EBB	204/2	Materials Characterization Lab.	2	0	2
EBB	212/3	Raw Materials and Structural Ceramics	3	3	0
EBB	215/3	Semiconductor Materials	3	3	0
EBB	220/3	Engineering Polymers	3	3	0
EBB	225/3	Physical Metallurgy	3	3	0
			-----	-----	-----
			14	12	2
			-----	-----	-----
University Requirement					
HTU	223/2	Islamic & Asia Civilization	2	2	0
SHE	100/2	Ethnic Relationship	2	2	0
SESSION BREAK					

LEVEL 300

Semester I			Credit		
			Total	Lecture	Lab
EBB	325/2	Microscopy Laboratory	2	0	2
EBB	332/4	Whiteware & Glasses	4	4	0
EBB	343/3	Eng. Materials Characterization	3	3	0
EBB	344/3	Mechanical Metallurgy	3	3	0
EBB	300/2	Eng. Statistic	2	2	0
			-----	-----	-----
			14	12	2
			-----	-----	-----
Electives					
EBB	333/3	Transport Processes	3	3	0
EBB	323/3	Semiconductor Fabrication Technology	3	3	0
EBS	238/3	Fluid Mechanics	3	3	0
SEMESTER BREAK					
Semester II			Credit		
			Total	Lecture	Lab
EBB	316/3	Corrosion & Degradation	3	3	0
EBB	317/2	Materials Processing Laboratory	2	0	2
EBB	337/3	Advanced Materials & Composites	3	3	0
EBB	307/3	Failure Analysis & Non Destructive Testing	3	3	0
EBS	323/3	Pyrometallurgy	3	3	0
			-----	-----	-----
			14	12	2
			-----	-----	-----
Electives					
EBS	339/3	Nanomaterials	3	3	0
EBB	338/3	Process Control	3	3	0
EBB	349/3	Fluid Power & Turbo Machinery	3	3	0
SESSION BREAK - EBB 350/5 Industrial Training					

LEVEL 400

Semester I			Credit		
			Total	Lecture	Lab
EBB	408/4	Materials Selection & Design	4	4	0
EBB	441/4	Applied Metallurgy	4	4	0
EBB	443/3	Technical Ceramics	3	3	0
EBB	407/1	Final Year Research Project	1	0	1
			-----	-----	-----
			12	11	1
			-----	-----	-----
Electives					
EBB	424/3	Semiconductor Devices & Opto Electronics	3	3	0
EBB	428/3	Occupational Safety & Health	3	3	0
EBB	427/3	Technology & Application of Engineering Polymer	3	3	0
SEMESTER BREAK					
Semester II			Credit		
			Total	Lecture	Lab
EBB	407/5	Final Year Research Project	5	0	5
EBB	442/3	Quality Control and Management	3	3	0
			-----	-----	-----
			8	3	5
			-----	-----	-----
Electives					
EBB	425/3	Design & Development of Ceramic Products	3	3	0
SESSION BREAK					

2.10.3 COURSE PROGRAMME OUTCOME MATRIX (MATERIALS ENGINEERING)

Level	No.	Code		Course	Programme Outcomes Attainment											
		Sem I	Sem II		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
UNIVERSITY REQUIREMENT																
UNIVERSITI	1		LKM 400/2	Bahasa Malaysia IV	/					/						
	2		HTU 211/2	Islamic & Asia Civilisations	/					/			/			
	3		SHE 101/2	Ethnic Relations	/	/						/	/	/		
	4		WUS 101/2	Entrepreneurship	/	/							/	/		/
	5	LSP 300/2		Academic English	/								/			
	6	LSP 404/2		Technical and Engineering English	/								/			
CORE																
100	7	EBB 113/3		Engineering Materials	/	/										
	8	EBP 105/3		Introduction to Statics and Dynamics	/	/										
	9	EUM 113/3		Engineering Calculus	/	/										
	10	EBS 110/2		Engineering Drawing	/	/			/							
	11	EBB 155/2		Engineering Materials Introduction Laboratory	/			/	/				/	/		
	12		EUM 114/3	Advanced Engineering Calculus	/	/										
	13		EEU 104/3	Electrical Technology	/											
	14		EAS 152/3	Strength of Materials	/	/										
	15		EML 101/2	Engineering Practice	/		/		/	/		/		/		
	16		EBB 160/3	Physical Chemistry of Engineering Materials	/	/										
200	17	EBB 202/3		Crystallography and Bonding in Solids	/	/										
	18	EBB 236/3		Materials Thermodynamics	/	/										
	19	EUP 222/3		Engineers In Society	/					/		/				/
	20	EBB 201/3		Engineering Economy and Management	/					/						/
	21	EBB 250/2		Computer Methods for Engineers	/	/	/		/							
	22		EBB 204/2	Materials Characterisation Laboratory	/			/	/				/	/		
	23		EBB 212/3	Raw Materials and Structural Ceramics	/	/										
	24		EBB 215/3	Semiconductor Materials	/	/										
	25		EBB 220/3	Engineering Polymers	/	/					/					
	26		EBB 225/3	Physical Metallurgy	/	/										
300	27	EBB 325/2		Microscopy Laboratory	/	/		/	/				/	/		
	28	EBB 332/4		Whiteware and Glasses	/	/					/		/	/		
	29	EBB 343/3		Engineering Materials Characterisation	/	/	/									
	30	EBB 344/4		Mechanical Metallurgy	/	/										
	31	EBB 300/2		Engineering Statistic	/	/			/							
	32		EBB 307/3	Failure Analysis and Non-Destructive Testing	/	/		/	/				/	/		
	33		EBB 316/3	Corrosion and Degradation	/	/										
	34		EBB 317/2	Materials Processing Laboratory	/	/	/	/	/				/	/	/	
	35		EBB 337/3	Advanced Materials and Composites	/	/										
	36	EBB 350/5	EBB 350/5	Industrial Training (Materials Engineering)	/	/				/		/	/	/	/	
400	37		EBS 323/3	Pyrometallurgy	/	/										
	38	EBB 408/4		Materials Selection and Design	/	/	/		/		/		/	/	/	/
	39	EBB 441/4		Applied Metallurgy	/	/	/					/	/			
	40	EBB 443/3		Technical Ceramics	/	/										

	41	EBB 407/6	EBB 407/6	Research Project (Materials)	/	/	/	/	/			/	/		/	/
	42		EBB 442/3	Quality Control and Management	/	/										
Percentage of Core Courses on PO (%)					100	83.3	22.2	16.7	30.6	11.1	8.3	11.1	27.8	27.8	11.1	11.1
ELECTIVE																
300	43	EBB 323/3		Semiconductor Fabrication Technology	/	/										
	44	EBS 238/3		Fluid Mechanics	/	/										
	45	EBB 333/3		Transport Processes	/	/										
	46		EBB 339/3	Nanomaterials	/	/					/					
	47		EBB 338/3	Process Control	/	/										
	48		EBB 349/3	Fluid Power and Turbo Machinery	/											
400	49	EBB 427/3		Technology and Application of Engineering Polymers	/	/					/					
	50	EBB 424/3		Semiconductor Devices and Optoelectronics	/	/										
	51	EBB 428/3		Occupational Safety and Health	/					/						
	52		EBB 425/3	Design and Development of Ceramic Products	/	/	/	/					/	/		

Legend:

1	Engineering Knowledge : Graduates able to apply the knowledge of mathematics, natural science, engineering fundamentals and engineering specialization related to the practice of Materials engineering and solve complex engineering problems
2	Problem Analysis : Graduates have the ability to identify, formulate, conduct research literature and analyze complex engineering problems using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences and engineering sciences
3	Design / Development of Solutions : Graduates have the ability to design solution for complex engineering problems and design systems, components or processes that meet specified needs for public health and safety, cultural, societal, and environmental considerations
4	Investigation and Made Conclusion : Graduates have the ability to conduct investigation of complex problems related to Materials/Mineral Resources/Polymer engineering using research based knowledge and research methods to provide valid conclusions
5	Modern Tool Usage : Graduates have the ability to select and apply appropriate techniques, resources and modern engineering and IT tools, to complex engineering problems with an understanding of the limitations
6	The Engineer and Society : Graduates have the ability to reason using contextual knowledge in assessing societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues, relevant to professional Materials/Mineral Resources/Polymer engineering practice and solutions to complex engineering problems
7	Environment and Sustainability : Graduates have the ability to understand and evaluate the sustainability, and impact of professional engineering work in the solution of complex engineering problems in society and the environment context
8	Ethics : Graduates have the ability to apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities, and norms of Materials/Mineral Resources/Polymer engineering practice
9	Communication : Graduates have the ability to communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large
10	Individual and Team Work : Graduates have the ability to function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams and in multi-disciplinary settings
11	Lifelong Learning : Graduates recognise the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change
12	Project Management and Finance : Graduate can demonstrate knowledge and understanding of engineering management principles and economic decision-making, and apply them to manage projects in multidisciplinary environments

2.10.4 COURSE DESCRIPTION

EUM 113 Engineering Calculus

Objectives: This course reviews the concept of one and multivariable calculus and covers the concept of ordinary differential equation. This course will provide students with a variety of engineering examples and applications based on the above topics.

Synopsis: Calculus of one variable:
Functions, techniques for solving differentiation and integration, sequence and series, numerical solutions for solving differentiation and integration.

Calculus of multivariable:
Scalar and vector fields, partial differentiation, chain rule, gradient, directional derivative, Lagrange multiplier.

Multiple integral:
Double and triple integrals and their applications.

First order ordinary differential equation:
Solving differential equations: separable equations, homogenous and non-homogenous equations, linear and non-linear equations, exact and non-exact equations, Bernoulli equation and Riccati equation.

Second and higher order ordinary differential equation:
Linear and homogeneous equations, non-homogeneous equations with method of undetermined coefficients, variation of parameters, reduction of order, D-operator, power series and Euler's equation.

Laplace transform:
Definition and basic properties, step function, Direct Delta, Heaviside function, Laplace transform method for solving ODE.

Numerical solutions:
Taylor, Euler and Runge Kutta methods for solving ODE.

EMM 101/3 – Engineering Mechanics

Objective: To provide students with the fundamental concepts and principles of rigid bodies in statics and dynamics equilibrium.

Synopsis: This course is an introduction to the mechanics of rigid bodies. It is divided into two areas: Statics and Dynamics. In Statics, the student will learn the fundamental concepts and principles of rigid bodies in static equilibrium. In Dynamics, the student will learn the fundamental

concepts and principles of the accelerated motion of a body (a particle). Consideration is given on the fundamental of mechanics and structure analysis, including concepts of free body diagram as well as force, moment, couples, kinematic of motion, momentum, impulse, conservation of energy and equilibrium analyses in two and three dimensions.

EBB 113/3 - Engineering Materials

Objective: Students are expected to acquire the fundamental knowledge on engineering materials especially on the classification of materials, properties and applications.

Synopsis: The course is an introductory course on engineering materials which is divided into two main parts. The first part includes the classifications of engineering materials that determine their applicability, the structure of the materials explained by bonding scheme of different materials, the structure of crystalline solids and introduction to imperfection in solids and diffusion mechanism. The first part also includes the introduction of phase diagram. The second part covers the behaviors and characteristics of engineering materials including mechanical and electrical properties. In general, this introductory materials science and engineering course deals with the different material types (i.e., metals, ceramics, polymers, composites), as well as the various kinds of properties exhibited by these materials (i.e., mechanical, electrical, magnetic, etc.) which intended to equip the students with necessary knowledge on material science and engineering.

EBB 155/2 - Engineering Materials Introduction Laboratory

Objective: To give exposure of practical works that related to the basic principles of material science.

Synopsis: The course is an introductory course on experimental method related to the basic principles of materials. It consists of ten set of different experiments which the student has to carry out with the assistance of lecturer and technical staff. Students are divided into small group and hands-on experiments are performed. Students are required to record, measure, calculate the result and finally write and submit a report at the end of each session. Each experiment covers various aspects of materials (i.e. metal, ceramics polymers and composites). Safety aspects and regulations on conducting scientific experiments are also briefed and taught.

EBS 110/2 - Engineering Drawing

Objective: To give basic knowledge in drawing concept applicable to engineering.

Synopsis: This course emphasizes on basic engineering design and drawings through manual method and by using CAD software. It covers basic methodology for traditional and concurrent design as well as basic engineering graphic principles such as drawing size, line styles, texts, conventional symbols, orthographic and isometric projection, multi-view drawings, dimensioning, section, part list and assembly and production drawings as well as standards in engineering drawing.

EBB 160/3 - Physical Chemistry of Engineering Materials

Objective: Students are expected to be able to understand the basic concept of thermodynamics, kinetics and electrochemistry.

Synopsis: This course covers topics on introduction to thermodynamics, kinetics and electrochemistry. The concepts of mass and energy conservation (1st law) and reversibility (2nd law) applied to closed and open (control volume) systems. Thermochemistry, stoichiometry, chemical equilibrium, reaction kinetics. Relations between state functions and their derivatives. Total differentials, partial differentials and their meaning. Introductory description of thermodynamic energy functions (U, H, A and G), departure functions and thermodynamic reference states. Kinetics of reaction-effects of reactant and product concentration, determination order of reaction, effect of temperature on reaction kinetics, activation energy, catalysis. Electrolytes, conductance, electrode potentials, Galvanic cell, determination of emf electrode potential, thermodynamics of electrochemical cell, Nernst equation, Electrolysis, Faraday's Law.

EAS 152/3 - Strength of Materials

Objective: To equip students with basic knowledge about fundamental principles that governs the strength and stiffness of deformable bodies.

Synopsis: Tension, compression and shear, Axially loaded bars, Torsionally loaded circular bars, Laterally loaded beams, Deflection, Stress and strain analysis, Columns.

EUM 114 Advanced Engineering Calculus

Objectives: This course covers the concepts of linear algebra, Fourier series, partial differential equation and vector calculus. This course will provide students with a variety of engineering examples and applications based on the above topics.

Synopsis: Linear algebra:
Determinants, inverse matrix, Cramer's rule, Gauss elimination, LU (Doolittle and Crout), eigen value and vector eigen, system of linear equation, numerical method for solving linear equation: Gauss Seidel and Jacobian.

Fourier series:
Dirichlet condition, Fourier series expansion, function defined over a finite interval, half-range cosine and sine series.

Vector Calculus:
Introduction to vectors, vector differentiation, vector integration: line, surface and volume, Green's, Stoke's and Gauss Div theorems.

Partial differential equation:
Method for solving the first and second order PDE, linear and non linear PDE, wave, heat and Laplace equations.

EEU104/3 – Electrical Technology

Objective: To study characteristics of various elements of electrical engineering and analyze the electrical circuits and magnetic devices.

Synopsis: **Units, Definitions, Experimental Laws and Simple Circuits**
System of units, charge, current, voltage, and power types of circuits and elements. Ohm's law, Kirchhoff's laws, analysis of a single-loop current, single node-pair circuit, resistance and source combination, voltage and current division.

Circuit Analysis Techniques
Nodal and mesh analyses, linearity and superposition, source transformations, Thevenin's and Norton's theorems.

Inductance and Capacitance
The V-I relations for inductor and capacitor, inductor and capacitor combinations, duality, linearity and its consequences.

Source-free Transient Response of R-L and R-C Circuits

Simple R-L and R-C circuits, exponential response of source free R-L, R-C circuits.

Response to Unit Step Forcing Function

Response of R-L and R_C circuits to unit step forcing functions.

Response to Sinusoidal Forcing Function

Characteristic of sinusoidal forcing functions, response of R-L and R-C circuits to sinusoidal forcing functions.

Phasor Concept

The complex forcing function, the phasor, phasor relationships for R, L and C, impedance and admittance

Average Power and RMS Values

Instantaneous power, average power, effective values of current and voltage, apparent power and power factor, complex power.

Power System Circuits

An overview of single and three phase systems, wye and delta configurations of three circuits, wye and delta transformations, and power calculations in three phase systems.

Magnetic Circuits and Devices

Concept and laws of magnetism and analysis of transformers. Introduction to electromechanical energy conversion, operation of machines as generators and motors, power loss, efficiency and operations at maximum efficiency.

EML 101/2 – Engineering Practice

Objective: To provide the exposure and basic knowledge of hands-on engineering practices that includes the academic aspects as well as practical trainings in learning and teaching of common engineering workshop works and also to optimize the use of available resources in the laboratory.

Synopsis: Trainings are based on theoretical and practical concepts which consists of manufacturing process; computer numerical control (CNC), lathe, mill and thread machining, joint process, arc welding, gas welding and MIG welding, metrology measurement, electric and electronic circuits, and safety practice in laboratory and workshop.

EBB 202/3 - Crystallography and Bonding in Solids

Objective: To learn the basic symmetry in crystals and the development of space groups - characterization of crystal symmetry. Bonds in solids, atom and molecule structure and the application of X-ray diffraction are also touched.

Synopsis: The subject discuss about crystal symmetry including point and space group symmetry presented and explained through stereographic projection and crystal models. Bonding in Solids covers atomic models and the general wave equation, Schrödinger equation for quantum number (electronic level of electrons), and types of bonding in solids and its contribution / correlation with materials properties. The principle and application of X-Ray diffraction techniques for the characterization of crystal materials.

EBB 250/2 - Computer Methods for Engineers

Objective: To give exposure about several vital computer techniques in engineering - Visual Basic, Excel, SolidWorks.

Synopsis: The course covers the basic of programming related to engineering environment. Visual Basic has been chosen as programming language because of its easy to implement and its object oriented methods. Students are also introduced to various concepts of programming logics, types of data, decision making, procedural and advanced database object. Basic fundamental on MySQL technique of implementation and data linking are also covered. This course also introduces SolidWorks software as a 3-D design tool. Covers creation, retrieval and modification of 3-D and layout drawings using basic SolidWorks commands which includes skills needed to create parametric models of parts and assemblies; generate dimensioned layouts.

EBB 236/3 - Materials Thermodynamic

Objective: To learn thermodynamics concept and its application to material systems.

Synopsis: This course will cover the basic knowledge, comprehension and application of law of thermodynamic to understand the relationship between the properties that matter exhibits as it changes its condition. The first part includes review of thermodynamic concept, statistic thermodynamic and solution. The second part covers the phase equilibrium, thermodynamic of phase diagram, crystal defect, phase transformation unary and heterogeneous system, solution, phase

equilibrium, surface and interface, defects in crystal, phase transformation and energy of interfaces.

EUP 222/3 - Engineers in Society

Objective: To provide knowledge on ethics, management, law and financial accounting related to engineering industry and the related framework necessary for the effective conduct to the society and industry.

Synopsis: This course provides exposure to students the fundamentals principles of engineering ethics such as code of engineering ethics and the responsibility of a professional engineer, basic law covering introduction to Malaysian Laws, engineering accounts and basic introduction to management theory.

EBB 201/3 – Engineering Economy and Management

Objective : To introduce students to the engineering management technology and principle, and how to apply the knowledge in engineering project management. The focus is on developing students' ability to make critical decision related to the assigned job and other engineering project management activities based on the engineering management technology and principle. Students will also be trained to apply the knowledge of engineering economy into the planning, execution and evaluation of any engineering projects.

Synopsis : The course is on management and engineering economy focusing on their relevance in Materials Engineering. The course is divided into two parts: (i) engineering management and (ii) engineering economy management in general. Topic on the engineering management is divided into several subtopics including the Function of Management Technology (leadership, planning, making decision and organization) and Management Technology whereby the most important aspect in a working structure and project management will be discussed. In the final topic of the course, knowledge on Career Management as an engineer will be thought whereby engineers from industries will be invited to share on experience with the students. In the second part of this course, fundamental concepts, models, and principles of economy related to engineering will be introduced. In addition, importance of cost, time value of money, and changes of value in a project will also be covered briefly; aiming to provide some basic knowledge and understanding of economy and management related to Materials Engineering.

EBB 204/2 - Materials Characterization Laboratory

Objective: To gain experience in materials characterization through the various tests and characterization of materials.

Synopsis: The course is an introductory course on experimental method related to the materials properties and materials testing methodology. It consists of ten set of different experiments which the student has to carry out with the assistance of lecturer and technical staff. Each experiment covers various aspects of materials properties testing such as mechanical, physical, corrosion and electrical conductivity. Students are divided into small group and hands-on experiments are performed. Students are required to record, analyze, discuss the result and finally submit a report at the end of each session.

EBB 212/3 - Raw Materials and Structural Ceramics

Objective: To introduce the basics related to raw materials that are used in the contemporary and future ceramic industry/field. Besides that, the construction technology and the nature of cement and concrete along with heavy clay products are also touched.

Synopsis: This course is the first on ceramic engineering and covers various ceramic raw materials, synthetic powders and processing of the materials. The raw materials for all types of ceramics will be introduced (clays, silica sand, limestone, feldspars, etc) The uses of these materials on their own or in combination in present day ceramic engineering products will be highlighted, such as whitewares, glass, cement, etc. The various chemical synthesis of ceramic powders will be introduced, such as precipitation, sol-gel, hydrothermal, pyrolysis and vapor depositions methods. The effects of powder characteristics on the properties of final products (including additives such as binders) will be discussed. The course also includes conventional structural clay ceramic products (such as clay pipes, roofing tiles, common and facing bricks) as well as cement and concrete. The course covers the powder preparation which includes among others crushing, milling, grinding, blunging, mixing, filter pressing and spray drying. The mechanism of the processing will be included. Effects of heat on ceramic products including drying and firing /sintering will be introduced.

EBB 215/3 - Semiconductor Materials

Objective: To introduce and expose the student to semiconductor materials including their physical and chemical properties, and their applications in semiconductor devices

Synopsis: The course is divided into two parts. The first part (part I) is an introduction of atomic model, bonding forces in solid, semiconductor materials and the concept of energy band model in solids. Having established the fundamental theory of crystals and some quantum mechanics in Part I, Part II takes a real semiconductor material as an example and expand the above mentioned topics to deal with semiconductor in equilibrium and non-equilibrium, transport phenomena in a semiconductor and junction formation (p-n and metal-semiconductor) which is the basic building block of semiconductor and optoelectronics devices.

EBB 220/3 - Engineering Polymers

Objective: To introduce basic engineering concepts for polymer chemistry, processing and production.

Synopsis: This course covers topics on introduction to various polymers such as thermoplastics, thermoset, elastomer, thermoplastic elastomer, and polymer composites. The course also covers relationship between structures, properties and application as engineering materials with specific conditions. It also discusses the modifications of polymers, processing, rheological properties and viscoelastic concepts. It also covers the examples of commercially available polymeric materials for instance thermoplastic and thermoset for general and engineering applications.

EBB 225/3 - Physical Metallurgy

Objective: To learn physical metallurgy aspects; structure and physical nature of materials, and heat treatment of ferrous and non-ferrous metals.

Synopsis: This course is a general introduction in physical metallurgy. It covered the basic principles of applied chemistry and physics for metals and alloys. The topics covered are: metal crystal structure; solidification process; plastic deformation behaviour; strengthening mechanisms-solid solution hardening, work hardening, dispersion hardening, order-disorder strengthening; recovery, recrystallization and grain growth; introduction to basic phase diagram; iron-carbon diagram; T-T-T diagram; hardenability; heat treatment for steel, ferrous metal; non-ferrous metal and alloy.; heat treatment for non-ferrous metal.

EBB 325/2 - Microscopy Laboratory

Objective: To give exposure on the typical microstructures observed in many materials and aspects related to metallographic practices.

Synopsis: The course is a practical course on techniques and applications of microscopes in materials engineering study. It consists of ten set of different experiments which the student has to carry out with the assistance of lecturer and technical staff. Students are divided into small group and hands-on experiments are performed. Students are required to record, measure, calculate the result and finally write and submit a report at the end of each session. Each experiment covers various aspects of like samples preparation prior to analysis (etching), the use of optical microscope and the use of scanning electron microscope. The students are also invoked in the study of material properties with respect to the microstructure of the materials. Safety aspects and regulations on conducting scientific experiments are also briefed and taught.

EBB 332/4 - Whiteware and Glasses

Objective: To introduce the manufacturing technique concepts of whitewares and glasses as well as the usage and nature of the products.

Synopsis: This course presents the essential knowledge on the production of glasses and whitewares from raw materials to the final product. Topics in glasses include different types of glass, different methods of producing glasses, raw materials for glasses by melting, batching in glasses by melting, forming processes and properties of glasses. Topics in whitewares include: raw materials for whitewares, processing of these raw materials into slip, plastic and semi-dry powder forms, different shaping methods, drying and different firing methods, moulds for casting (include their raw materials and process), glazes inclusive of decoration, and finally properties of the final product.

EBB 343/3 - Engineering Materials Characterization

Objective: To give some introduction to materials characterization methods in theory and applications.

Synopsis: This course is on materials characterization techniques from the theoretical aspect, instrumentation and applications. It covers three topics: (a) Microstructural Analysis which includes electron microscopy, (b) Thermal Analysis and (c) Spectroscopy: phases and surface analysis for example x-ray techniques and electrons spectroscopy.

EBB 344/3 - Mechanical Metallurgy

Objective: To introduce all the aspects related to the mechanical behavior of metals.

Synopsis: Mechanical metallurgy is the area of metallurgy which is concerned primarily with the response of metals to forces or loads. It is a combination of many disciplines and many approaches to understand the response of materials to forces including strength of materials, theories of elasticity and plasticity, where a metal is considered to be a homogeneous material. The determination of the relationship between the metallurgical behavior and structure is the main interest of this course in order to minimize the possibility of failure. This course emphasizes on testing of metal based on acceptable standards, i.e. tensile, hardness, impact, fatigue, creep and wear, including data analysis and explaining the mechanics of the various failure modes.

EBB300/3 : Engineering Statistics

Objective: Strengthening knowledge and skills in mathematical modeling to provide students in understanding engineering mathematics concepts then able to formulate and solve engineering problems.

Synopsis: This course is emphasizing the role of experimental design in engineering fundamentals and applications of experimental design such as sampling distributions, data analysis, factorial design, regression and correlation..

EBB 333/3 - Transport Processes

Objective: To learn about fluid dynamics (viscosity characters of fluid), transportation energy, energy equations and mass transportation.

Synopsis: The main aim of this course is to give a balanced overview of the field of transport phenomena which includes three closely related topics: (i) momentum transport, (ii) heat transfer and (iii) mass transfer. It presents the fundamentals of the three subjects emphasizing in the mathematical similarity of the equations used to describe the processes, and illustrate how to use them to solve problems.

EBB 323/3 - Semiconductor Fabrication Technology

Objective: To introduce about silicon wafer production technology and integrated circuits.

Synopsis: This course focuses on the major process technologies used in the fabrication of integrated circuits (ICs) and other semiconductor devices. Each lecture topic covers important scientific aspects of silicon wafer processing steps. Topics include: crystal growth and wafer preparation, crystal purification techniques, contamination control, oxidation, diffusion, ion implantation, lithography, thin film deposition technology, etching, metallization, process integration, electronic packaging and yield.

EBS 238/3 - Fluid Mechanics

Objective: To introduce the concept, analysis and the fluid in static and dynamic condition.

Synopsis: Basic information on characteristics of floating bodies, forces when constant linear acceleration and constant rotational acceleration is applied. Fluid kinematics, momentum and Bernoulli equation and flow measurements. Boundary layers, control and separation, lift and drop forces.

Flow in pipes, pipe network analysis. Flow in open channel, critical flow and normal flow, hydraulic pump, fully developed flow that varies gradually. Hydraulic machines and pressure changes in pipes. Dimensional analysis, similarity models and hydraulic models. Hydraulic machine, impulse turbines, reaction turbines and centrifugal pump. Pressure change in pipes, simple methods, surge tank.

EBB 307/3 - Failure Analysis and Non Destructive Testing

Objective: To introduce the failure analysis technique to solve industrial and industry product problems as well as NDT techniques.

Synopsis: An industry applies Non-Destructive Testing (NDT) as an economic tool to establish the integrity of the engineering components. The course covers the identification and analyzes the premature failure of an engineering component in carrying out its job. Origin of Failure; Location of contributing stress concentrators, presence of relevant contaminants on the fracture, direction of crack propagation and sequence of failure, Failure mode and mechanism, Orientation and magnitude of stresses, imperfections contribution to the failure and Sizes and other important physical data. Not only faulty manufacturing

processes are the reasons for discontinuities in an industrial product but also due the environmental and loading condition during service, lab testing with FA is also introduced. Non destructive testing NDT methods can be used to detect discontinuities in industrial products without affecting the service performance of the product in any way. Therefore, The most important NDT techniques that discussed in detail are: Visual Inspection (VI), Liquid penetrant testing (PT), Magnetic particle testing (MT), Eddy Current testing (ET), Ultrasonic Testing (UT) and Radiographic testing (RT). Writing a Failure Analysis Technical report is also introduced.

EBB 316/3 - Corrosion and Degradation

Objective: To learn about metal corrosion and material degradation, types of corrosion, theory and control as well as protection against corrosion.

Synopsis: The course is intended to introduce the subject of corrosion of metals and degradation of other classes of materials at the undergraduate level. The bulk of course dwells into the aspects of corrosion of metals and their prevention. Only limited coverage given to the degradation of non-metallic materials.

EBB 317/2 - Materials Processing Laboratory

Objective: To give hands-on practice related to the processing of engineering materials.

Synopsis: This laboratory course which uses an open-ended laboratory (OEL) approach contains 4 set of experiments that cover different types of materials processing (ceramics, metals, polymers and polymer composites, electronic materials). Laboratory experiments are designed for hands-on experience in a small group of students to understand the parameters involve in the processing and relate the structure with the properties of the materials. This course provides students with an opportunity to plan their experimental work, perform the experiment, characterize the materials and analyze the results. This course also emphasizes the technical writing aspect where all students' observation and arguments of each experiment must be reported in proper format. Safety aspects and regulations on conducting scientific experiments are also briefed and taught in this course.

EBB 337/3 - Advanced Material and Composites

Objective: To introduce the manufacturing process, nature and usage of advanced materials and composites.

Synopsis: This course offers further understanding on the fabrication, properties and applications of various advanced composite materials. Typical topics covered include ceramic engineering materials, advanced metal and alloys, speciality polymers, introduction to composite materials, composite materials based on matrix (MMC, PMC, CMC), failure mechanism and application and design of the composites.

EBS 323/3 - Pyrometallurgy

Objective : To know the general principles and different techniques of metals extraction and refining from ores at high temperatures for both ferrous and non-ferrous metals.

Synopsis : This course is a general introduction to pyrometallurgy. It covers the basic principles and actual industrial practice of extraction and refining of iron, steel, and other important non-ferrous metals. The topics covered are: thermodynamic principles, Ellingham diagram, blast furnace iron making including the physicochemical reactions, direct reduction processes, principles of steel making, major reactions and refining of steel, principles and practice of clean steel making, major process steps in non-ferrous metal extraction, roasting, matte smelting, vapour metallurgy, refining of non-ferrous metals, industrial practice for common non-ferrous metals.

EBB 339/3 - Nanomaterials

Objective: To give exposure on nanomaterials, fabrication method, properties and application of nanomaterials.

Synopsis: The main aim of this course is to equip students with knowledge on nanomaterials especially on the properties of materials in nanoscale, technique of fabrications, characterisations and applications of nanomaterials in various types of industries: electronics, optics, biotechnology, chemicals and other related engineering industries. Different types of nanomaterials will be introduced: metal, ceramics, semiconductors, carbon based material, composite and polymer at different dimensions: 0, 1 and 2 dimensions. Societal impact of nanomaterials will also be discussed.

EBB 338/3 - Process Control

Objective: To introduce the basic concept of process control system.

Synopsis: This course covers the structure of feedback control theory from the basic mathematics to a variety of design applications. The design of an over-all process control system (open-loop and close loop) requires a good theoretical understanding of stability, the dynamic characteristics of controllers and general process control loop dynamic characteristics. The course discusses terminology, concepts, principles, procedures and computations used in the design activity to select, analyze, specify and maintain all parts of the control system.

EBB 350/5 - Industrial Training

Objective: Students are all required to undertake a compulsory ten weeks industrial training during long vacation i.e. after the second semester final examination (third year level). Students will get their placement at various industrial sectors related to materials engineering program. They should experience the real exposure as an engineer in this field. Students will be given training on various aspects, such as analysis, design, management, quality control, and economy, which is related to their future career. The content of training is depending on the respective company and industry. It may vary from one and other. The students have the choice of applying any company or industry by themselves or from the list given by the Deputy Dean (Student Affairs and Industrial Linkages & Networking). If the former option is taken, offer from any company or industry must be approved by the Deputy Dean (Student Affairs and Industrial Linkages & Networking). During the training, a Log Book must be prepared by the students. To ensure the performance of the students, a visit by an academic staff to the company or industrial, where the students are trained, will be carried out during the mid term of the training program. After the training, a detail report must be submitted and a Poster presentation must be given by the students.

EBB 407 – Final Year Research Project

Objective: To give exposure in conducting scientific research projects.

Synopsis: This course is offered for 2 semesters. It offers further understanding on selected topic in Materials Engineering. Each student is given a title for an individual research project in the first semester. Students are required to carry out literature study, analysis of previous work, research experimental design and prepare a proposal in the first semester. In the second semester, the students are required to carry out experimental

work, collecting data, discussion, dissertation writing and oral presentation. The dissertation will be examined by an examiner. In the oral presentation, the student is expected to defend his/her finding in front of a panel of examiners.

EBB 408/4 - Materials Selection and Design

Objective: To introduce the procedures of material selection in engineering design activities.

Synopsis: This course integrates all types of materials covered in the preceding semesters of the programme in Materials Engineering, viz. ceramics, metals, polymers and composites. Engineering design, and the role of materials selection in any engineering design process will be focused upon. Various materials selection methodologies will be covered with an emphasis on the Ashby method using material properties and processing charts. Ultimately, the use of computer and specialized software will be incorporated into this engineering skill development. Case studies and project work will be used to reinforce the concepts and capabilities in applying selection of materials in engineering design.

EBB 441/4 - Applied Metallurgy

Objective: To introduce the various metal processing technologies (both primary and secondary), the typical defects and how to minimize them, and related factors influencing all processes.

Synopsis: Introduction to the various processing techniques to produce metals / metal alloys components or products and also the factors affecting production. The course covers the techniques, parameters involved, common defects associated with each process and methods to eliminate them, and the design aspects. The processes include casting, powder metallurgy, metal deformation, sheet metal working, wire drawing, joining technology, machining and surface technology / treatment.

EBB 442/3 - Quality Control and Management

Objective: To develop students' knowledge on quality concepts, control, improvement, and management.

Synopsis: This course presents knowledge and demonstrates skills necessary to structure, manage, maintain, and improve quality of an organization. Topics include: Introduction to quality, management aspects of quality,

statistical methods to control and improve quality, and concept of reliability.

EBB 443/3 - Technical Ceramics

Objective: To expose students to the important aspects in advanced ceramic technology. Also to provide sufficient knowledge about material characteristics, processing, selection and the properties of advanced ceramic in technology applications.

Synopsis: This course covers topics on the types and mechanisms of sintering in advanced ceramics. The course also covers processing, properties and characterization/testing methods in refractories and thermal insulators, electroceramics, high strength and high toughness structural ceramics. It also discusses toughening mechanism in the structural materials

EBB 424/3 - Semiconductor Devices and Opto-Electronics

Objective: To introduce semiconductor devices like bipolar junction transistors (BJT), FET etc. Basic principles of laser and optoelectric devices such as solar cells and photoreceptors are also contained in this course.

Synopsis: This course is divided into two major topics ; semiconductor devices and optoelectronics. The semiconductor devices part covers topic on bipolar junction transistors (BJT), metal oxide semiconductor (MOS) capacitor, field effect transistor (FET), metal oxide semiconductor field effect transistor (MOSFET), and the latest technology of single-electron transistor (SET). However, part of optoelectronics including light emitting diode (LED), laser, photodiode, photodetector, and photovoltaic materials and device configuration.

EBB 427/3 - Technology and Application of Engineering Polymer

Objective: To give exposure on the technology and application of polymer in the engineering field.

Synopsis: This course covers topics on technology and applications of various polymers in engineering applications. It covers the properties and the processing techniques for three types of polymeric materials such as thermoset, thermoplastics and elastomer. Examples of new polymeric materials and commercially available polymeric materials, for instance thermoplastic and thermoset for general and engineering applications are covered in the course. Environmental issues in polymeric materials are also discussed.

EBB 428/3 - Occupational Safety and Health

Objective: To give exposure to students about the health and safety requirement in industry.

Synopsis: Introduction to holistic and global occupational safety and health (OSH) engineering concepts towards efficient industrial development, significance of occupational safety and health in quality assurance, complemented by professional and ethical responsibilities towards safety in the industry. Major course components towards competence in occupational safety and health engineering include importance of OSH in national development, OSH legislation, benefits of OSH training and professionalism, OSH management policies and protocols, OSH performance monitoring, OSH assessment and audit techniques, hazard identification, risk assessment and implementation of safe worksite practices.

EBB 349/3 - Fluid Power and Turbo Machinery

Objective: To introduce the hydraulic system and turbo machine techniques.

Synopsis: This course makes an attempt in the first-half of the semester to relate the basic theory of hydraulics and pneumatics to approved practice of fluid power system in transferring power and accomplishing work. In the second-half of the semester, the course provides a brief introduction to turbo-machinery by relating the moment-of-momentum principle along with the application of turbines to supply or extract energy from flowing fluid.

EBB 425/3 - Design and Development of Ceramic Products

Objective: To give exposure and experience on all designs as well as the involvement in ceramic R&D.

Synopsis: This course covers topics on introduction to ceramic design i.e. design consideration (cost, application requirements, etc.) and approaches (empirical, deterministic, probabilistic). This course also covers on the design and development of clay-based products related to the raw materials, shapes, decoration, tools and techniques. Glaze design, preparation and application of decal on clay-based ceramics. Mould for slip casting (mould materials, design and quality control). Also the design and developments in advanced ceramics according to their application fields such as electronic, constructions, engineering and medicals.

2.11 PROGRAMME FOR BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING (HONOURS) (MINERAL RESOURCES ENGINEERING)

PROGRAMME OBJECTIVES

- 1) PEO1- Employable graduates with the knowledge and competency in Mineral Resources Engineering related fields
- 2) PEO2 - Graduates having good leadership and soft skills with the right attitudes and ethics
- 3) PEO3 - Graduates who possess interest in research and/or lifelong learning

PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

PO No	Programme Outcomes
PO1	Graduates able to apply the knowledge of mathematics, natural science, engineering fundamentals and engineering specialization related to the practice of Mineral Resources engineering and solve complex engineering problems
PO2	Graduates have the ability to identify, formulate, conduct research literature and analyze complex engineering problems using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences and engineering sciences
PO3	Graduates have the ability to design solution for complex engineering problems and design systems, components or processes that meet specified needs for public health and safety, cultural, societal, and environmental considerations
PO4	Graduates have the ability to conduct an investigation of complex problems related to Mineral Resources engineering using research based knowledge and research methods to provide valid conclusions
PO5	Graduates have the ability to select and apply appropriate techniques, resources and modern engineering and IT tools, to complex engineering problems with an understanding of the limitations
PO6	Graduates have the ability to reason using contextual knowledge in assessing societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues, relevant to professional Mineral Resources engineering practice and solutions to complex engineering problems
PO7	Graduates have the ability to understand and evaluate the sustainability, and impact of professional engineering work in the solution of complex engineering problems in society and the environment context

PO8	Graduates have the ability to apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities, and norms of Mineral Resources engineering practice
PO9	Graduates have the ability to communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large
PO10	Graduates have the ability to function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams and in multi-disciplinary settings
PO11	Graduates recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change
PO12	Graduates can demonstrate knowledge and understanding of engineering management principles and economic decision- making, and apply them to manage projects in multidisciplinary environments

Mineral Resources Engineering Programme Structure

COURSE TYPE	LEVEL 100				LEVEL 200				LEVEL 300				EBS 350 10 Week	LEVEL 400				TOTAL UNIT					
	SEMESTER 1		SEMESTER 2		SEMESTER 1		SEMESTER 2		SEMESTER 1		SEMESTER 2			SEMESTER 1		SEMESTER 2							
	Code & Course	Unit		Code & Course	Unit	Code & Course	Unit	Code & Course	Unit	Code & Course	Unit	Code & Course	Unit	Code & Course	Unit	Code & Course	Unit						
C O R E	EUM 113 Engineering Calculus	3	S E M E S T E R B R E A K	EUM 114 Advances Engineering	3	S E M E S T E R B R E A K	EBB 238 Fluid Mechanics	3	S E M E S T E R B R E A K	EBS 210 Mining Engineering	2	S E M E S T E R B R E A K	EBB 300 Engineering Statistic	2	I N D U S T R I A L T R A I N I N G	EBS 423 Mine and Plant Design	4	S E M E S T E R B R E A K	EBS 419 Blasting Technology	2			
	EBP105 Introduction to Statics & Dynamics	3		EEU 104 Electrical Technology	3		EBS 201 Mineral Deposits	3		EBS 215 Comminution & Sizing	3		EBS 322 Physical Mineral Processing	3		EBS 339 Mineral Economics	3		EBS 417 Geomechanics	3	EBS 430 Final Year Project	5	
	EBB 113 Engineering Materials	3		EBB 160 Physical Chemistry of Engineering	3		EBS 209 Mineralogy	3		EBS 219 Introduction to Mining Engineering	3		EBS 311 Mining Methods & Law	3		EBS 328 Geochemical Exploration	3		EBS 429 Environmental Engineering	3			
	EBS 101 Engineering Geology	3		EAS 162 Strength of Materials	3		EUP 222 Engineers in Society	3		EBS 242 Petrography & Ore Microscopy	3		EBS 315 Hydrometallurgy	3		EBS 323 Pyrometallurgy	3		EBS 430 Final Year Project	1			
	EBS 110 Engineering Drawing	2		EML101 Engineering Practice	2		EBB 250 Computer Methods for Engineer	2		EAK 163 Geomatic Engineering	4		EBS 336 Analytical Chemistry	3		EBS 341 Mineral Processing Engineering Laboratory	2						
		14					14				14					16				14			14
U N I V R E Q	Bahasa Malaysia/Opsyen 2 Bahasa Inggeris/Opsyen 4 Kokurikulum/Opsyen 3 Tamadun Islam & Asia 2 Hubungan Etnik 2 Keusahawanan 2																		15				
E L E C T I V E										EBS 325 Mineral Chemistry Laboratory	2		EBS 329 Engineering Geophysics	3		EBS 425 Industrial Minerals	3		EBS 418 Petroleum Engineering	3	12		
										EBB 343 Engineering Materials Characterisation	3		EBB 338 Process Control	3		EBB 428 Occupational Safety and Health	3		EBS 432 Environmental Chemistry for Engineering	3			
TOTAL UNIT FOR GRADUATION																						135	

2.11.2 CURRICULUM

LEVEL 100

Semester 1		Credit		
		Total	Lecture	Lab
EUM 113/3	Engineering Calculus	3	3	0
EBP 105/3	Introduction to Statics and Dynamics	3	3	0
EBB 113/3	Engineering Materials	3	3	0
EBS 101/3	Engineering Geology	3	3	0
EBS 110/2	Engineering Drawing	2	0	2
		14	12	2
University Requirement				
LMT 100/2	English Language	2	2	0
SEMESTER BREAK				
Semester II		Credit		
		Total	Lecture	Lab
EUM 114/3	Advanced Engineering Calculus	3	3	0
EEU 104/3	Electrical Technology	3	3	0
EAS 152/3	Strength of Materials	3	3	0
EBB 160/3	Physical Chemistry of Engineering Materials	3	3	0
EML 101/2	Engineering Practice	2	0	2
		14	12	2
University Requirement				
LKM 400/2	Bahasa Malaysia	2	2	0
WUS 101/2	Entrepreneurship	2	2	0
SESSION BREAK				

LEVEL 200

Semester I		Credit		
		Total	Lecture	Lab
EBS 238/3	Fluid Mechanics	3	3	0
EBS 201/3	Mineral Deposits	3	3	0
EBS 209/3	Mineralogy	3	2	1
EUP 222/3	Engineers in Society	3	3	0
EBB 250/2	Computer Methods for Engineer	2	0	2
		14	11	3
University Requirement				
LSP 300/2	Academic English	2	2	0
LSP 404/2	Technical and Engineering English	2	2	0
SEMESTER BREAK				
Semester II		Credit		
		Total	Lecture	Lab
EBS 210/2	Mining Engineering Laboratory	2	0	2
EBS 215/3	Comminution & Sizing	3	3	0
EBS 219/3	Introduction to Mining Engineering	3	3	0
EBS 242/3	Petrology & Ore Microscopy	3	3	0
EAK 263/4	Geomatic Engineering	4	3	1
		15	12	3
University Requirement				
HTU 223/2	Islamic & Asia Civilization	2	2	0
SHE 101/2	Ethnic Relationship	2	2	0
SESSION BREAK				

LEVEL 300

Semester I		Credit		
		Total	Lecture	Lab
EBB 300/2	Eng. Statistic	2	2	0
EBS 311/3	Mining Methods and Law	3	3	0
EBS 315/3	Hydrometallurgy	3	3	0
EBS 322/3	Physical Mineral Processing	3	3	0
EBS 336/3	Analytical Chemistry	3	3	0
		14	14	0
Electives				
EBS 325/2	Mineral Chemistry Laboratory	2	0	2
EBB 343/3	Engineering Materials Characterization	3	3	0
SEMESTER BREAK				
Semester II		Credit		
		Total	Lecture	Lab
EBS 308/3	Materials Transport Engineering	3	3	0
EBS 328/3	Geochemical Exploration	3	3	0
EBS 323/3	Pyrometallurgy	3	3	0
EBS 339/3	Mineral Economics	3	3	0
EBS 341/2	Mineral Processing Engineering Laboratory	2	0	2
		14	12	2
Electives				
EBB 338/3	Process Control	3	3	0
EBS 329/3	Engineering Geophysics	3	3	0
SESSION BREAK – EBS 350/5 Industrial Training				

LEVEL 400

Semester I		Credit		
		Total	Lecture	Lab
EBS 417/3	Geomechanics	3	3	0
EBS 423/4	Mine and Plant Design	4	4	0
EBS 429/3	Environmental Engineering	3	3	0
EBS 430/1	Final Year Research Project	1	0	1
		11	10	1
Electives				
EBS 425/3	Industrial Minerals	3	3	0
EBB 428/3	Occupational Safety and Health	3	3	0
SEMESTER BREAK				
Semester II		Credit		
		Total	Lecture	Lab
EBS 419/2	Blasting Technology	2	2	0
EBS 430/5	Final Year Research Project	5	0	5
		7	2	5
Electives				
EBS 418/3	Petroleum Engineering	3	3	0
EBS 432/3	Environmental Chemistry for Engineering Practice	3	3	0
SESSION BREAK				

Level	No.	Course	Code		Programme Outcome											
			Sem I	Sem II	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CORE	100	1 Engineering Calculus	EUM113/3		/	/	/	/								
		2 Static and Dynamics	EBP105/3		/	/										
		3 Engineering Materials	EBB113/3		/	/										
		4 Engineering Geology	EBS101/3		/	/										
		5 Engineering Drawing	EBS110/2		/				/							
		6 Advance Engineering Calculus	EUM114/3		/		/									
		7 Electrical Technology	EEU104/3		/	/	/									
		8 Strength of Materials	EAS152/3		/		/									
		9 Engineering Practice	EML101/2						/				/		/	
		10 Physical Chemistry of Engineering Materials	EBB160/3		/	/	/	/								
	200	11 Fluid Mechanics	EBS238/3		/	/										
		12 Engineering Society	EUP222/3		/				/	/		/	/			
		13 Mineral Deposit	EBS201/3		/	/										
		14 Mineralogy	EBS209/3		/	/			/							
		15 Computer Methods for Engineers	EBB250/2		/	/	/		/							
		16 Engineering Geomatic	EAK163/4		/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/		/		
		17 Mining Engineering Laboratory	EBS210/2		/	/	/	/	/		/			/	/	
		18 Comminution and Sizing	EBS215/3		/		/									
		19 Introduction to Mining Engineering	EBS219/3			/			/							/
		20 Petrography and Ore Microscopy	EBS242/3		/			/	/							
	300	21 Mining Methods and Law	EBS311/3		/					/	/					
		22 Hydrometallurgy	EBS315/3		/	/	/									
		23 Physical Mineral Processing	EBS322/3		/	/	/									
		24 Analytical Chemistry	EBS336/3		/				/							
		25 Engineering Statistic	EBB300/2		/	/		/								
		26 Materials Transport Engineering	EBS308/3			/	/									
		27 Mineral Economics	EBS339/3		/											/
		28 Geochemical Exploration	EBS328/3		/	/	/									
		29 Pyrometallurgy	EBS323/3		/	/								/		
		30 Mineral Processing Laboratory	EBS341/2		/			/	/				/	/		
	400	31 Industrial Training	EBS350/5	EBS350/5	/	/			/			/	/	/	/	
		32 Mine and Plant Design	EBS423/4		/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
		33 Geomechanics	EBS417/3			/		/	/							
		34 Environmental Engineering	EBS429/3			/	/				/					
		35 Blasting Technology	EBS419/2		/		/				/					
		36 Final Year Project	EBS430/6	EBS430/6	/	/	/	/	/	/			/		/	/

ELECTIVE	300	1	Mineral Chemistry Laboratory	EBS325/2		/	/	/	/	/					/		
		2	Engineering Materials Characterisations	EBB343/3		/	/	/									
		3	Engineering Geophysics		EBS329/3	/	/	/									
		4	Process Control		EBB338/3	/	/										
400		1	Industrial Minerals	EBS425/3		/	/	/	/								
		2	Occupational Safety and Health	EBB428/3		/					/						
		3	Petroleum Engineering		EBS418/3	/			/								
		4	Environmental Chemistry for Engineering Practice		EBS432/3	/	/	/	/								
University		1	Bahasa Malaysia IV		LKM400/2	/					/						
		2	Islamic & Asia Civilisations		HTU211/2	/					/		/				
		3	Ethnic Relations		SHE101/2	/	/	/				/	/	/			
		4	Entrepreneurship	WUS101/2		/	/						/	/			/
		5	Academic English	LSP300/2		/							/				
		6	Technical and Engineering English	LSP404/2		/							/				

PO	Programme Outcome
PO1	Graduates able to apply the knowledge of mathematics, natural science, engineering fundamentals and engineering specialization related to the practice of Mineral Resources engineering and solve complex engineering problems
PO2	Graduates have the ability to identify, formulate, conduct research literature and analyze complex engineering problems using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences and engineering sciences
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PO4	Graduates have the ability to conduct investigation of complex problems related to Mineral Resources engineering using research based knowledge and research methods to provide valid conclusions
PO5	Graduates have the ability to select and apply appropriate techniques, resources and modern engineering and IT tools, to complex engineering problems with an understanding of the limitations
PO6	Graduates have the ability to reason using contextual knowledge in assessing societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues, relevant to professional Mineral Resources engineering practice and solutions to complex engineering problems
PO7	Graduates have the ability to understand and evaluate the sustainability, and impact of professional engineering work in the solution of complex engineering problems in society and the environment context
PO8	Graduates have the ability to apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities, and norms of Mineral Resources engineering practice

PO9	Graduates have the ability to communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large
PO10	Graduates have the ability to function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams and in multi-disciplinary settings
PO11	Graduates recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change
PO12	Graduate can demonstrate knowledge and understanding of engineering management principles and economic decision- making, and apply them to manage projects in multidisciplinary environments

2.11.4 COURSE DESCRIPTION

EUM 113/3 – Engineering Calculus

Objective: This course reviews the concept of one and multivariable calculus and covers the concept of ordinary differential equation. This course will provide students with a variety of engineering examples and applications based on the above topics.

Synopsis: Calculus of one variable:
Functions, techniques for solving differentiation and integration, sequence and series, numerical solutions for solving differentiation and integration.

Calculus of multivariable:
Scalar and vector fields, partial differentiation, chain rule, gradient, directional derivative, Lagrange multiplier.

Multiple integral:
Double and triple integrals and their applications.

First order ordinary differential equation:
Solving differential equations: separable equations, homogenous and non-homogenous equations, linear and non-linear equations, exact and non-exact equations, Bernoulli equation and Riccati equation.

Second and higher order ordinary differential equation:
Linear and homogeneous equations, non-homogeneous equations with method of undetermined coefficients, variation of parameters, reduction of order, D-operator, power series and Euler's equation.

Laplace transform:
Definition and basic properties, step function, Direct Delta, Heaviside function, Laplace transform method for solving ODE.

Numerical solutions:
Taylor, Euler and Runge Kutta methods for solving ODE.

EUM 114/3 – Advance Engineering Calculus

Objective: This course covers the concepts of linear algebra, Fourier series, partial differential equation and vector calculus. This course will provide students with a variety of engineering examples and applications based on the above topics

Synopsis: Linear algebra:

Determinants, inverse matrix, Cramer's rule, Gauss elimination, LU (Doolittle and Crout), eigen value and vector eigen, system of linear equation, numerical method for solving linear equation: Gause Seidel and Jacobian.

Fourier series:

Dirichlet condition, Fourier series expansion, function defined over a finite interval, half- range cosine and sine series.

Vector Calculus:

Introduction to vectors, vector differentiation, vector integration: line, surface and volume, Green's, Stoke's and Gauss Div theorems.

Partial differential equation:

Method for solving the first and second order PDE, linear and non linear PDE, wave, heat and Laplace equations.

EMM 101/3 – Engineering Mechanics

Objective: To provide students with the fundamental concepts and principles of rigid bodies in statics and dynamics equilibrium.

Synopsis: This course is an introduction to the mechanics of rigid bodies. It is divided into two areas: Statics and Dynamics. In Statics, the student will learn the fundamental concepts and principles of rigid bodies in static equilibrium. In Dynamics, the student will learn the fundamental concepts and principles of the accelerated motion of a body (a particle). Consideration is given on the fundamental of mechanics and structure analysis, including concepts of free body diagram as well as force, moment, couples, kinematic of motion, momentum, impulse, conservation of energy and equilibrium analyses in two and three dimensions.

EBS 101/3 - Engineering Geology

Objective: To give an introduction to geological aspects and its application in engineering.

Synopsis: Introduction to geological principles with emphasis on the application for the purpose of finding solutions to engineering problems. Chemical and physical properties of the earth and the internal structure of the earth. Geological time scale and method to determine geological age. Internal and external processes. Magma activities, earthquake, volcanoes, metamorphism. Weathering, erosion, gravity action.

Mineral and rock identification according to its types - igneous rock, sedimentary rock and metamorphic rock.

Geological structure, joint, fault, discontinuity, unconformity, fold, strata.

Geological map. Use and interpretation. Apparatus used. Plate tectonic theory. Continent drift, opening and closing of ocean, convection current. Formation of mountains and other earth landforms.

Engineering properties on rocks, basics on the stability of slope and tunnels.

EBS 110/2 - Engineering Drawing

Objective: To give basic knowledge in drawing concept applicable to engineering.

Synopsis: This course emphasizes on basic engineering design and drawings through manual method and by using CAD software. It covers basic methodology for traditional and concurrent design as well as basic engineering graphic principles such as drawing size, line styles, texts, conventional symbols, orthographic and isometric projection, multi-view drawings, dimensioning, section, part list and assembly and production drawings as well as standards in engineering drawing.

EEU104/3 – Electrical Technology

Objective: To study characteristics of various elements of electrical engineering and analyze the electrical circuits and magnetic devices

Synopsis: **Units, Definitions, Experimental Laws and Simple Circuits**
System of units, charge, current, voltage and power types of circuits and elements. Ohms law, Kirchhoff's laws, analysis of a single-loop current, single node-pair circuit, resistance and source combination, voltage and current division.

Circuit Analysis Techniques

Nodal and mesh analyses, linearity and Superposition, source transformations, Thevenin's and Norton's theorems.

Inductance and Capacitance

The V-I relations for inductor and capacitor, inductor and capacitor combinations, duality, linearity and its consequences.

Source-free Transient Response of R-L and R-C Circuits

Simple R-L and R-C circuits, exponential response of source free R-L, R-C circuits.

Response to Unit Step Forcing Function

Response of R-L, and R-C circuits to unit step forcing functions.

Response to Sinusoidal Forcing Function.

Characteristics of sinusoidal forcing functions, response of R-L and R-C circuits to sinusoidal forcing functions.

Phasor Concept

The complex forcing function, the phasor, phasor relation-ships for R,L, and C, impedance and admittance.

Average Power and RMS Values

Instantaneous power, average power, effective values of current and voltage, apparent power and power factor, complex power.

Power System Circuits

An overview of single and three phase systems, wye and delta configurations of three circuits, wye and delta transformations, and power calculations in three phase systems.

Magnetic Circuits and Devices

Concept and laws of magnetism and analysis of transformers. Introduction to electromechanical energy conversion, operation of machines as generators and motors, power loss, efficiency and operations at maximum efficiency.

EAS 152/3 - Strength of Materials

Objective: To equip students with basic knowledge about fundamental principles that governs the strength and stiffness of deformable bodies.

Synopsis: Tension, compression and shear, Axially loaded bars, Torsionally loaded circular bars, Laterally loaded beams, Deflection, Stress and strain analysis, Columns.

EML 101/2 – Engineering Practice

Objective: To provide the exposure and basic knowledge of hands-on engineering practices that includes the academic aspects as well as practical trainings in learning and teaching of common engineering workshop works and also to optimize the use of available resources in the laboratory.

Synopsis: Trainings are based on theoretical and practical concepts which consists of manufacturing process; computer numerical control (CNC), lathe, mill and thread machining, joint process, arc welding, gas welding and MIG welding, metrology measurement, electric and electronic circuits, and safety practice in laboratory and workshop.

EBS 238/3 - Fluid Mechanics

Objective: To introduce the concept, analysis and the fluid in static and dynamic condition.

Synopsis: Basic information on characteristics of floating bodies, forces when constant linear acceleration and constant rotational acceleration is applied. Fluid kinematics, momentum and Bernoulli equation and flow measurements. Boundary layers, control and separation, lift and drop forces.

Flow in pipes, pipe network analysis. Flow in open channel, critical flow and normal flow, hydraulic pump, fully developed flow that varies gradually. Hydraulic machines and pressure changes in pipes. Dimensional analysis, similarity models and hydraulic models. Hydraulic machine, impulse turbines, reaction turbines and centrifugal pump. Pressure change in pipes, simple methods, surge tank.

EBS 201/3 - Mineral Deposits

Objective: To give an introduction to the occurrence mineral deposits.

Synopsis: Morphological properties of ore bodies. Textural and structural properties of ore and gangue minerals. Fluid inclusions. Geothermometry and geobarometry. Paragenesis sequence. Zoning. Regional and metallorgraphy epoch. Theories on ore genesis. Sulphide stratiform deposits: Pb-Zn stratabound deposits. Alluvial deposits (Au, Sn) including paleoplacer. Banded iron formations. Manganese, phosphate and evaporate deposits. Coal. Residual deposits. Secondary enrichment. Raw materials: ceramic and construction. Sulfide deposits. Stratabound volcanogenic massive. Porphyry Copper. Quartz veins hydrothermal deposits (gold, tin, uranium, copper). Contact metamorphism and metamorphic deposits.

EBS 209/3 - Mineralogy

Objective: To identify and to understand the development of mineral crystals, the physical properties of minerals, the basic method in mineral classification system and mineral types

Synopsis: To prepare student with a broad and fundamental knowledge of minerals, which is a major constituent of earth material (rock and ore), and formed in various geological environments. Emphasis is given in understanding of mineral definition and characteristics in terms of formation phenomenon, crystallography, mineral chemistry, physical properties,

classification system and groups, including mineral identification and analysis techniques.

EAK 263/4 - Geomatic Engineering

Objective: To gain knowledge on the concepts and applications of geomatic in Civil Engineering and to develop an understanding of the geomatic instrumentation, analysis and methodology.

Synopsis: Introduction to geomatics engineering, vertical control, horizontal control, detailing, earth works.

Field work divided into two components:

- Component 1: Practical work encompassing levelling survey, traversing survey and tacheometric surveying.
- Component 2: Annual Intensive Geomatic Practical for one week intensive encompassing all practical work at a site.

EBS 210/2 - Mining Engineering Laboratory

Objective: To give some exposure on the basic experiments that covers the engineering and mining aspects.

Synopsis: Course specially designed for hands-on knowledge and experience on the ability to conduct experiments, data interpretation and data analysis based on basic engineering principles for various aspects of mining engineering. Experiments incorporated in this course include that for effective Geological Identification of rocks and minerals, Grain Size Analysis for soil mechanics, Determination of Soil Plasticity and Liquid Limits, Tensile Strength Analysis, Hardness Testing, Uniaxial Compressive Strength of rock materials, Determination of Point Load Strength Index of rocks and the understanding, calculation and evaluation of Direct Shear Test results.

EBS 215/3 - Comminution and Sizing

Objective: To give an introduction to the crushing and grinding of rock with size classification and sampling for the purpose of mineral recovery or for the purpose of rock size reduction as required in mining and quarrying.

Synopsis: The course covers the basic comminution and sizing processes and technologies for rocks, minerals and mineral related products. Students are introduced to the basic theories and principles of comminution and sizing processes, type of equipments, their operations and performance. Students are also introduced to various concepts which include basic

calculations and using simulation softwares in comminution/sizing flowsheet design. Real plant examples with the awareness of its impact on environment and sustainability of natural resources are also covered.

EBS 219/3 - Introduction to Mining Engineering

Objective: To give an introduction to ore reserve and exploration, mining and quarrying, drilling method, blasting and their application, ground water and their related problems

Synopsis: Introduction to holistic and global mining and quarrying engineering concepts towards efficient mineral development, significance of minerals in national and industrial development, complemented by professional and ethical responsibilities in the mineral industry. Major course components towards introductory mining engineering include types of mineral occurrences, prospecting techniques; ore reserve evaluation, drilling and rock fragmentation, mining methods and technology, mineral processing and technology, environmental management, occupational safety and health practices and groundwater management.

EBS 242/3 - Petrography & Ore Microscopy

Objective: To give some exposure to the students on the concept, theoretical and practical aspects on optical mineralogy.

Synopsis: To equip students with a broad techniques and methodologies in mineral and rock identification and classification by petrographic study for most of the silicate minerals and ore microscopic study for metallic mineral using polarized microscope (petrographic microscope). Familiarized with petrographic identification, and classification techniques (textural and composition) of various igneous (including pyroclastic rock), sedimentary rock and metamorphic rocks. Provide broad knowledge of microscopic study of metallic ore that have economic important and process mineralogy (mineral processing) and other geological paragenesis study of the ore occurrence.

EUP 222/3 - Engineers in Society

Objective: To provide knowledge on ethics, management, law and financial accounting related to engineering industry and the related framework necessary for the effective conduct to the society and industry.

Synopsis: This course provides exposure to students the fundamentals principles of engineering ethics such as code of engineering ethics and the

responsibility of a professional engineer, basic law covering introduction to Malaysian Laws, engineering accounts and basic introduction to management theory.

EBB300/3 : Engineering Statistics

Objective: Strengthening knowledge and skills in mathematical modeling to provide students in understanding engineering mathematics concepts then able to formulate and solve engineering problems.

Synopsis: This course covers the topics: The role of experimental design in engineering fundamentals and applications of experimental design such as sampling distributions, data analysis, factorial design, regression and correlation. Provide an understanding of the concept of complex numbers. Provides approaches to problem solving and mathematical modeling rules.

EBS 311/3 - Mining Methods and Law

Objective: To give a comprehensive knowledge on mining methods for the mining and quarrying operation and the laws related to the industry.

Synopsis: This course covers topics on mining methods for mineral and rock extraction on surface and underground extraction and the related law related to mining and quarrying operation.

EBS 315/3 - Hydrometallurgy

Objective: Introduction of hydrometallurgical and electrometallurgical principles in the extracting of metals from minerals.

Synopsis: The course is designed to provide an introduction to the central principles and practices of hydrometallurgical and electrometallurgical unit processes, basic metal and mineral dissolution and separation processes to recover metals and metal compounds from ores, concentrates and secondary resources and how they are used to design and control plant process to successfully produce the desired metals. Major unit processes involved leaching, solution purification, metal recovery, materials production and water pollution control discussed includes lectures, and coursework assignments. The course is also design for student to apply the fundamental aspects of hydrometallurgy, thermodynamics and kinetics of hydrometallurgical processes for the aqueous extraction of metals. Finally, the factors that determine the success of a difficult electrolytic process will also be considered. Modern applications and emerging metal extractive processes used in hydrometallurgy and electrometallurgy will be addressed.

EBS 322/3 - Physical Mineral Processing

Objective: Gravity concentration. Jigging, flowing film devices, concentration tables. Application of gravity methods to concentration. Flowsheet design.

Synopsis: The course covers the standard physical mineral processing methods and equipments that are widely used in the mineral industries. Students are introduced to theories, principles, mechanism and the performance of the processes. The methods covered are gravity concentration using gravity concentrator such as panning, *palong*, jig, spiral, shaking table, Mozley table, heavy medium separation, wet and dry magnetic separation, high-tension separation and froth flotation. Students are also introduced to material balancing such as process performance and efficiency concepts which include basic calculations of grade, recovery, enrichment ratio and concentration ratio. Designing of flow sheet using real plant examples with the awareness of its impact on environment and sustainability of natural resources are also covered.

EBS 336/3 - Analytical Chemistry

Objective: Provide knowledge to the students the basic principles to analytical chemistry and wet application analytical techniques and tools in identifying and determining the content of a substance in qualitative and quantitative

Synopsis: This course deals with the principles and techniques of quantitative analysis and instrumental analysis. The students will learn the basic tools and operations of analytical chemistry, data handling and statistical analysis. The topic also covers guidelines of good laboratory practice (GLP) to assure validation of analyses (QA). General concepts of chemical equilibrium, acid base titrations and equilibria, complexometric titrations, gravimetric analysis and precipitation titrations and redox titrations will be covered in this course. This course is divided into 4 sections.

Section A: Concepts in analytical chemistry - will review fundamental concepts such as moles and concentrations of solutions, various types of analysis, importance of statistics in analytical chemistry and sampling. Section B will touch on the classical methods such as titrations, gravimetry and separations (e.g. solvent extraction). Instrumental techniques in Section C will cover spectrochemical analysis which include uv-viz spectrometry and section D will discuss on Atomic spectrometric methods and introduction and application of x-ray Fluorescence spectrometry. Examples and emphasis will be given to geological, ore and mineral samples.

EBS 325/2 - Mineral Chemistry Laboratory

Objective: To give emphasis on the practical aspect related to atomic adsorption spectrometry XRF and UV the analysis in determining the composition minerals in rocks or samples.

Synopsis: This laboratory course focuses on the application of “wet“ classical methods of mineral analysis from the acid base titration to the use of modern instrumental techniques in mineral analysis. To perform or carry out chemical analyses using the basic tools and operations of analytical chemistry in the determination, separation and extraction of a mineral or an ore sample, quantitatively through wet chemical analyses and instrumental analyses

The students will be given hands on experience on using analytical tools and volumetric glasswares apparatus in learning the analytical process to acquire analytical data of high accuracy and precision in the mineral chemistry lab like learning to use the analytical balance, accurate sample weighing, learning to carry out chemical measurements, learning the basic principles of titration and determining and preparing standard solutions for a standard calibration plot in instrumental analysis.

The students will gain practical experience in using the ultraviolet-visible spectrophotometry, atomic absorption spectroscopy, x-ray fluorescence and x-ray diffraction techniques in the identification and detection of elements and mineral phases and practically conduct the elemental and mineral analysis to quantitatively determine the ions and mineral presence in the ores and unknown samples.

EBS 308/3 - Materials Transport Engineering

Objective: To give knowledge on transport in the activities related to mining and quarrying.

Synopsis: The course covers the material handling methods and equipments that are widely used in mining and mineral industries. Student are introduced to theories, principles, mechanism and the performance of the equipments. The topics covered are conveyor belt conveyors, chain conveyors and bucket elevators, screw conveyors and elevators, shaking and vibratory conveyors, fluid transport, rope haul systems, monorails and aerial ropeways, locomotive haulage and hoist and mine winders. Students are also introduced to the basic of calculation of tonnage, speed, motor power, and the efficiency of the equipments. Designing of flow sheet using real plant examples with the awareness of its impact on environment at cost effective are also covered.

EBS 328/3 – Prospecting Geochemistry

Objective: To introduce the exploration methods using geochemistry and its approaches to mineral resource assessment.

Synopsis: Types of geochemical survey: soil, stream sediment, hydrogeochemistry, heavy minerals, lithogeochemistry, and biogeochemical. Environment. Primary versus secondary.

Dispersion patterns (primary and secondary), pathfinder elements, path indicator elements. The role of chemical and physical weathering. The role of pH, Eh, adsorption, mobility on dispersion patterns.

Basic principles: contamination, orientation surveys, anomalies, false anomalies, reconnaissance survey, regional and detailed surveys. Sampling, sampling media, magnitude of sampling.

Statistical treatment of geochemical data - simple statistics, lognormal statistics, geostatistics. The application of statistical interpretation to geochemical survey.

Students are required to do field work employing the techniques that they've learned from the course work. They will do sampling, analyze the samples and interpret the geochemical data.

Case studies will be used as guides to the usefulness of geochemistry in mineral exploration.

EBS 323/3 Pyrometallurgy

Objective : To know the general principles and different techniques of metals extraction and refining from ores at high temperatures for both ferrous and non-ferrous metals.

Synopsis : This course is a general introduction to pyrometallurgy. It covers the basic principles and actual industrial practice of extraction and refining of iron, steel, and other important non-ferrous metals. The topics covered are: thermodynamic principles, Ellingham diagram, blast furnace iron making including the physicochemical reactions, direct reduction processes, principles of steel making, major reactions and refining of steel, principles and practice of clean steel making, major process steps in non-ferrous metal extraction, roasting, matte smelting, vapour metallurgy, refining of non-ferrous metals, industrial practice for common non-ferrous metals.

EBS 339/3 - Mineral Economics

Objective: To introduce the economic concept in the mineral resources exploitation.

Synopsis: Introduction to sampling techniques, methods of investment analysis for new mining projects. Cashflow analysis. Comparison between alternative investment types. Evaluate the costing for investment appraisals. Economic evaluation of mineral resource industry projects. Economic ore evaluation and optimum selection of ore reserve evaluation techniques. Factors effecting planning costs, phases of work for preparation of feasibility studies and preliminary system reports.

Ore reserve evaluation techniques using geostatistical method, which includes semi-variography (structural analysis), kriging, global estimation, optimisation of sampling grids, topographical profiling; complemented by triangular, polygonal and weighted/inverse distance evaluation methods.

EBS 341/2 - Mineral Processing Engineering Laboratory

Objective: To give practical exposures to processes in mineral recovery.

Synopsis: Students will conduct practical relating to the operations and in determining the performance and efficiency of equipments in the mineral-processing laboratory.

Physical processing

Comminution: Crushing and screening, fine grinding and classification methods.

Mineral concentration methods: Gravity, flotation, magnetic and high-tension separation.

Chemical Processing

Leaching: Introduction to several techniques of leaching e.g.

Solvent extraction: for refining pregnant solution from the solvent extraction step.

Electrowining and Electrefining processes to recover valuable metal from solution.

EBS 329/3 - Engineering Geophysics

Objective: To introduce the geophysical aspects in mineral exploration.

Synopsis: Application of various common geophysical techniques in subsurface condition investigation which have practical and economic objective. To

provide students with sufficient knowledge in the basic principles of geophysics and geophysical methods, instrumentation, field procedures, to make simple interpretation and application. The use of the geophysical methods in mineral, mining and oil exploration, archeology and phenomenon/features which are likely to have engineering implication in geological engineering and environmental management.

EBS 350/5 - Industrial Training

Objective: A ten weeks industrial training during long vacation i.e. after the second semester final examination (third year level). Students will get their placement at various industrial sectors related to mineral resources engineering. They should experience the real exposure as an engineer in this field. Students will be given training on various aspects such as analysis, design, management, quality control and economy, which related to their career as a materials engineer. This is a compulsory training.

EBS 417/3 - Geomechanics

Objective: To acquire the knowledge related to soil and rock and the stresses involve in rock excavation.

Synopsis: The course covers the soil mechanics and rock mechanics appropriate for mining and geotechnical practice.

EBS 423 - Mine and Plant Design

Objective: To give the exposure to the students in conducting design of a mine or quarrying operation that begins from the raw data and investigates the feasibility of the project.

Synopsis: The course begins with the boreholes data and geological data of an area with mineral or rock potential for a mine or for a quarry respectively. Then the students have to apply their own knowledge and other references in producing a report on a design of a mine and plant. The report is akin to a feasibility report that contains the treatment of the data, the planning of a mine, designing of a mine and mineral processing circuit, economic study and recommendations

EBS 429/3 - Environmental Engineering

Objective: To give a basic knowledge on the environmental applicable to engineering practice and to mineral resources recovery activities.

Synopsis: Understanding and critique on the various environmental legislations and guidelines. Analysis and Evaluation of environmental pollution; complemented by monitoring and assessment of the critical levels and movement of pollutants supplemented by in-depth studies on the health effects of the various types of pollution. Explanation and appraisal on the various causes, monitoring, assessment and control practices in the industry for effective pollution management and control aimed towards sustainable development. Understanding and description of the mechanisms for creating an Environmental Impact assessment and Environmental Audit. Justification on the importance of energy conservation and environmental-friendly (green) technology

EBS 425/3 - Industrial Minerals

Objective: To enforce the students' knowledge in the occurrence of industrial minerals and their application due to the requirement of the industries. Emphasis is given to the local mineral resources.

Synopsis: To develop knowledge and awareness about the important and development of various industrial mineral and other related mineral-based industries including energy mineral in practical and integrated ways. Be able to discuss about the broad aspects of industrial mineral in term of geological occurrence, distribution, marketing, economic and application technology. Broad knowledge about process technology and methods apply in mineral development, exploitation and evaluation techniques

EBS 419/2 - Blasting Technology

Objective: To give a comprehensive in the usage of explosive in rock blasting and its control in the operation and in the environmental aspect.

Synopsis: The course covers the basic types of commercial explosives and usage of explosives materials in rock blasting for mining, quarrying and also in construction.

EBS 430 - Final Year Research Project

Objective: To give an exposure in running a research project.

Synopsis: This course offers further understanding on selected topic in Mineral Resources Engineering. Each student is given a title for an individual research project. Research include literature review, analysis of previous work, research experimental design and experimental set up. Executing experimental work, collecting data, discussion, dissertation writing and oral presentation. In the oral presentation, the student is expected to produce a written report and to be defended in front of a panel of examiners.

EBS 418/3 - Petroleum Engineering

Objective: To give an introduction toward the upstream operation in recovery of petroleum.

Synopsis: The course covers the occurrence of petroleum, geology, exploration, basic reservoir engineering, drilling method, drilling fluid, formation evaluation, production technology, natural gas, transport of crude oil, production sharing contract and the operation areas of Petronas and its contractors.

EBS 432/3 - Environmental Chemistry for Engineering Practice

Objective: To give a knowledge in the application of chemistry in the assessing the environmental quality for engineering application.

Synopsis: This course introduces a new branch of the discipline of chemistry which is the most interdisciplinary that provide us with the specific knowledge on the theoretical basis for understanding the distribution, transformation, toxicity and other environmental properties of chemicals. It also introduces the concept of physical chemistry, analytical knowledge and the fundamental chemical principles of different processes adopted by environmental engineering. It is designed to assist the engineering students and environmental practitioner in understanding how the chemical applications fit their daily needs in environmental chemistry. The fundamental aspects are also utilized in considering the great global environmental chemistry processes including respiration, photosynthesis and chemical evolution. The management of hazardous chemicals and risk assessment are treated as an aspect of environmental chemistry. The first section of the syllabus text will cover a review of basic chemistry topics relevant to environmental engineering which includes physical chemistry, organic chemistry and analytical chemistry. The next section deals with

discussion on the major spheres (atmospheres, hydrospheres and pedospheres) and their inter-relationships. The last section deals with processes involving chemical equilibria, followed by chemical processes and the physiochemical processes used in the treatment of industrial wastes water. The basic principles governing some of the most important processes will be covered.

EBB 428/3 - Occupational Safety and Health

Objective: To give exposure to students about the health and safety requirement in industry.

Synopsis: Introduction to holistic and global occupational safety and health (OSH) engineering concepts towards efficient industrial development, significance of occupational safety and health in quality assurance, complemented by professional and ethical responsibilities towards safety in the industry. Major course components towards competence in occupational safety and health engineering include importance of OSH in national development, OSH legislation, benefits of OSH training and professionalism, OSH management policies and protocols, OSH performance monitoring, OSH assessment and audit techniques, hazard identification, risk assessment and implementation of safe worksite practices.

2.12 PROGRAMME FOR BACHELOR OF ENGINEERING (HONOURS) (POLYMER ENGINEERING)

PROGRAMME OBJECTIVES

- 1) PEO1- Employable graduates with the knowledge and competency in Polymer Engineering related fields
- 2) PEO2 - Graduates having good leadership and soft skills with the right attitudes and ethics
- 3) PEO3 - Graduates who possess interest in research and/or lifelong learning

PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

PO No	Programme Outcomes
PO1	Graduates able to apply the knowledge of mathematics, natural science, engineering fundamentals and engineering specialization related to the practice of Polymer engineering and solve complex engineering problems
PO2	Graduates have the ability to identify, formulate, conduct research literature and analyze complex engineering problems using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences and engineering sciences
PO3	Graduates have the ability to design solution for complex engineering problems and design systems, components or processes that meet specified needs for public health and safety, cultural, societal, and environmental considerations
PO4	Graduates have the ability to conduct an investigation of complex problems related to Polymer engineering using research based knowledge and research methods to provide valid conclusions
PO5	Graduates have the ability to select and apply appropriate techniques, resources and modern engineering and IT tools, to complex engineering problems with an understanding of the limitations
PO6	Graduates have the ability to reason using contextual knowledge in assessing societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues, relevant to professional Polymer engineering practice and solutions to complex engineering problems
PO7	Graduates have the ability to understand and evaluate the sustainability, and impact of professional engineering work in the solution of complex engineering problems in society and the environment context

PO8	Graduates have the ability to apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities, and norms of Polymer engineering practice
PO9	Graduates have the ability to communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large
PO10	Graduates have the ability to function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams and in multi-disciplinary settings
PO11	Graduates recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change
PO12	Graduates can demonstrate knowledge and understanding of engineering management principles and economic decision- making, and apply them to manage projects in multidisciplinary environments

2.12.1

COURS E TYPE	LEVEL 100				SESSION BREAK	LEVEL 200				SESSION BREAK	LEVEL 300				SESSION BREAK	EBP 350 10 Week	LEVEL 400				TOTAL UNIT					
	SEMESTER 1		SEMESTER BREAK	SEMESTER 2		SEMESTER 1		SEMESTER BREAK	SEMESTER 2		SEMESTER 1		INDUSTRIAL TRAINING	SEMESTER 2												
	Code & Course	Unit		Code & Course		Unit	Code & Course		Unit		Code & Course	Unit		Code & Course			Unit	Code & Course	Unit							
CORE	EUM 113 Engineerin g Calculus	3	SEMESTER BREAK	EBB 160 Physical Chemistry of Engineerin g Materials	3	SEMESTER BREAK	EUP 222 Engineers in Society	3	SEMESTER BREAK	EBP 204 Elastomic Material	3	SEMESTER BREAK	EBP 308 Rubber: Processing and Products	3	INDUSTRIAL TRAINING	EBP 317 Advance Polymer Composite	3	SEMESTER BREAK	EBP 400 Polymer Product Design & Development	3	SEMESTER BREAK	EBP 401 Final Year Project	5	108		
	EBP105 Introductio n to Statics & Dynamics	3		EAS 152 Strength of Materials	3		EBP 203 Plastic Materials	3		EBP 212 Latex Processing	3		EBP 310 Plastic Processing	3		EBP 307 Polymer Rheology	2		EBP 420 Rubber Engineering	2		EBP 442 Quality Control & Managemen t	3			
	EBB 113 Engineerin g Materials	3		EUM 114 Advance Engineerin g Calculus	3		EBP 201 Polymer Synthesis React Engineerin g	3		EBP 216 Polymer Engineering Lab	2		EBB 300 Engineering Statistics and Modelling	2		EBP 302 Mould and Die Design	3		EBP 415 Fibre Processing	3						
	EBS 110 Engineerin g Drawing	2		EML101 Engineerin g Practice	2		EBP 202 Polymer Structure	3		EBP 207 Transport Phenomena	2		EBP 306 Eng Properties Polymer Materials	3		EBP 424 Polymer Degradation	3		EBP 418 Plastic Laboratory	2						
	EBP 103 Polymer Organic Chemistry	3		EEU 104 Electrical Methods for Engineer y	3		EBB 250 Computer Methods for Engineer	2		EBP 215 Polymer in Electronic	3		EBP 320 Rubber Laboratory	2		EBP 316 Latex Laboratory	2		EBB 428 Occupational Safety and Health	3						
		14			14					14						13				13					13	
UNIV REQ	Bahasa Malaysia/Opsyen 2 Bahasa Inggeris/Opsyen 4 Kokurikulum/Opsyen 3 Tamadun Islam & Asia 2 Hubungan Etnik 2 Keusahawanan 2																					15				
ELECTIVE													EBB 201 Engineering Economy and Management	3		EBP 314 Resin Manufacturin g	3		EBP 312 Semiconducto r Fabrication Technology	3		EBP 412 Specialty Engineering Polymer	3	12		
													EBB 343 Engineering Materials Characterisatio n	3		EBP 311 Polymer Analytical Method & Failure Analysis	3									
	TOTAL UNIT FOR GRADUATION																						135			

2.12.2 CURRICULUM

LEVEL 100

Semester I			Credit		
			Total	Lecture	Lab
EUM	113/3	Engineering Calculus	3	3	0
EBP	105/3	Engineering Mechanics	3	3	0
EBB	113/3	Engineering Materials	3	3	0
EBS	110/2	Engineering Drawing	2	0	2
EBP	103/3	Polymer Organic Chemistry	3	3	0
			-----	-----	-----
			14	12	2
			-----	-----	-----
University Requirement					
LMT	100/2	English Language	2	2	0
SEMESTER BREAK					
Semester II			Credit		
			Total	Lecture	Lab
EBB	160/3	Physical Chemistry of Engineering Materials	3	3	0
EAS	152/3	Strength of Materials	3	3	0
EUM	114/3	Advanced Engineering Calculus	3	3	0
EML	101/2	Engineering Practice	2	2	0
EEU	104/3	Electrical Technology	3	3	0
			-----	-----	-----
			14	14	0
			-----	-----	-----
University Requirement					
LKM	400/2	Malaysian Language	2	2	0
WUS	101/2	Core Entrepreneurship	2	2	0
SESSION BREAK					

LEVEL 200

Semester I			Credit		
			Total	Lecture	Lab
EBP	203/3	Polymeric Materials	3	3	0
EBP	201/3	Polymer Synthesis & Reaction Engineering	3	3	0
EBP	202/3	Polymer Structure	3	3	0
EUP	222/3	Engineers in Society	3	3	0
EBB	250/2	Computer Methods for Engineers	2	2	0
			-----	-----	-----
			14	14	0
			-----	-----	-----
University Requirement					
LSP	300/2	English Language	2	2	0
LSP	404/2	Technical and Engineering English	2	2	0
SEMESTER BREAK					
Semester II			Credit		
			Total	Lecture	Lab
EBP	204/3	Elastomeric Materials	3	3	0
EBP	207/2	Transport Phenomena in Polymers	2	2	0
EBP	212/3	Latex Processing	3	3	0
EBP	215/3	Polymer in Electronics	3	3	0
EBP	216/2	Polymer Engineering Laboratory	2	0	2
			-----	-----	-----
			13	11	2
			-----	-----	-----
University Requirement					
HTU	223/2	Islamic & Asia Civilization	2	2	0
SHE	101/2	Ethnic Relationship	2	2	0
SESSION BREAK					

LEVEL 300

Semester I			Credit		
			Total	Lecture	Lab
EBP	306/3	Engineering Properties of Polymeric Materials	3	3	0
EBP	308/3	Rubber : Processing & Products	3	3	0
EBP	310/3	Plastic Processing	3	3	0
EBP	320/2	Rubber Laboratory	2	0	2
EBB	300/2	Engineering Statistics & Mathematical Modeling	2	2	0
			-----	-----	-----
			13	11	2
			-----	-----	-----
Electives					
EUP	201/3	Engineering Economy and Management (compulsory)	3	3	0
EBB	343/3	Engineering Materials Characterization	3	3	0
SEMESTER BREAK					
Semester II			Credit		
			Total	Lecture	Lab
EBP	307/2	Polymer Rheology	2	2	0
EBP	316/2	Latex Laboratory	2	0	2
EBP	317/3	Advanced Polymer Composites	3	3	0
EBP	324/3	Polymer Degradation & The Environment	3	3	0
EBP	302/3	Mould and Die Design	3	3	0
			-----	-----	-----
			13	11	2
			-----	-----	-----
Electives					
EBP	314/3	Resin Manufacturing	3	3	0
EBP	311/3	Polymer Analytical Methods & Failure Analysis	3	3	0
EBP 350/5 - Industrial Training					

LEVEL 400

Semester I						Credit		
						Total	Lecture	Lab
EBP	400/3	Polymer Product Design & Development				3	3	0
EBP	415/3	Fiber Processing				3	3	0
EBP	418/2	Plastic Laboratory				2	0	2
EBP	420/2	Rubber Engineering				2	2	0
EBB	428/3	Occupational Safety & Health				3	3	0
EBP	401/1	Final Year Project				1	0	1
						-----	-----	-----
						14	11	3
						-----	-----	-----
Electives								
EBB	323/3	Fabrication Technology of Semiconductor				3	3	0
SEMESTER BREAK								
Semester II						Credit		
						Total	Lecture	Lab
EBP	401/5	Final Year Project				5	0	5
EBB	442/3	Quality Control and Management				3	3	0
						-----	-----	-----
						8	3	5
						-----	-----	-----
Electives								
EBP	412/3	Specialty Engineering Polymers				3	3	0
SESSION BREAK								

2.12.3 COURSE PROGRAMME OUTCOME MATRIX (POLYMER ENGINEERING)

Level	No.	Code		Course	Emphasis to the Programme Outcomes											
		Sem I	Sem II		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
UNIVERSITY REQUIREMENT																
UNIVERSITI	1		LKM 400/2	Bahasa Malaysia IV	/					/						
	2		HTU 223/2	Islamic & Asia Civilisations	/					/			/			
	3		SHE 101/2	Ethnic Relations	/	/						/	/	/		
	4	WUS 101/2		Entrepreneurship	/	/							/	/	/	/
	5	LSP 300/2		Academic English	/								/			
	6	LSP 404/2		Technical and Engineering English	/								/			
CORE																
100	7	EUM 113/3		Engineering Materials	/	/										
	8	EBP 105/3		Engineering Mechanics	/	/										
	9	EBB 113/3		Engineering Calculus	/	/										
	10	EBS 110/2		Engineering Drawing	/				/							
	11	EBP 103/3		Polymer Organic Chemistry	/											
	12		EUM 114/3	Advanced Engineering Calculus	/	/										
	13		EEU 104/3	Electrical Technology	/											
	14		EAS 152/3	Strength of Materials	/	/										
	15		EML 101/2	Engineering Practice	/		/		/	/		/		/		
200	16		EBB 160/3	Physical Chemistry of Engineering Materials	/	/										
	17	EBP 201/3		Polymer Synthesis & Reaction Engineering	/	/										
	18	EBP 202/3		Polymer Structure	/	/										
	19	EUP 222/3		Engineers In Society	/					/		/				/
	20	EBP 203/3		Plastic Materials	/	/				/						/
	21	EBB 250/2		Computer Methods for Engineers	/	/	/		/				/			
	22		EBP 204/3	Elastomeric Materials	/	/										
	23		EBP 207/2	Transport Phenomena in Polymers	/	/										
	24		EBP 215/3	Polymer in Electronics	/		/									
	25		EBP 212/3	Latex Processing	/	/								/		
	26		EBP 216/2	Polymer Engineering Laboratory				/	/						/	
300	27	EBB 300/3		Engineering Statistic & Methametrical Modelling	/	/			/							
	28	EBP 306/3		Engineering Properties of Polymeric Materials	/	/										
	29	EBP 308/3		Rubber: processing and Products	/		/									
	30	EBP 310/3		Plastic Processing	/		/									
	31	EBP 320/2		Rubber laboratory				/	/							

	32		EBP 307/2	Polymer Rheology	/	/											
	33		EBP 316/2	Latex laboratory			/	/									
	34		EBP 317/3	Advanced Polymer Composite			/										
	35		EBP 324/3	Polymer Degradation and Environment	/				/								
	36		EBP 302/3	Mould and Die Design			/		/								
400	37	EBP 400/3		Polymer Product Design and Development				/		/		/	/	/	/	/	/
	38	EBP 401/1		Final Year Project	/	/	/	/	/		/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	39	EBP 415/3		Fibre processing	/		/	/			/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	40	EBP 418/2		Plastic Laboratory			/	/								/	
	41	EBP 420/2		Rubber Engineering	/		/										
	42	EBB 428/3		Occupational Safety and Health					/								
	43		EBB 442/3	Quality Control and Management	/	/	/	/	/	/			/				
			EBP 401/5	Final Year Project	/	/	/	/	/	/							
ELECTIVE																	
400	44	EUP 301/3		Engineering Management (compulsory)	/					/						/	
	45	EBB 343/3		Engineering Materials Characterisation	/	/											
	46		EBP 314/3	Resin Manufacturing	/		/										
	47		EBP 311/3	Polymer Analytical Methods & Failure Analysis	/		/										
	48	EBB 323/3		Fabrication Technology of Semiconductor	/	/											
	49		EBP 412	Specialty Polymer			/										

Programme Outcomes

I	Graduates have the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals to the practice of Polymer Engineering and solve complex engineering problems
II	Graduates have the ability to identify and analyze complex engineering problems using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences and engineering sciences
III	Graduates have the ability to solves complex engineering problems and design systems that meet specification for public health and safety, cultural, societal, and environmental considerations
IV	Graduates have the ability to conduct investigation using research based knowledge and research methods in the field of Polymer Engineering
V	Graduates have the ability to apply appropriate techniques using modern engineering and IT tools with comprehension of the limitations
VI	Graduates have the ability to reasoning using contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to professional Polymer Engineering practice
VII	Graduates have the impact of professional engineering solutions in societal, environmental contexts needs for sustainable development
VIII	Graduates have the ability to apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of Polymer Engineering practice
IX	Graduates have the ability to communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large
X	Graduates have the ability to function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams and in multi-disciplinary settings
XI	Graduates recognise the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change
XII	Graduate can demonstrate knowledge and understanding of engineering and management principles and manage projects in multidisciplinary environments

2.12.4 COURSE DESCRIPTION

EUM 113 Engineering Calculus

Objective: This course reviews the concept of one and multivariable calculus and covers the concept of ordinary differential equation. This course will provide students with a variety of engineering examples and applications based on the above topics.

Synopsis:

Calculus of one variable:

Functions, techniques for solving differentiation and integration, sequence and series, numerical solutions for solving differentiation and integration.

Calculus of multivariable:

Scalar and vector fields, partial differentiation, chain rule, gradient, directional derivative, Lagrange multiplier.

Multiple integral:

Double and triple integrals and their applications.

First order ordinary differential equation:

Solving differential equations: separable equations, homogenous and non-homogenous equations, linear and non-linear equations, exact and non-exact equations, Bernoulli equation and Ricatti equation.

Second and higher order ordinary differential equation:

Linear and homogeneous equations, non-homogeneous equations with method of undetermined coefficients, variation of parameters, reduction of order, D-operator, power series and Euler's equation.

Laplace transform:

Definition and basic properties, step function, Direct Delta, Heaviside function, Laplace transform method for solving ODE.

Numerical solutions:

Taylor, Euler and Runge Kutta methods for solving ODE.

EBP 105/3 – Engineering Mechanics

Objective: To provide students with the fundamental concepts and principles of rigid bodies in statics and dynamics equilibrium.

Synopsis: This course is an introduction to the mechanics of rigid bodies. It is divided into two areas: Statics and Dynamics. In Statics, the student will learn the fundamental concepts and principles of rigid bodies in static

equilibrium. In Dynamics, the student will learn the fundamental concepts and principles of the accelerated motion of a body (a particle). Consideration is given on the fundamental of mechanics and structure analysis, including concepts of free body diagram as well as force, moment, couples, kinematic of motion, momentum, impulse, conservation of energy and equilibrium analyses in two and three dimensions.

EBB 113/3 - Engineering Materials

Objective: Students are expected to acquire the fundamental knowledge on engineering materials especially on the classification of materials, properties and applications.

Synopsis: The course is an introductory course on engineering materials which is divided into two main parts. The first part includes the classifications of engineering materials that determine their applicability, the structure of the materials explained by bonding scheme of different materials, the structure of crystalline solids and introduction to imperfection in solids and diffusion mechanism. The first part also includes the introduction of phase diagram. The second part covers the behaviors and characteristics of engineering materials including mechanical and electrical properties. In general, this introductory materials science and engineering course deals with the different material types (i.e., metals, ceramics, polymers, composites), as well as the various kinds of properties exhibited by these materials (i.e., mechanical, electrical, magnetic, etc.) which intended to equip the students with necessary knowledge on material science and engineering.

EBS 110/2 - Engineering Drawing

Objective: To give basic knowledge in drawing concept applicable to engineering.

Synopsis: This course emphasizes on basic engineering design and drawings through manual method and by using CAD software. It covers basic methodology for traditional and concurrent design as well as basic engineering graphic principles such as drawing size, line styles, texts, conventional symbols, orthographic and isometric projection, multi-view drawings, dimensioning, section, part list and assembly and production drawings as well as standards in engineering drawing.

EBP 103/3 - Polymer Organic Chemistry

Objective: To introduce and expose students to carbon compounds and organic polymers, types of polymerization and general reactions of polymers.

Synopsis: This course will focus on the carbon compounds and organic polymer. Topics that will be covered include carbon compound and chemical bonds, alcohols, ethers, unsaturated systems, aromatic compounds, carboxylic acids, amine, phenols and aryl halides together with their reactions structural analysis through FTIR spectroscopy. In addition, the course will also covers classification of polymerization, types of polymer synthesis, mechanism of free radical polymerization, cationic polymerization, anionic polymerization and step-growth polymerization, as well as general reaction of polymers.

EBB 160/3 - Physical Chemistry of Engineering Materials

Objective: Students are expected to be able to understand the basic concept of thermodynamics, kinetics and electrochemistry.

Synopsis: This course covers topics on introduction to thermodynamics, kinetics and electrochemistry. The concepts of mass and energy conservation (1st law) and reversibility (2nd law) applied to closed and open (control volume) systems. Thermochemistry, stoichiometry, chemical equilibrium, reaction kinetics. Relations between state functions and their derivatives. Total differentials, partial differentials and their meaning. Introductory description of thermodynamic energy functions (U, H, A and G), departure functions and thermodynamic reference states. Kinetics of reaction-effects of reactant and product concentration, determination order of reaction, effect of temperature on reaction kinetics, activation energy, catalysis. Electrolytes, conductance, electrode potentials, Galvanic cell, determination of emf electrode potential, thermodynamics of electrochemical cell, Nernst equation, Electrolysis, Faraday's Law.

EAS 152/3 - Strength of Materials

Objective: To equip students with basic knowledge about fundamental principles that governs the strength and stiffness of deformable bodies.

Synopsis: Tension, compression and shear, Axially loaded bars, Torsionally loaded circular bars, Laterally loaded beams, Deflection, Stress and strain analysis, Columns.

EUM 114/3 – Advanced Engineering Calculus

Objective: This course covers the concepts of linear algebra, Fourier series, partial differential equation and vector calculus. This course will provide students with a variety of engineering examples and applications based on the above topics

Synopsis: Linear algebra:
Determinants, inverse matrix, Cramer's rule, Gauss elimination, LU (Doolittle and Crout), eigen value and vector eigen, system of linear equation, numerical method for solving linear equation: Gause Seidel and Jacobian.

Fourier series:
Dirichlet condition, Fourier series expansion, function defined over a finite interval, half- range cosine and sine series.

Vector Calculus:
Introduction to vectors, vector differentiation, vector integration: line, surface and volume, Green's, Stoke's and Gauss Div theorems.

Partial differential equation:
Method for solving the first and second order PDE, linear and non linear PDE, wave, heat and Laplace equations.

EML 101/2 – Engineering Practice

Objective: To provide the exposure and basic knowledge of hands-on engineering practices that includes the academic aspects as well as practical trainings in learning and teaching of common engineering workshop works and also to optimize the use of available resources in the laboratory.

Synopsis: Trainings are based on theoretical and practical concepts which consists of manufacturing process; computer numerical control (CNC), lathe, mill and thread machining, joint process, arc welding, gas welding and MIG welding, metrology measurement, electric and electronic circuits, and safety practice in laboratory and workshop.

EEU104/3 – Electrical Technology

Objective: This course introduces students to the fundamental concepts and electrical elements. This course covers direct current (DC) circuit analysis, alternate current (AC) one-phase circuit analysis, three-phase AC circuit analysis, and electromagnetic circuits.

Synopsis:

Units, Definitions, Experimental Laws and Simple Circuits

System of units, charge, current, voltage, and power types of circuits and elements. Ohm's law, Kirchhoff's laws, analysis of a single-loop current, single node-pair circuit, resistance and source combination, voltage and current division.

Circuit Analysis Techniques

Nodal and mesh analyses, linearity and superposition, source transformations, Thevenin's and Norton's theorems.

Inductance and Capacitance

The V-I relations for inductor and capacitor, inductor and capacitor combinations, duality, linearity and its consequences.

Source-free Transient Response of R-L and R-C Circuits

Simple R-L and R-C circuits, exponential response of source free R-L, R-C circuits.

Response to Unit Step Forcing Function

Response of R-L and R_C circuits to unit step forcing functions.

Response to Sinusoidal Forcing Function

Characteristic of sinusoidal forcing functions, response of R-L and R-C circuits to sinusoidal forcing functions.

Phasor Concept

The complex forcing function, the phasor, phasor relationships for R, L and C, impedance and admittance

Average Power and RMS Values

Instantaneous power, average power, effective values of current and voltage, apparent power and power factor, complex power.

Power System Circuits

An overview of single and three phase systems, wye and delta configurations of three circuits, wye and delta transformations, and power calculations in three phase systems.

Magnetic Circuits and Devices

Concept and laws of magnetism and analysis of transformers. Introduction to electromechanical energy conversion, operation of machines as generators and motors, power loss, efficiency and operations at maximum efficiency.

EBP 201/3 - Polymer Synthesis and Reaction Engineering

Objective: To introduce the concept of polymer synthesis comprising of mechanism, copolymerization and reactor system during polymer synthesis

Synopsis: This course introduces concepts and principles of polymer reaction engineering. It covers polymerization mechanisms and kinetics, polymerization processes and polymerization reactors. This course is designed to expose student to the reaction parameters that affect properties of polymer and how these parameter could be modified to tailor the properties of the polymer. The course also emphasis issues related to the polymerization reactors and control.

EBP 202/3 - Polymer Structure

Objective: For students to understand polymer structures, dimension of polymer chain, transition theory, polymer molecule orientation and the application of various microscopy techniques to investigate structures of polymers.

Synopsis: This course will focus on structure of polymers in their amorphous and crystalline state. Topics that will be covered include polymer chain dimensions, conformation, configuration and statistical analysis of polymer chain. For the amorphous state, subjects such as five regions of viscoelastic behaviour, glass transition theories, secondary transitions and measurement methods for transitions in polymers will be discussed. As for the crystalline state, topics including polymer crystal structure, polymer crystallisation, melting of polymers and methods of monitoring morphological changes will be covered, in addition, topics regarding polymer molecular orientation and the use several characterisation techniques such as microscopy and X-ray diffraction in polymer studies will also be introduced.

EBP 203/3 - Plastic Materials

Objective: To introduce plastics and types of plastic, plastic compounding and additives used in plastic compounding, plastic database, material selection, the issue of plastic recycling, processing and properties of different types of plastics.

Synopsis: This course will discussed about plastic data base and material selection (definition, software used etc.), specific plastic material, plastic properties and applications, plastic compounding process and additives (identification and selection of additives) and issues relating to recycling of plastic materials.

EUP 222/3 - Engineers in Society

Objective: To provide knowledge on ethics, management, law and financial accounting related to engineering industry and the related framework necessary for the effective conduct to the society and industry.

Synopsis: This course provides exposure to students the fundamentals principles of engineering ethics such as code of engineering ethics and the responsibility of a professional engineer, basic law covering introduction to Malaysian Laws, engineering accounts and basic introduction to management theory.

EBB 250/2 - Computer Methods for Engineers

Objective: To give exposure about several vital computer techniques in engineering - Visual Basic, Excel.

Synopsis: The course covers the basic of programming related to engineering environment. Visual Basic has been chosen as programming language because of its easy to implement and its object oriented methods. Students are also introduced to various concepts of programming logics, types of data, decision making, procedural and advanced database object. Basic fundamental of MySQL technique of implementation and data linking are also covered.

EBP 204/3 - Elastomeric Materials

Objective: To expose students to basic concept of rubber/elastomer processing, type of elastomers and their classification, the behaviour of these rubber/elastomers, type of fillers that are commonly used and also testing on vulcanizate properties

Synopsis: This course covers topics on visco-elastic concept and rubber elasticity, raw rubber properties including plasticity, plastic retention index, and Mooney viscosity. The course also covers types of rubber including natural rubber, modified natural rubber, SBR, EPDM, IR, BR, CR, NBR, CSM etc with their properties and applications. It also discusses rubber curing and kinetic of vulcanization; curemeter and curing characteristics such as scorch and cure time. It also covers about crosslinks density measured using Mooney-Rivlin and Flory-Rehner equations and their effects on properties, sulphur vulcanization and other types of vulcanization systems such as peroxide, moisture, radiation etc. Fillers and reinforcement. This course also covers the different types of filler, factors which determine the degree of reinforcement, the importance of filler dispersion and various reinforcement theories. It also includes the vulcanizate testing and interpretation: stress-strain, hardness, tearing, compression set, etc.

EBP 207/2 - Transport Phenomena in Polymers

Objective: To give exposure to students regarding transport phenomena and its importance in Polymer Engineering field.

Synopsis: The course covers the basic concepts of transport phenomena and its application in Polymer Engineering. These include general equations used in the discussion of transport phenomena such as Newton's Law on viscosity, Fourier's Law for heat transfer and Fick's Law on diffusion process in polymer processing unit operation. Discussions on heat transfer problem in polymer processing, for example, plasticization / melting, product cooling process, its role in injection moulding, heat generation due to "viscous dissipation", etc., will be put forward. Besides that, the role of mass transfer in Polymer Engineering application and introduction to important transport properties will also be covered.

EBP 212/3 - Latex Processing

Objective: To enhance student knowledge on latex, methods of producing latex products and to train students in problem solving related to latex products.

Synopsis: This course covers topics on introduction to latex types, class and properties and various testing used to determine properties of latex. The course also covers on how to understand a mechanism of film forming from latex and factors that controls the film properties. It also includes ingredient for compounding, preparation, techniques to measure curing state and curing mechanism for latex compounds. The course also includes the understanding of several techniques used to produce latex products with the testing involved together with problem solving during production of latex products. It also discuss problems with waste generate during latex processing and steps to minimize the problems and explain the allergy problems that exist because of latex compound ingredients, n-nitrosoamine generate that evaporated, and protein contents that can be absorbed in the latex products.

EBP 215/3 – Polymer in Electronics

Objective: To introduce and expose the student to semiconductor materials including their physical and chemical properties, and their applications in semiconductor devices

Synopsis: This course will focus on use polymers in electronic application. Several types of polymers and their characteristic will be introduced particularly the conductivity and dielectric properties. Basic fabrication and electronic packaging involving polymer will be introduced. Emphasis

will be made on material selection, design problem solving involving photolithography and electronic packaging.

EBP 216/2 - Polymer Engineering Laboratory

Objective: To introduce students to polymer synthesis methods and techniques for physical and chemical testing according to ASTM standard.

Synopsis: This laboratory has been divided into 10 experiments that cover 14 weeks of laboratory work (total 56 hours of lab. hour).

Contents of these 10 experiments are as follows:

- i. Polystyrene emulsion polymerization:** Preparation of polystyrene sample using emulsion polymerization and investigate the effects of surfactant concentration on the rate of polymerization.
- ii. Phenol-formaldehyde resin formation:** Investigate resin formation in acid or alkali conditions and to determine reaction progress based on formation of free formaldehyde and study the curing properties.
- iii. Estimation of gel time and curing time for unsaturated polyester:** Investigation of curing reaction for commercial unsaturated polyester resin by observing effects of curing agents on the gel time and curing time.
- iv. Synthesis and Study of chemical stability of Polyimide:** To synthesis a polyimide through condensation polymerisation, performing step thermal curing and investigating chemical stability test of the polymer in various solvents.
- v. Determination of M_v of polystyrene using Mark Houwink equation:** Solution viscosity of polystyrene synthesised from exp. 1 is used to determine its M_v using Mark Houwink equation.
- vi. Cold drawing and anisotropy of polymeric materials:** Isotropic properties will be introduced to sample with isotropic property using cold drawing. Anisotropy properties that exist will be studied.
- vii. Annealing of polymeric materials:** Polymer samples will be rolled using two roll mill and anisotropy conditions are introduced. Sample will be annealed at temperature below melting temperature and anisotropy properties will be studied.
- viii. Flexural properties of polymeric materials:** To investigate flexure properties of polymeric materials by using cantilever beam.

- ix. Creep properties of polymeric materials:** To investigate creep properties of polymeric materials.
- x. Impact strength of polymeric materials:** Determination of impact strength for polymeric materials by using falling weight method with different condition.

EBB 300/3 : Engineering Statistics & Mathematical Modeling

Objective: Strengthening knowledge and skills in mathematical modeling to provide students in understanding engineering mathematics concepts then able to formulate and solve engineering problems.

Synopsis: This course covers the topics: The role of experimental design in engineering fundamentals and applications of experimental design such as sampling distributions, data analysis, factorial design, regression and correlation. Provide an understanding of the concept of complex numbers. Provides approaches to problem solving and mathematical modeling rules.

EBP 302/3 - Mould and Die Design

Objective: To introduce students with mould and die design techniques in producing polymer products

Synopsis: Selection criterion for selecting materials for mould and die which include design criterion and detailed analysis using computer design software; design of 2-plate mould, multiple-plate mould, runnerless mould, side core etc.; die design to produce rod, tube, sheet and profile will be put forward. Flow characteristics in mould and gate; calculations of parameters for mould feed system, force to eject product, distortion of product wall, and the variables for mould cooling will be discussed. Flow characteristics in die, pressure gradient, die dimensions, and output of die will also be discussed. Designing of mould or die for a specific polymer product using manual technique and computer (CAD) will be introduced.

EBP 306/3 - Engineering Properties of Polymeric Materials

Objective: To give explanation to students regarding the fundamental aspect of polymer physics that covers rubber elasticity, failure and yield and fracture behaviours.

Synopsis: This subject covers the fundamental aspect of polymer physics. It involves the stress-strain relationship viz definition, curve, temperature and effect of strain rates. It also covers rubber elasticity including network, thermodynamic, statistical theory of rubber elasticity, elasticity network, stress-strain behaviour, network defects and phenomenological theory. Deformation and yield behaviour for instance necking and crazing failure and also molecular model rubber reinforced plastic. It also discusses on linear viscoelastic viz stress relaxation, Boltzmann superposition principle, creep test, time-temperature superposition conditions, relaxation behaviour. Besides that polymer cracking for instance ductile-brittle change, strength theory, Griffith theory, visco-elastic, mechanical failure, fatigue and environmental stress cracking will be put forward. It also covers the testing which includes the specification and sampling standard procedure and finally testing techniques.

EBP 308/3 - Rubber: Processing and Products

Objective: To introduce the student various rubber processing techniques, various types of synthetic rubber, rubber-rubber blends, rubber-plastic blends, rubber waste recycling and various production of rubber products.

Synopsis: Rubber processing - compounding techniques, molding and vulcanization. Preparation, vulcanization and properties of synthetic rubbers: butadiene, styrene butadiene, butyl, nitrile, ethylene propylene, thermoplastic elastomer, silicone etc. Rubber products manufacture such as tire, shoes, hose, household and engineering product. Rubber compounds - compounding principle, factors that effecting compounds, the use of compatible agent in compounds, co-vulcanization agents and co-vulcanization behavior and several examples of compound products. Rubber-plastic or thermoplastic elastomer compounds - principle and aim, criteria for compounding, chemical/physics or mixed compounds, rubber reinforced plastic, dynamic vulcanization and several examples of TPE. Rubber recycling - environmental consideration, the need for recycling, latex products such as gloves, dry rubber products such as tire etc. Research innovation- new rubbers, novel vulcanization and rubber reinforcement, rubber compounds and TPE with current recycling techniques.

EBP 310/3 - Plastic Processing

Objective: To expose students to various techniques to produce products from plastics.

Synopsis: The main focus of this course is to emphasize on the aspects of technique to produce plastic product such as extrusion, extrusion blown film, injection moulding and so forth including factors that control the quality of plastic products.

EBP 320/2 - Rubber Laboratory

Objective: To introduce the rubber processing techniques and also tests that should be conducted on a rubber product.

Synopsis: This course covers experiments involved in rubber processing and testing. The experiments will involve on viscosity and plasticity of raw rubber; processing of rubber involving with mixing and compounding; curing; rubber vulcanization. Experiments also cover on rubber testing that include tensile and tearing tests; hardness, resilience, compression set, accelerated ageing and determination of cross-link density. It also covers an experiment that comparing tensile properties and hardness between natural rubber and synthetic rubber and effects of addition of different fillers on hardness, resilience and compression set.

EUP 301/3 - Engineering Management

Objective: To extend students' knowledge and understanding of the direction and operation of organization in areas of human resources management, marketing management and engineering economics. This course is also meant to develop students' ability to provide analysis and commentary to make decisions of work tasks in engineering activities.

Synopsis: This course introduces the students of the basics of fundamentals of theoretical principles of human resource management, marketing management and engineering economics.

EBB 343/3 – Engineering Materials Characterization

Objective: To give some introduction to materials characterisation methods in theory and applications.

Synopsis: This course is on materials characterization techniques from the theoretical aspect, instrumentation and applications. It covers three topics: (a) Microstructural Analysis (optical microscope, SEM, TEM and SPM), (b) Thermal Analysis (TGA, DTA, DSC, DTMA and TMA) and (c) Spectroscopy: phases and surface analysis (molecular spectroscopy (infra red and Raman), atomic spectroscopy (absorption and emission), x-ray techniques (XRF and XRD) and introduction to surface analysis and ion spectroscopy (SIMS and Auger electron spectroscopy).

EBP 307/2 - Polymer Rheology

Objective: To give students knowledge regarding the basic principles of polymer rheology and the role of polymer rheology in polymer processing.

Synopsis: This course will introduce students to viscoelastic nature of polymers and its association with polymer rheological behaviour which subsequently has significant roles in polymer processing. The subject will also focus on factors affecting the rheological behaviour of polymeric materials such as types of materials, polymer composition and process parameters. In addition, specific rheological behaviour of polymer for example, Newtonian, pseudoplastic, dilatant, etc will be discussed in certain components of the course. Instruments for measurement or characterization of polymer rheological behaviour and the viscoelastic phenomena of polymer fluid like extrudate swell and flow instabilities will also be covered in this course.

EBP 316/2 - Latex Laboratory

Objective: To train students the various test methods used to control the quality of natural rubber latex.

Synopsis: This course covers experiments involved in latex processing and testing. The experiments involved basic test methods to determine latex quality in their chemical composition, colloid stability, and physical properties according to ISO standard. Experiments also cover preparation of latex compound, manufacturing of products from latex using dipping methods and test methods to determine mechanical properties of the latex products. It also covers an experiment that investigates the effects of pre-vulcanization time, fillers and leaching on the tensile properties of latex films.

EBP 317/3 - Advanced Polymer Composites

Objective: To introduce polymer composites from the aspects of materials, processing, and characteristics. To introduce various fundamentals of

mechanical theories of composites. Various aspects of testing of polymer composites are also emphasized.

Synopsis: Composites material: history and classification, polymer composites. Polymer matrix: types of matrix, selection criteria. Inter-phase: bonding mechanisms, inter-phase treatment. Fabrication techniques: Type of fabrication techniques, selection criteria. Composites mechanic: stiffness, strength and elasticity for fiber reinforced composites. Environmental effects: moisture effect, solvent and chemical effect, thermal and thermo-oxidative. Testing and quality assurance: destructive and non-destructive testing, quality assurance. Design protocol and product development.

EBP 324/3 - Polymer Degradation and the Environment

Objective: To introduce and expose students to types of polymer degradation, stabilization of polymers and management of polymer waste

Synopsis: This course will focus on polymer degradation and environment. Topics that will be covered include separation and sorting technique, size reduction of waste plastics, recycling of various plastics, feedstock recycling and Insineration of waste plastics with energy recovery. In addition, topics regarding polymer degradation and stabilization, weathering and biodegradation of polymers will also be introduced.

EBP 314/3 - Resin Manufacturing

Objective: To introduce factors that need to be considered in the production of resin starting from plant design to manufacturing, compounding processes, resin properties and resin applications.

Synopsis: Plant design: Introduction to plant design, development process of plant design, general considerations for designing, material selection and fabrication. Manufacturing, compounding, processing, characteristics and application for (1) thermoset resins such as alkyd, phenolic, aminoplast, polyester, epoxy, polyurethane, and silicone; (2) commercial and engineering thermoplastic resins such as polyolefin, vinyl, polystyrene and copolymer, polyamide, synthetic rubber; (3) specialty polymeric resins and heat resistance types such as polyimide, polybenzimidazole, LCP and others.

EBP 311/3- Polymer Analytical Methods and Failure Analysis

Objective: Introducing to students the analytical techniques for polymer and applying these techniques during polymer failure analysis.

Synopsis: This course introduces analytical testing methods for polymer in conjunction with failure analysis of polymer products. This course will not delve into techniques of general materials characterization except where the method differs when applied to polymers. Instead, the methods studied will typically be aimed at the elemental and structural characterization, thermo-mechanical characterization, dynamic testing and accelerated testing. The benefits of the methodologies is utilised in assessing the mode and the cause of the polymer product failure. The description of failure analysis is supplemented by a series of case studies and the use computer-aided tools/software in failure analysis of polymer product is included.

EBP 350/5 - Industrial Training

Objective: To give students experience regarding real working environment in related industries

Synopsis: Students will get their placement at various industrial sectors related to polymer engineering. This is a ten-week industrial training during long vacation i.e. after the second semester final examination (third year level). They should experience the real exposure as an engineer in this field. Students will be given training on various aspects such as analysis, design, management, quality control and economy, which related to their career as a polymer engineer. This is a compulsory training.

EBP 400/3 – Polymer Product Design and Development

Objective: To give students knowledge on important aspects in polymer product design, starting from material selection until towards commercialized product

Synopsis: This course will focus on the factors that are interrelated in product design, development, and manufacturing. Students have to apply their own knowledge and other references in producing a full report on the design of the product. It begins with product design and life cycle considerations in the design and manufacture. Materials and process selection, together with their effect on the design and manufacturing and followed by discussions of the economic factor are also emphasized. This course also focuses on the use of computer-aided tools/software in the product design process.

EBP 401 - Final Year Research Project

Objective: To train students in the aspect of planning and implementing a research project as well as writing a project dissertation.

Synopsis: This course offers platform for students to enhance their knowledge in Polymer Engineering which have been acquired prior to this course. Each student is given a title for an individual research project. Research components that are covered in this course include conducting literature review, analysis of previous work on the given title, research experimental design, experimental set up and executing the experimental work itself. Data collection and analysis, discussion, report writing will be addressed when students prepare their final dissertation. Lastly, the students will be tested with an oral presentation where each student is required to present and defend their research findings in front of a panel of examiners.

EBP 415/3 - Fiber Processing

Objective: To introduce students to polymeric materials normally used to make fibers, process involved in making fibers and fiber applications

Synopsis: Introduction to fiber: classification and definition. Introduction to fiber forming polymers. Processing and manufacturing of fiber: polymer solubility, preparation of spinning solution, fiber formation, wet spinning, dry spinning and melt spinning. Fiber after modification: coloring, finishing, lubricating and others. Fiber drawing processes: stretching and orientation as well as drawing techniques. Thermal treatment: techniques of thermal treatment and effect of thermal treatment on fiber properties. Fiber properties: geometrical characteristics of structure, physical, chemical and factors that influence fiber properties. Product and fiber applications.

EBP 418/2 - Plastic Laboratory

Objective: To introduce techniques for compounding, processing and testing of plastic materials

Synopsis: The course contains 10 experiments that cover various types of polymer processing and compounding techniques for both thermoplastic and thermosets. In this course, several characterization techniques will be conducted by students in order to evaluate parameters that are investigated in each experiment.

Experiment 1: Studies on polymer melt flow - To measure and study the melt flow behavior of polymer, and its relationship with polymer processing parameter.

Experiment 2: Shrinkage and warpage analysis of injection moulded products using Cadmould software - To understand and evaluate the effect of processing parameters on shrinkage and warpage of injection moulded products using Cadmould simulation software.

Experiment 3: Preparation of poly(vinyl chloride) compounds - To prepare and characterize the inorganic filler filled PVC compounds

Experiment 4: Studies on extrusion technique - To study the effects of extrusion processing parameter on the melt flow and quality for extrudate.

Experiment 5: Studies on blow film extrusion - To study the effects of blow molding processing parameter on the mechanical properties of thermoplastic film.

Experiment 6: Thermoforming of thermoplastics - To study the concept of thermoforming and determine the optimum processing condition of thermoplastics.

Experiment 7: Polymer identification - To identify polymeric materials by using simple technique

Experiment 8: Studies on injection molding - To determine the optimum cooling time of injection-molded thermoplastic samples.

Experiment 9: Plastics compounding by internal mixer - To determine the factors that influences the effectiveness of plastic compounding process by internal mixer

Experiment 10: Preparation of thermoset composites - To prepare and characterize the properties of thermoset composites.

EBP 420/2 - Rubber Engineering

Objective: To introduce students to fundamental principles of rubber engineering and design of several rubber products.

Synopsis: The main focus of this course covers an application of mathematics in rubber elasticity including classical, statistical, and phenomenological theory. It also covers an effects of reinforcement on Young's, shear, and bulk elasticity moduli and concept and behavior of force-deformation including compression, shear, combined compression and shear, torque,

bending and buckling. The course also covers the effects of structure and lamination; models of inclined rubber mounting and slender column and application in bridge bearing, dock fender, and others. It also include dynamic mechanical behavior with storage and loss modulus, $\tan \delta$, damping and hysteresis, vibrate isolation and transmissibility. The course also covers about the strength and mechanical fatigue of rubbers, tire as a engineering product which include wet grip, rolling resistance and application of finite elements analysis (FEA) in prediction of rubber engineering products.

EBB 428/3 - Occupational Safety and Health

Objective: To give exposure to students about the health and safety requirement in industry.

Synopsis: Introduction to holistic and global occupational safety and health (OSH) engineering concepts towards efficient industrial development, significance of occupational safety and health in quality assurance, complemented by professional and ethical responsibilities towards safety in the industry. Major course components towards competence in occupational safety and health engineering include importance of OSH in national development, OSH legislation, benefits of OSH training and professionalism, OSH management policies and protocols, OSH performance monitoring, OSH assessment and audit techniques, hazard identification, risk assessment and implementation of safe worksite practices.

EBB 342/3 - Quality Control and Management

Objective: To develop students knowledge on quality concepts, control, improvement, and management.

Synopsis: This course presents knowledge and demonstrates skills necessary to structure, manage, maintain, and improve quality of an organization. Topics include: Introduction to quality, management aspects of quality, statistical methods to control and improve quality, and concept of reliability.

EBB 323/3 - Fabrication Technology of Semiconductor

Objective: To introduce silicon wafer production technology and integrated circuits.

Synopsis: This course focuses on the major process technologies used in the fabrication of integrated circuits (ICs) and other semiconductor devices.

Each lecture topic covers important scientific aspects of silicon wafer processing steps. Topics include: crystal growth and wafer preparation, crystal purification techniques, contamination control, oxidation, diffusion, ion implantation, lithography, thin film deposition technology, etching, metallization, process integration, electronic packaging and yield.

EBP 412/3 - Specialty Engineering Polymer

Objective: To introduce several type of polymers used in special applications including electrical/electronic, medical and advanced engineering fields. Relationship between structure and properties will be discussed as well as the processing methods that involve advanced technology.

Synopsis: This course is focused on few types of specialty polymers which are used for specialized applications, such as fluoropolymers, liquid crystal polymers, biodegradable polymers, polymers for electronic and medical applications and polymer used in heavy engineering applications. The correlation of the structure, processing, properties and applications of various types of specialty polymers are also presented in the course.

3.0 ACADEMIC SYSTEM AND GENERAL INFORMATION

3.1 Course Registration

Registration of courses is an important activity during the period of study at the university. It is the first step for the students to sit for the examination at the end of each semester. Signing up for the right courses each semester will help to facilitate the graduation of each student from the first semester till the final semester.

3.1.1 Course Registration Secretariat for the Bachelor Degree and University's Diploma Students

Student Records Unit
Academic Management Division
Registry
Level 1, Chancellory Building

Tel. No.	:	04-653 2925/2924/2923
Fax No.	:	04-657 4641
E-Mail	:	sdrp@usm.my
Website	:	http://bpa.usm.my/index.php/ms/

3.1.2 Course Registration Platform

(i) *E-Daftar* (E-Registration)

E-Daftar is a platform for online course registration. The registration is done directly through the Campus Online portal.

Registration under *E-Daftar* for Semester 1 usually starts after the release of Official examination results of Semester 2.

For Semester 2, registration will start after the Semester 1 Official examination results are released until before Semester 2 begins. Meanwhile for Courses During the Long Vacation (KSCP) period, registration will be open one month after Semester 2 examination.

The date of registration under *E-Daftar* will be announced to the students during the Revision Week of every semester and will be displayed in the USM's official website.

Under *E-Daftar*, students can register for any courses offered by USM, except co-curriculum courses. Registration of co-curriculum courses is still placed under the administration of the Director of the Centre for Co-Curriculum Programme at the Main

Campus or the Coordinator of the Co-Curriculum Programme at the Engineering Campus and the Coordinator of the Co-Curriculum Programme at the Health Campus.

Co-Curriculum courses will be included in the students' course registration account prior to the *E-Daftar* activity, if their pre-registration application is successful.

Access to *E-Daftar* System

- a. *E-Daftar* System can be accessed through the Campus Online portal (<https://campusonline.usm.my>).
- b. Students need to use their USM E-mail ID and password to access their profile page, which includes the *E-Daftar* menu.
- c. Students need to print the course registration confirmation slip upon completion of the registration process or after updating the course registration list (add/ drop) within the *E-Daftar* period.

(ii) Course Registration at Schools/Centres

Registration activities are conducted at the Schools/Centres and are applicable to students who are academically active and under Probation (P1/P2) status. Students who face difficulties registering their courses during the *E-Daftar* period can register their courses during the official period of course registration alternatively.

The official period for registration normally starts on the first day of the semester until 6th week based on Academic Calendar. After this official date, the registration will be considered late and a penalty of RM50.00 will be imposed if no reasonable excuse is given.

After week six, all registration, including adding and dropping of courses will be administered by the Examination and Graduation Unit, Academic Management Division, Registry.

3.1.3 General Guidelines before Students Register for Courses

- (i) Information and documents required to be referred to by students before course registration:
 - a. Refer to the respective School's website to get updated information for courses offered or course registration.

- b. Decide on courses to be registered according to the semester as stipulated in the Study Programme Guide Book.
- c. List the courses to be registered and number of units (unit value) for each course.
- d. Print Cumulative Statement of Grades (Cangred).
- e. Check Teaching and Learning Timetable for the courses that you need to register (to avoid overlapping in timetable).
- f. Read and comprehend the reminders regarding policies/general requirements for the course registration.

(ii) The number of maximum and minimum units that can be registered in every semester **is** stated below:

Academic Status	PNG	Minimum Units	Maximum Units
Active	2.00 & Above	9	21
P1	1.99 & Below	9	12
P2		9	10

- Students who meet the minimum period of residency (6 semesters for a 3 year programme, 7 semesters for a 3.5 year programme or 8 semesters for a 4 year programme) are allowed to register courses with a total of less than 9 units. The semester in which the student is on leave is not considered for the residency period.

(iii) Type of course codes during registration:

T = Core courses	}	Grade and number of units obtained from these courses are considered for graduation
E = Elective courses		
M = Minor courses		
U = University courses		

Two (2) other course codes are:

Y = audit courses	}	Grade and number of units obtained are not considered for graduation
Z = prerequisite courses		

- (iv) Advice and approval of the Academic Advisor
- (v) Students are not allowed to register and repeat any course for which they have achieved a grade 'C' and above.

3.1.4 Information/Document Given to All Students through Campus Online Portal (<https://campusonline.usm.my>)

- (i) The information of Academic Advisor.
- (ii) Academic information such as academic status, GPA value, CGPA value and year of study.
- (iii) Canged and Course Registration Form.
- (iv) List of courses offered by all Schools/Centres.
- (v) Teaching and Learning Timetable for all Schools/Centres/Units from the three campuses.
- (vi) List of pre-registered courses which have been added into the students' course registration record (if any).
- (vii) Reminders about the University course registration policies/general requisites.

3.1.5 Registration of Language and Co-Curricular Courses

- (i) Registration of Language courses through *E-Daftar* is allowed.
 - a. However, if any problem arises, registration for language courses can still be carried out/updated during the official period of OCR at the office of the School of Languages, Literacies and Translation.
 - b. All approval/registration/dropping/adding of language courses is under the responsibility and administration of the School of Languages, Literacies and Translation.
 - c. Any problems related to the registration of language courses can be referred to the School of Languages, Literacies and Translation. The contact details are as follows:

General Office	: 04-653 4542/ 5243/ 5248	} for Main Campus students
Malay Language Programme Chairperson	: 04-653 3974	
English Language Programme Chairperson	: 04-653 3406	
Foreign Language Programme Chairperson	: 04-653 3396	
Engineering Campus Programme Chairperson	: 04-599 5407 : 04-599 6385	
Health Campus Programme Chairperson	: 09-767 1252	

- (ii) Registration for **co-curricular courses** through *E-Daftar* is not allowed.

- a. Registration for co-curricular courses is either done through pre-registration before the semester begins or during the first/second week of the semester. Co-curricular courses will be included in the students' course registration account prior to the *E-Daftar* activity, if their pre-registration application is successful.
- b. All approval/registration/dropping/adding of co-curricular courses is under the responsibility and administration of:

Director of the Centre for Co-Curricular Programme, Main Campus (04-653 5242/5243/5248)

Coordinator of the Centre for Co-Curricular Programme, Engineering Campus (04-599 5097/6385)

Coordinator of the Centre for Co-Curricular Programme, Health Campus (09-767 7547)

- (iii) **Dropping of Language and Co-Curricular courses, if necessary, must be made within the first week.** After the first week, a fine of RM50.00 will be imposed for each course.

3.1.6 Registration of 'Audit' Courses (Y code)

Registration for the 'Audit' course (Y code) **is not allowed on the *E-Daftar***. It can be done during the official period of OCR at the School or Centre involved.

Students who are interested must complete the course registration form which can be printed from the Campus Online Portal or obtained directly from the School. Approval from the lecturers of the courses and the Dean/ Deputy Dean (Academic) of the respective school is required.

Registration of 'Audit' courses (Y code) is not included in the calculation of the total registered workload units. Grades obtained from 'Audit' course are not considered in the calculation of CGPA and total units for graduation.

3.1.7 Registration of Prerequisite Courses (Z code)

Registration of Prerequisite courses (Z code) is included in the total registered workload (units). Grades obtained from the Prerequisite courses are not considered in the calculation of CGPA and units for graduation.

3.1.8 Late Course Registration and Late Course Addition

Late course registration and addition are not allowed after the official period of the OCR ends unless with valid reasons. General information on this matter is as follows:

- (i) **Late course registration and addition are only allowed in the first to the third week** with the approval of the dean. Students will be fined RM50.00 if the reasons given are not acceptable.
- (ii) Application to add a course **after the third week** will not be considered, except for special cases approved by the University.

3.1.9 Dropping of Courses

Dropping of courses is allowed until the **end of the sixth week**.

For this purpose, students must meet the requirements set by the University as follows:

- (i) Dropping Course Form must be completed by the student and signed by the lecturer of the course involved and the Dean/Deputy Dean of their respective Schools and submitted to the general office of the School/Centre which is responsible for offering the courses involved.
- (ii) Students who wish to drop a language course must obtain the signature and stamp of the Dean/Deputy Dean (Academic) of the School of Languages, Literacies and Translation.
- (iii) Students who wish to drop the Co-Curricular courses must obtain the approval of the Director/Co-ordinator of Co-Curricular Programme.
- (iv) The option for dropping courses cannot be misused. Lecturers have the right not to approve the course that the student wishes to drop if the student is not serious, such as poor attendance record at lectures, tutorials and practical, as well as poor performance in coursework. The student will be barred from sitting for the examination and will be given grade 'X' and is not allowed to repeat the course during the *Courses during the Long Vacation* (KSCP) period.

3.1.10 Course Registration Confirmation Slip

The course registration confirmation slip that has been printed/obtained after registering the course should be checked carefully to ensure there are no errors, especially the code type of the registered courses.

Any data errors for course registration must be corrected immediately whether during the period of *E-Daftar* (for students with active status only) or during the registration period at the Schools.

3.1.11 Revising and Updating Data/Information/Students' Personal and Academic Records

Personal and academic information for each student can be checked through the Campus Online portal.

Students are advised to always check all the information displayed on this website.

- (i) The office of the Student Data and Records Unit must be notified of any application/notification for correction/updating of personal data such as the spelling of names, identification card number and address (permanent address and correspondence address).
- (ii) The office of the Student Data and Records Unit must be notified of any application/ notification for correction of academic data such as information on major, minor, MUET result and the course code.

3.1.12 Academic Advisor

Each School will appoint an Academic Advisor for each student. Academic Advisors will advise their students under their responsibility on academic matters.

3.2 Interpretation of Unit/Credit/Course

3.2.1 Unit

Each course is given a value, which is called a **UNIT**. The unit is determined by the scope of its syllabus and the workload for the students. In general, a unit is defined as follows:

Type of Course	Definition of Unit
Theory	1 unit is equivalent to 1 contact hour per week for 13 – 14 weeks in one semester
Practical/Laboratory/ Language Proficiency	1 unit is equivalent to 1.5 contact hours per week for 13 – 14 hours in one semester
Industrial Training/ Teaching Practice	1 unit is equivalent to 2 weeks of training

Based on the requirements of Malaysian Qualifications Framework (MQF):

One unit is equivalent to 40 hours of student learning time

[1 unit = 40 hours of Student Learning Time (SLT)]

3.2.2 Accumulated Credit Unit

Units registered and passed are known as credits. To graduate, students must accumulate the total number of credits stipulated for the programme concerned.

3.3 Examination System

Examinations are held at the end of every semester. Students have to sit for the examination of the courses they have registered for except for courses with 100% coursework. Students are required to settle all due fees and fulfil the standing requirements for lectures/tutorials/practical and other requirements before being allowed to sit for the examination of the courses they have registered for. Course evaluation will be based on the two components of coursework and final examinations. Coursework evaluation includes tests, essays, projects, assignments and participation in tutorials.

3.3.1 Duration of Examination

Evaluated Courses	Examination Duration
2 units	1 hour for coursework of more than 40%
2 units	2 hours for coursework of 40% and below
3 units or more	2 hours for coursework of more than 40%
3 units or more	3 hours for coursework of 40% and below

3.3.2 Barring from Examination

Students will be barred from sitting for the final examination if they do not fulfil at least 70% of the course requirements, such as absence from lectures and tutorials, and have not completed/fulfilled the required components of coursework. A grade 'X' would be awarded for a course for which a student is barred. Students will not be allowed to repeat the course during the *Courses During the Long Vacation (KSCP)* period.

3.3.3 Grade Point Average System

Students' academic achievement for registered courses will be graded as follows:

Alphabetic Grade	A	A-	B+	B	B-	C+	C	C-	D+	D	D-	F
Grade Points	4.00	3.67	3.33	3.00	2.67	2.33	2.00	1.67	1.33	1.00	0.67	0

Students who obtained a grade 'C-' and below for a particular course would be given a chance to improve their grades by repeating the course during the KSCP (see below) or normal semester. Students who obtained a grade 'C' and above for a particular course are not allowed to repeat the course whether during KSCP or normal semester.

The achievement of students in any semester is based on Grade Point Average (GPA) achieved from all the registered courses in a particular semester. GPA is the indicator to determine the academic performance of students in any semester.

CGPA is the Cumulative Grade Point Average accumulated by a student from one semester to another during the years of study.

The formula to compute GPA and CGPA is as follows:

$$\text{Grade Point Average} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n U_i M_i}{\sum_{i=1}^n U_i}$$

where:

n = Number of courses taken
 U_i = Course units for course i
 M_i = Grade point for course i

Example of calculation for GPA and CGPA:

	Course	Unit	Grade Point (GP)	Grade (G)	Total GP
Semester I	ABC XX1	4	3.00	B	12.00
	ABC XX2	4	2.33	C+	9.32
	BCD XX3	3	1.67	C-	5.01
	CDE XX4	4	2.00	C	8.00
	EFG XX5	3	1.33	D+	3.99
	EFG XX6	2	2.67	B-	5.34
		20			43.66

$$\text{GPA} = \frac{43.66}{20} = 2.18$$

	Course	Unit	Grade Point (GP)	Grade (G)	Total GP
Semester II	ABC XX7	3	1.00	D	3.00
	ABB XX8	4	2.33	C+	9.32
	BBC XX9	4	2.00	C	8.00
	BCB X10	4	2.67	B-	10.68
	XYZ XX1	3	3.33	B+	9.99
		18			40.99

$$\text{GPA} = \frac{40.99}{18} = 2.28$$

$$\text{CGPA} = \frac{\text{Total Accumulated GP}}{\text{Total Accumulated Unit}} = \frac{43.66 + 40.99}{20 + 18} = \frac{84.65}{38} = 2.23$$

From the above examples, the CGPA is calculated as the total grade point accumulated for all the registered courses and divided by the total number of the registered units.

3.3.4 Courses During the Long Vacation (*Kursus Semasa Cuti Panjang*) (KSCP)

KSCP is offered to students who have taken a course earlier and obtained a grade of 'C-', 'D+', 'D', 'D-', 'F' and 'DK' only. Students who obtained a grade 'X' or 'F*' are not allowed to take the course during KSCP.

The purpose of KSCP is to:

- (i) Give an opportunity to students who are facing time constraints for graduation.
- (ii) Assist students who need to accumulate a few more credits for graduation.

- (iii) Assist probationary students to enhance their academic status.
- (iv) Assist students who need to repeat a prerequisite course, which is not offered in the following semester.

However, this opportunity is only given to students who are taking courses that they have attempted before and achieved a grade as stipulated above, provided that the course is being offered. Priority is given to final year students. Usually, formal lectures are not held, and teaching is via tutorials.

The duration of KSCP is 3 weeks, i.e. 2 weeks of tutorial and 1 week of examination, all held during the long vacation. The KSCP schedule is available on the University's Academic Calendar.

The Implementation of KSCP

- (i) Students are allowed to register for a maximum of 3 courses and the total number of units registered must not exceed 10.
- (ii) Marks/grades for coursework are taken from the highest marks/the best grades obtained in a particular course in the normal semester before KSCP. The final overall grade is determined as follows:

**Final Grade = The best coursework marks or grade +
Marks or grade for KSCP examination**

- (iii) GPA calculation involves the **LATEST** grades (obtained in KSCP) and also involves courses taken in the second semester and those repeated in KSCP. If the GPA during KSCP as calculated above is 2.00 or better, the academic status will be active, even though the academic status for the second semester was probation status. However, if the GPA for KSCP (as calculated above) is 1.99 or below, the academic status will remain as probation status for the second semester.
- (iv) Graduating students (those who have fulfilled the graduation requirements) in the second semester are not allowed to register for KSCP.

3.3.5 Academic Status

Active Status: Any student who achieves a GPA of 2.00 and above for any examination in a semester will be recognised as ACTIVE and be allowed to pursue his/her studies for the following semester.

Probation Status: A probation status is given to any student who achieves a GPA of 1.99 and below. A student who is under probation status for

three consecutive semesters (P1, P2, FO) will not be allowed to pursue his/her studies at the university. On the other hand, if the CGPA is 2.00 and above, the student concerned will be allowed to pursue his/her studies and will remain at P2 status.

3.3.6 Termination of Candidature

Without any prejudice to the above regulations, **the University Examination Council has the absolute right to terminate any student's studies if he/she does not fulfil the accumulated minimum credits.**

The University Examination Council has the right to terminate any student's studies due to certain reasons (a student who has not registered for the courses, has not attended the examination without valid reasons), as well as medical reasons can be disqualified from pursuing his/her studies.

3.3.7 Examination Results

Full results (with grade) will be announced by the University through the Campus Online portal (campusonline.usm.my) after the School Examination Council meeting which is approximately one month after the final examination.

Students can print their official semester results document namely 'SEMGRED' through the Campus Online portal (campusonline.usm.my) on the same day/date of the results announcement.

3.4 Unit Exemption

3.4.1 Unit Exemption

Unit exemption is defined as the total number of units given to students who are pursuing their studies in USM that are exempted from the graduation requirements. Students only need to accumulate the remaining units for graduation purposes. Only passes or course grades accumulated or acquired in USM will be included in the calculation of the Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) for graduation purposes.

3.4.2 Regulations and Implementation of Unit Exemption

- (i) Diploma holders from recognised Public and Private Institutions of Higher Learning:
 - a. Unit exemption can only be given to courses taken at diploma level. However, unit exemption are not permitted for *Mata*

Pelajaran Umum (MPU) courses such as Language, Ethnic Relations and TITAS courses taken at the diploma level.

- b. Courses for unit exemption may be combined (in two or more combinations) in order to obtain exemption of one course at degree level. However if the School would like to approve only one course at the diploma level for unit exemption of one course at degree level, the course at diploma level must be equivalent to the degree course and have the same number of or more units.
- c. Courses taken during employment (in service) for diploma holders cannot be considered for unit exemption.
- d. The minimum achievement at diploma level that can be considered for unit exemption is a minimum grade 'C' or 2.0 or equivalent.
- e. The total number of semesters exempted should not exceed two semesters.
- f. **In order to obtain unit exemption for industrial training,** a student must have continuous work experience for at least two years in the area. If a student has undergone industrial training during the period of diploma level study, the student must have work experience for at least one year. The students are also required to produce a report on the level and type of work performed. Industrial training unit exemption cannot be considered for semester exemption as the industrial training is carried out during the long vacation in USM.

(ii) IPTS (Private Institution of Higher Learning) USM Supervised/ External Diploma Graduates:

- a. Students who are IPTS USM supervised/external diploma graduates are given unit exemption as stipulated by the specific programme of study. **Normally, unit exemption in this category is given as a block according to the agreement** between USM (through the School that offers the programme) with the IPTS.
- b. **Students from recognised local or foreign IPTA** (Public Institutions of Higher Learning)/IPTS who are studying at the Bachelor's Degree level may apply to study in this university and if successful, may be considered for unit exemption, subject to the following conditions:

- [1] Courses taken in the previous IPT are equivalent (at least 80% of the course must be the same) to the courses offered in USM.
- [2] Students taking courses at Advanced Diploma level in IPT that are recognised to be equivalent to the Bachelor's Degree course in USM may be considered for unit exemption as in Section 2.5.
- [3] The total maximum unit exemption allowed should not exceed 30% of the total unit requirement for graduation.

3.4.3 Total Number of Exempted Semesters

Semester exemption is based on the total units exempted as below:

Total Units Exempted	Total Semesters Exempted
8 and below	None
9 – 32	1
33 to 1/3 of the total units for graduation	2

3.4.4 Application Procedure for Unit Exemption

Any student who would like to apply for unit exemption is required to complete the Unit Exemption Application Form which can be obtained from the Examination and Graduation Section or the respective Schools.

The form must be approved by the Dean of the School prior to submission to the Examination and Graduation Section for consideration and approval.

3.5 Credit Transfer

Credit transfer is defined as the recognition of the total number of credits obtained by USM students taking courses in other IPTAs (Public Institution of Higher Learning) within the period of study at USM, and is combined with credits obtained at USM to fulfil the unit requirements for his/her programme of study. The transferred examination results or grades obtained in courses taken at other IPTAs will be taken into consideration in the Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) calculation.

(a) Category of Students Who Can Be Considered for Credit Transfer

USM full-time Bachelor Degree level students who would like to attend specific Bachelor Degree level courses at other IPTAs.

USM full-time diploma level students who would like to attend specific diploma level courses at other IPTAs.

(b) Specific Conditions

(i) Basic and Core Courses

Credit transfer can only be considered for credits obtained from other courses in other IPTAs that are equivalent (at least 80% of the content is the same) with the courses offered by the programme.

Courses that can be transferred are only courses that have the same number of units or more. For equivalent courses but with less number of units, credit transfers can be approved by combining a few courses. Credits transferred are the same as the course units offered in USM. Average grade of the combined courses will be taken into account in the CGPA calculation.

(ii) Elective or Option Courses

Students may take any appropriate courses in other IPTAs subject to permission from the School as well as the approval of the IPTAs.

The transferred credits are credits obtained from courses at other IPTAs. No course equivalence condition is required.

(iii) Minor Courses

For credit transfer of minor courses, the School should adhere to either conditions (i) or (ii), and take into account the programme requirement.

(c) General Conditions

- (i)** The total maximum units transferred should not exceed one third of the total number of units for the programme.
- (ii)** Credit transfer from other IPTAs can be considered only once for each IPTA.
- (iii)** The examination results obtained by a student who has taken courses at other IPTAs will be taken into account for graduation purposes. Grades obtained for each course will be combined with the grades obtained at USM for CGPA calculation.

- (iv) Students who have applied and are approved for credit transfer are not allowed to cancel the approval after the examination result is obtained.
- (v) Students are required to register for courses at other IPTAs with not less than the total minimum units as well as not exceeding the maximum units as stipulated in their programme of study. However, for specific cases (e.g. students on an extended semester and only require a few units for graduation), the Dean may allow such students to register less than the minimum units and the semester will not be considered for the residential requirement. In this case, the CGPA calculation will be similar to that requirement of the KSCP.
- (vi) USM students attending courses at other IPTAs who have failed in any courses will be allowed to re-sit the examinations of the courses if there is such a provision in that IPTA.
- (vii) If the method of calculation of examination marks in the other IPTAs is not the same as in USM, grade conversions will be carried out according to the existing scales.
- (viii) USM students who have registered for courses at other IPTAs but have decided to return to study in USM must adhere to the existing course registration conditions of USM.

3.5.1 Application Procedure for Attending Courses/Credit Transfer

USM students who would like to apply to attend courses/credit transfer at other IPTAs should apply using the Credit Transfer Application Form.

The application form should be submitted for the Dean's approval for the programme of study at least three months before the application is submitted to other IPTAs for consideration.

3.6 Academic Integrity

"Integrity without knowledge is weak and useless. Knowledge without integrity is dangerous and dreadful." - Samuel Johnson

Academic honesty in academic is important because it is the main pillar in ensuring that manners and ethics with regards to high academic integrity are preserved.

Universiti Sains Malaysia encourages its students to respect and ensure that any matter relating to academic integrity will be well-preserved. Universiti Sains Malaysia always encourages its students to ensure that manners, ethics and

integrity would be essential in academics while focusing on their studies in Universiti Sains Malaysia.

The following are practices or acts that are considered as conducts which lack integrity in academics:

(a) Cheating

Cheating in the context of academic include copying during examination, usage of information or other aids in any academic exercise without authorization or in dishonest manner. There are numerous ways and methods of cheating which include:

- (i) Copying answers from others during test or exam.
- (ii) Any suspicious action that can be described as cheating or an attempt to cheat in an exam.
- (iii) Using unauthorized materials or devices without authorization (calculator, PDA, mobile phones, pager, or any smart device, and other unauthorized devices) during test or exam.
- (iv) Asking or allowing another student to take test or exam on behalf and vice-versa.
- (v) Sharing answers or programmes in assignments or projects.
- (vi) Purposely tampering the marks/grade given in any course work, and then re-submit it for remarking/regrading.
- (vii) Give command, to force, persuade, deceive or threaten others to conduct research, writing, programming or any task for such student personal gain.
- (viii) Submitting any identical or similar work in more than one course without consulting or prior permission from the lecturers concerned.

(b) Plagiarism

The reputation of an academic institution depends on the ability to achieve and sustain academic excellence through the exercise of academic integrity. Academic integrity is based on honesty, trust, fairness, respect, and responsibility, which form the basis of academic work.

One aspect of the loss of academic integrity is due to plagiarism, which is the act of presenting published and unpublished ideas, writings, works or inventions of others in written or other medium, as one's own original intellectual endeavours without any clear acknowledgement of or reference to the author of the source.

A substantial portion of academic work and research are in the written form and the university is committed in the deterrence of plagiarism.

POLICY ON PLAGIARISM OF UNIVERSITI SAINS MALAYSIA

University Sains Malaysia Policy on Plagiarism describes the University's strong commitment to uphold academic integrity in relation to plagiarism. It will come into effect when there is an infringement of academic conduct relating to plagiarism.

This policy acts as a guideline that both educates and prevents and can be used as the basis if anyone that is part of the university violates any rules and regulations of the University.

The policy applies to all students, former students, staff and former staff which include fellows, post-doctorates, visiting scholars, as well as academic, non-academic, research, contract and temporary staff who study, serve or having served, or have graduated from the University.

Plagiarism is defined as the act of presenting, quoting, copying, paraphrasing or passing off of ideas, images, processes, works, data, own words or those of other people or sources without proper acknowledgement, reference or quotation of the original source(s). The acts of plagiarism include, but are not limited to, the following:

- (i) Quoting verbatim (word-for-word replication of) works of other people.
- (ii) Paraphrasing another person's work by changing some of the words, or the order of the words, without due acknowledgement of the source(s).
- (iii) Submitting another person's work in whole or part as one's own.
- (iv) Auto-plagiarising or self-plagiarising (one's own work or previous work) that has already been submitted for assessment or for any other academic award and pass it as a new creation without citing the original content.
- (v) Insufficient or misleading referencing of the source(s) that would enable the reader to check whether any particular work has indeed been cited accurately and/or fairly and thus to identify the original writer's particular contribution in the work submitted.

The University will take action of every report and offences relating to plagiarism and if the student is found guilty, the student can be charged by the university according to the Students Disciplinary Rules.

(c) Fabrication

Fabrication refers to a process of invention, adaptation or copying with the intention of cheating. This is an act of deceiving other people. Fabrication is somewhat related to matters which have been 'created' or altered.

Invention or task outcome or academic work without acknowledgement, alteration, falsification or misleading use of data, information or citation in any academic work constitutes fabrication. Fabricated information neither represent the student's own effort nor the truth concerning a particular investigation or study, and thus violating the principle of truth in knowledge. Some examples are:

- (i) Creating or exchanging data or results, or using someone else's results, in an experiment, assignment or research.
- (ii) Citing sources that are not actually used or referred to.
- (iii) Listing with intent, incorrect or fictitious references.
- (iv) Forging signatures of authorization in any academic record or other university documents.
- (v) Developing a set of false data.

(d) Collusion

Collusion refers to the cooperation in committing or to commit or to do work with negative intentions. Some examples of collusion include:

- (i) Paying, bribing or allowing someone else to do an assignment, test/exam, project or research for you.
- (ii) Doing or assisting others in an assignment, test/exam, project or research for something in return.
- (iii) Permitting your work to be submitted as the work of others.
- (iv) Providing material, information or sources to others knowing that such aids could be used in any dishonest act.

(e) Other violations relating to academic integrity

- (i) Attending late to lecture, tutorial, class or other forms of teaching relating to their courses.
- (ii) Sending or submitting late any assignment relating to their courses.
- (iii) Hire someone else to do the assignment or thesis.
- (iv) Carrying out business by providing service to write assignment or thesis of the students.
- (v) Any other violations that USM deemed as violating academic integrity.

3.6.1 Consequences of Violating Academic Integrity

Students are responsible in protecting and upholding academic integrity in USM.

If in any specific event a student or students would encounter any incident that denotes academic dishonesty, the student(s) need to submit a report to the relevant lecturer. The lecturer is then responsible to

investigate and substantiate the violation and report the matter to the Dean of the School.

- (i) If any violation of academic integrity is considered as not of a serious nature, the Dean of the School may take administrative action on the students.
- (ii) However, if the violation is deemed serious by the School, this matter shall be brought to the attention of the Secretariat of University Student Disciplinary Committee (Academic Cases) at Legal Office, Level 2, Building E42, Chancellory II, Universiti Sains Malaysia for further disciplinary action as specified in the Rules.
- (iii) If a student is caught in copying or cheating during examination, the Investigation Committee of Copying/Cheating in Examination will pursue the matter according to the University's procedures. If the investigation found that there is a case, the student(s) will be brought to the Student's Disciplinary Committee of the University. In this matter, the rule on conduct during examination shall be applied.
- (iv) Rule 48 of Universiti Sains Malaysia (Discipline of Students) provides that a student who commits a disciplinary offence and is found guilty of the offence shall be liable to any one or any appropriate combination of two or more of the following punishments as follows:
 - (a) a warning ;
 - (b) a fine not exceeding two hundred ringgit;
 - (c) exclusion from any specific part or parts of the University for a specified period;
 - (d) suspension from being a student of the University for a specified period;
 - (e) expulsion from the University.

Any student(s) who is found guilty and suspended from being a student of the University for a specific period as decided by the Student's Disciplinary Committee (Academic Cases) or the Student's Disciplinary Committee (General Cases), such suspension period shall not be counted in calculating the candidature period of study of the student.

3.7 USM Mentor Programme

The Mentor Programme acts as a support-aid that involves staff undergoing special training as consultants and guides to the USM community who would like to share their feelings and any psychosocial issues that could affect their social activities. This programme helps individuals to manage psychosocial issues in a more effective manner, which will eventually improve their well-being in order to achieve a better quality of life.

Objectives

- (a) To serve as a co-operation and mutual assistance mechanism for dealing with stress, psychosocial problems and many more in order to ensure the well-being of the USM community.
- (b) To inculcate the spirit of unity and the concept of helping one another by appointing a well-trained mentor as a social agent who promotes a caring society for USM.
- (c) To produce more volunteers to assist those who need help.
- (d) To prevent damage in any psychosocial aspect before they reach a critical stage.

3.8 Student Exchange Programme

3.8.1 Study Abroad Scheme

The student exchange programme is an opportunity for USM students to study for one or two semesters abroad at any USM partner institutions. Ideally, students are encouraged to participate in the exchange programme within their third to fifth semester (3 year degree programme) and within the third to seventh semester (4 year degree programme).

USM students who wish to follow the SBLN programme must discuss their academic plans with the Dean or Deputy Dean of their respective Schools and also with the International Mobility & Collaboration Centre (IMCC) (to ensure that credits obtained from the external higher education institution can be transferred as part of the credit accumulation for graduation).

Any student who follows the SBLN programme and violates any disciplinary act in the external higher education institution, can be penalised in accordance with the University (Discipline of Students) Rules if the matter is referred to USM.

For further information, please visit www.imcc.usm.my or contact the International Mobility and Collaboration Centre (IMCC) at +604 – 653 2777/2774.

3.8.2 Student Exchange Programme in Local Higher Education Institutions (RPPIPT)

This is a programme that allows students of Higher Learning Institutions to do an exchange programme for a semester among the higher institutions themselves. Students can choose any relevant courses and apply for credit transfers.

USM students who want to participate in RPPIPT have to discuss their academic plans with the Dean or Deputy Dean of their respective Schools and the Division of Academic and International (to ensure that credits obtained from the higher education institution in Malaysia can be transferred as part of the credit accumulation for graduation).

Any student who participates in RPPIPT and violates any of the institution's disciplinary rules can be penalised according to the University (Discipline of Students) Rules if the matter is referred to USM.

For further information, please contact the Academic & International Division at +604 – 653 2430.

3.9 Ownership of Students' Dissertation/Research Project/Theses and University's Intellectual Property

The copyright of a dissertation/research project/thesis belongs to the student. However, as a condition for the conferment of a degree, the student gives this right unconditionally, directly but not exclusively, and free of royalties to the university to use the contents of the work/thesis for teaching, research and promotion purposes. In addition, the student gives non-exclusive rights to the University to keep, use, reproduce, display and distribute copies of the original thesis with the rights to publish for future research and the archives.

4.0 UNIVERSITY COURSE REQUIREMENTS

4.1 Summary of University Course Requirements

Students are required to take 15-22 credits for the following University courses/options for University needs:

UNIVERSITY COURSE REQUIREMENTS		CREDIT
1. General Studies (MPU)		
U1	<u>Local Students</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> HTU223 (Islamic and Asian Civilisations-TITAS) (2 credit) LKM400 (Bahasa Malaysia IV) (2 credit) <u>International Students</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> SEA205E(Malaysian Studies) (4 credit) 	4
U2	WUS101 (Entrepreneurship Core) (2 credit)	2
U3	<u>Local Students</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> SHE101(Ethnic Relations) (2 credit) <u>International Students</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> LKM100* (Bahasa Malaysia I) (2 credit) 	2
U4	Co-curricular**	2
2. Language Skill	English Language Course/Additional English Language	4
3. Options	Skills course/Foreign Language Courses/ Other courses offered by other schools Students have to choose any of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Co-curricular Skills course/Foreign Language Courses/ Other courses offered by other schools 	1-8
	TOTAL	15-22

* International students pursuing Literary programs are required to take two (2) more Bahasa Malaysia courses, namely LKM200 and LKM300.

* Students from Indonesia pursuing Literary programs are only required to take courses LKM200 and LKM300.

** Students from the Center for Educational Studies are required to choose a uniformed body co-curricular package.

*** Students from the School of Dental Sciences are required to take co-curriculum courses that consists of three (3) credits. Further information can be obtained from the Academic Office, School of Dental Sciences.

4.2 General Studies Components (MPU)

General studies is one of the strategies and initiatives planned for the purpose of Shift 1, which is Holistic, Entrepreneurial and Balanced Graduates. Malaysia Education Blueprint 2015-2025 (Higher Education) or PPPM (PT) outlines 10 shifts to achieve the aspirations of the nation's higher education system and student aspirations.

General studies are divided into four groups as follows:

1. U1: appreciation of philosophy, values and history;
2. U2: the mastery of soft skills;
3. U3: expanding the knowledge of Malaysia and its history;
4. U4: practical community management skills such as community service and co-curriculum.

A. U1 Group

Local Students

All Malaysian students are required to take and pass the following courses. In order to graduate, the minimum passing grade required is Grade C.

(i) **HTU223/2 (Islamic and Asian Civilisations - TITAS)**

The course synopsis is as follows:

This course aims to increase students' knowledge on history, principles, values, main aspects of Malay Civilization, Islamic Civilization and its culture. With the academic exposure to cultural issues and civilization in Malaysia, it is hoped that students will be more aware of issues that can contribute to the cultivation of the culture of respect and harmony among the plural society in Malaysia. Among the topics in this course are Interaction among Various Civilizations, Islamic Civilization, Malay Civilization, Contemporary Challenges faced by the Islamic and Asian Civilization and the Islamic Hadhari Principles.

(ii) **LKM400/2 (Bahasa Malaysia IV)**

In order to graduate, the minimum passing grade required is Grade C.

Entry requirements for Bahasa Malaysia are as follows:

No	Qualification	Grade	Entry Level	Type	Unit	Status
1	(a) SPM/MCE/SC (or equivalent qualification) (b) STPM/HSC (or equivalent qualification)	1 - 6 P/S	LKM400	U	2	Graduation Requirement

Note:

To obtain credit for Bahasa Malaysia courses, a minimum grade of C is required. Students may obtain advice from the School of Language, Literacies and Translation if they have a different Bahasa Malaysia qualification from the above.

International Students

All international students are required to take and pass the SEA205E/4 (Malaysian Studies) course. In order to graduate, the minimum passing grade required is Grade C. The following is the synopsis of the course:

This course investigates the structure of the Malaysian system of government and the major trends in contemporary Malaysia. Emphasis will be given both to current issues in Malaysian politics and the historical and economic developments and trends of the country. The second part of the course focuses on specific issues: ethnic relations, national unity and the national ideology; development and political change; federal-state relations; the role of religion in Malaysian politics; politics and business; Malaysia in the modern world system; civil society; law, justice and order; and directions for the future.

B. U2 Group

All students are required to take and pass the WUS101/2 (Core Entrepreneurship) course. In order to graduate, the minimum passing grade required is Grade C. The following is the synopsis of the course:

This course provides basic exposure to students on entrepreneurship and business fields, with emphasis on the implementation of the learning aspects while experiencing the process of executing business projects in campus. The main learning outcome is the assimilation of culture and entrepreneurship work ethics in their everyday life. This initiative is made to open the minds and arouse the spirit of entrepreneurship among target groups that possess the potential to

become successful entrepreneurs.

For more information, please refer to the Centre for Co-Curricular Programme website.

C. U3 Group

Local students

All local students are required to take and pass the SHE101/2 (Ethnic Relations) course. In order to graduate, the minimum passing grade required is Grade C. The following is the synopsis of the course:

This course is an introduction to ethnic relations in Malaysia. This course is designed with 3 main objectives: (1) to introduce students to the basic concepts and the practices of social accord in Malaysia, (2) to reinforce basic understanding of challenges and problems in a multi-ethnic society, and (3) to provide an understanding and awareness in managing the complexity of ethnic relations in Malaysia. At the end of this course, it is hoped that students will be able to identify and apply the skills to issues associated with ethnic relations in Malaysia.

International students

All international students are required to take and pass the LKM100/2 (Bahasa Malaysia I) course. In order to graduate, the minimum passing grade required is Grade C, EXCEPT for students in the following categories:

- (i) International students pursuing Bachelor Degree in Arts are required to take the following courses:

Code	Type	Credit
LKM100	Z	2
LKM200	U	2
LKM300	U	2

- (ii) International students from Indonesia pursuing Bachelor Degrees in Arts are exempted from taking LKM100 and are required to take LKM200/2 and LKM300/2.

D. Group U4

All students are required to take a co-curricular course in order to complete the minimum two (2) credit hours requirement in the MPU structure.

Students who choose to take packaged co-curricular courses are required to complete all levels of the package. Students can choose the courses offered by the Core group as follows:

(i) Core of Volunteerism (6 - 10 credits)

All courses offered under this core are the uniformed courses offered in the following packages:

PALAPES Army	PALAPES Navy	PALAPES Air Force	SUKSIS (Students' Police Volunteers)
WTD103/3	WTL103/3	WTU103/3	WPD101/2
WTD203/3	WTL203/3	WTU203/3	WPD201/2
WTD304/4	WTL304/4	WTU304/4	WPD301/2

SISPA (Siswa Siswi Pertahanan Awam Malaysia)	Kelanasiswa (Rovers)	St John Ambulance	Red Crescent Emergency Aid Team
WPA103/2	WLK102/2	WJA102/2	WBM102/2
WPA203/2	WLK202/2	WJA202/2	WBM202/2
WPA303/2	WLK302/2	WJA302/2	WBM302/2

For more information, please refer to the Centre for Co-Curricular Programme website.

(ii) Core of Sports (1 - 3 credits)

The courses offered are as follows:

Packaged Courses (3 Credits, 3 Semesters) (Students are required to complete all levels)	
Karate	Taekwondo
WSC108/1	WSC115/1
WSC208/1	WSC215/1
WSC308/1	WSC315/1

Non Packaged Courses (1 Credit)	
WSC105/1 –Volley Ball	WSC 125/1- Futsal
WSC106/1 - Golf	WSC 126/1 - Netball
WSC110/1 - Archery	WSC127/1 - Event Management 1
WSC111/1 - Table Tennis	WSC227/1 - Event Management 2
WSC112/1 - Swimming	WSC128/1 - Petanque
WSC113/1 - Aerobics	WSC130/1 - Orienteering
WSC114/1 - Squash	WSC131/1 - Woodball
WSC116/1 - Tennis	WSC124/1 - Sepak Takraw
WSC119/1 - Badminton	

For more information, please refer to the Centre for Co-Curricular Programme website.

(iii) Core of Culture (1 – 6 credits)

The courses offered are as follows:

Packaged Courses (6 Credits, 3 Academic Sessions) (Students are required to complete all levels)	
Jazz Band	Seni Silat Cekak Malaysia
WSC108/1	WCC123/2
WSC208/1	WCC223/2
WSC308/1	WCC323/2
Non Packaged Courses (1 Credit)	
WCC105/1 - Gamelan	WCC117/1 - Modern Theatre
WCC107/1 - Guitar	WCC118/1 - Malay Shadow Play
WCC109/1 - Choir	WCC119/1 - Qigong Exercises
WCC115/1 - Modern Dance	WCC124/1 - Kompang Berlagu
WCC116/1 - Traditional Dance	WCC129/1 - Latin Dance

For more information, please refer to the Centre for Co-Curricular Programme website.

(iv) Core of Innovation and Initiative (1 - 2 credits)

The courses offered are as follows:

Non Packaged Courses (1 Credit)	
WCC103/1 - Painting	WCC128/1 - Embroidery and Beads Sequin Art
WCC110/1 - Handcrafting	WCC130/1 - Digital SLR Photography Art
WCC120/1 - Canting Batik	WCC 131/1 - Editing Digital Photography Art
WCC121/1 - Calligraphic Art	WCC132/1 - The Art of Ceramic
WCC122/1 - Cullinary Arts	WCC133/1 - Decoupage Arts
WCC125/1 - Traditional of Kite Art	
Non Packaged Courses (2 Credits)	
WMU102/2 - Makers@USM Level 1	

For more information, please refer to the Centre for Co-Curricular Programme website.

(v) Core of Community Service (4 credits)

The courses offered are as follows:

Packaged Courses (4 Credits) (Students are required to complete all levels)	
WKM102/2 - Community Service 1	WKM202/2 - Community Service 2
Non Packaged Courses (2 Credits)	
WSK102/2 - Volunteerism Science	

For more information, please refer to the Centre for Co-Curricular Programme website.

(vi) Core of Public Speaking (2 credits)

The courses offered are as follows:

Non Packaged Courses (2 Credits)
WEC102/2 - Public Speaking in Malay
WEC103E - Public Speaking in English

For more information, please refer to the Centre for Co-Curricular Programme website.

(vii) Core of Sustainability (2 credits)

The courses offered are as follows:

Non Packaged Courses (2 Credits)
WSU101/2 - Sustainability of Issues, Challenges and Prospects

For more information, please refer to the Centre for Co-Curricular Programme website.

4.3 Language Skills

All Bachelor degree students must take four (4) credit English Language courses to fulfil the University requirement for graduation.

(a) Entry Requirements for English Language Courses

The following table shows the qualification requirements of the Malaysian University English Test (MUET) and pre-requisite courses that students must complete to register for English language courses offered by the School of Languages, Literacies and Translation:

Number	MUET qualification/ Pre-requisite course	Grade	English Language Course	Course Type
1	MUET or;	Band 6	LHP 451/452/453/454/455/ 456/457/458/459 *the number of units of all LHP courses is 2 units except for LHP457 which is 4 units	Compulsory/Option / Type U
	LSP401/402/403/404 or;	A - C		
	Discretion of the Dean of PPBLT			
2	MUET or;	Band 5	LSP 401/402/403/404 * the number of units of all LSP courses is 2 units	Compulsory/ Type U
	LSP300 or;	A - C		
	Discretion of the Dean of PPBLT			
3	MUET or;	Band 4	LSP300 (2 units)	Compulsory/ Type U
	LMT100 or;	A - C		
	Discretion of Dean			
4	MUET or;	Band 2/3	LMT100 (2 units)	Pre-requisite/ Type Z
	Discretion of the Dean of PPBLT			

Note:

- Students are required to refer to the list of English language courses required by their respective schools.

- Students may obtain advice from the School of Language, Literacies and Translation if they have a different English language qualification from the above.
- In order to obtain units in English Language courses, students have to pass with a minimum grade 'C'.
- Students with a Score of 260 – 300 (Band 6) in MUET must accumulate the 4 units of English from the courses in the post-advanced level (LHP451/452/453/454/455/456/457/ 458/459*). They can also take foreign language courses to replace their English language units but they must first obtain written consent from the Dean of the School of Languages, Literacies and Translation. (Please use the form that can be obtained from the School of Languages, Literacies and Translation).
- Students with a score less than 180 (Band 4) in MUET CAN re-sit MUET to improve their score to Band 4 OR take LMT100 course and pass with a minimum grade C before the student can register for the LSP300 course.

(b) English Language Course (Compulsory English Language Unit)

English courses offered as university courses are as follows:

No	Code/Unit	Course Title	School (If Applicable)
1	LMT100/2	English Setup	Students from all schools
2	LSP300/2	Academic English	Students from all schools
3	LSP401/2	General English	Centre for Language, Literacies and Translation School of Educational Studies (Literature) School of the Arts School of Humanities School of Social Sciences
4	LSP402/2	Scientific and Medical English	School of Biological Sciences School of Physics School of Chemical Science School of Mathematical Science School of Industrial Technology School of Educational Studies (Science) School of Medical Science School of Health Science and Dentistry School of Pharmaceutical Science

5	LSP403/2	Business and Communication English	School of Management Studies School of Communication
6	LSP404/2	Technical and Engineering English	School of Computer Science School of Housing, Building and Planning School of Engineering

4.4 Options

A. Co-curricular course

Students who have enrolled co-curricular courses in excess of two (2) credits under the U4 General Subjects requirement are not required to attend the co-curriculum course under the Option courses. Students only need to register for skill courses or Foreign Language courses subject to the graduation requirements of their respective program of study.

The details of the list of co-curricular courses offered are in the U4 General Subjects section as stated above.

B. Skill / Foreign Language Courses / Courses offered by other schools

Students can choose the following courses as an option:

- (i) WSU 101/2 (Sustainability: Issues, Challenges & Prospects)

The following is the synopsis of the course:

This course introduces and exposes the concept of sustainable development to students. The course aims to ensure future generation capabilities to meet their needs in the future are not affected, especially in the era of challenging globalization and the rapid development of information technology at present. Sustainable development models and case studies are also discussed.

For more information, please refer to the Centre for Co-Curricular Programme website.

- (ii) HTV201/2 - Thinking Techniques

The following is the synopsis of the course:

This course introduces students to various creative thinking such as styles and thinking tools that can broaden understanding of creativity and improve problem solving skills. Students are trained to select and apply the best techniques to solve specific problems. So this course helps students to learn to think effectively in order to make the most effective decisions in both their academic life and throughout life.

- (iii) Other options / skill courses as recommended or required by the respective schools (if any)
- (iv) English language course

The following courses may be taken as a university courses to fulfil the compulsory English language requirements (for Band 5 and Band 6 in MUET) or as a skill / option courses:

No	Code/Unit	Course Title
1.	LHP451/2	Effective Reading
2.	LHP452/2	Business Writing
3.	LHP453/2	Creative Writing
4.	LHP454/2	Academic Writing
5.	LHP455/2	English Pronunciation Skills
6.	LHP456/2	Spoken English
7.	LHP457/4	Public Speaking and Speech Writing
8.	LHP458/2	English for Translation (Offered during Semester II only)
9.	LHP459/2	English for Interpretation (Offered during Semester I only)

- (v) Foreign Language Courses

The foreign language courses offered by the School of Languages, Literacies and Translation can be taken by students as an option or compulsory courses to fulfil the number of units required for graduation. Students are not allowed to register for more than one foreign language course per semester. They must complete at least two levels of a foreign language course before they are allowed to register for another foreign language course. However, students are not required to complete all four levels of one particular foreign language course. The foreign language courses offered are as follows:

Arab	Chinese	Japanese	German	Spanish
LAA100/2	LAC100/2	LAJ100/2	LAG100/2	LAE100/2
LAA200/2	LAC200/2	LAJ200/2	LAG200/2	LAE200/2
LAA300/2	LAC300/2	LAJ300/2	LAG300/2	LAE300/2
LAA400/2	LAC400/2	LAJ400/2	LAG400/2	LAE400/2

French	Thai	Tamil	Korean
LAP100/2	LAS100/2	LAT100/2	LAK100/2
LAP200/2	LAS200/2	LAT200/2	LAK200/2
LAP300/2	LAS300/2	LAT300/2	LAK300/2
LAP400/2	LAS400/2		

INDEX

Advanced Engineering Calculus 35
Advanced Material and Composites 45
Analytical Chemistry 68
Applied Metallurgy 47
Blasting Technology 73
Comminution and Sizing 65
Computer Methods for Engineers 37
Corrosion and Degradation 44
Crystallography and Bonding in Solids 37
Design and Development of Ceramic Products 49
Elastomeric Materials 91
Electrical Technology 35
Engineering Calculus 32
Engineering Drawing 34
Engineering Economy and Management 38
Engineering Geology 61
Engineering Management 96
Engineering Materials 33
Engineering Materials Characterization 41
Engineering Materials Introduction Laboratory 33
Engineering Mechanics 32
Engineering Polymers 40
Engineering Practice 36
Engineering Statistics 42
Engineers in Society 38
Environmental Chemistry for Engineering Practice 74
Environmental Engineering 73
Engineering Geophysics 71
Failure Analysis and Non Destructive Testing 43
Fiber Processing 100
Final Year Research Project (Material) 46
Final Year Research Project (Mineral Resources) 74
Final Year Research Project (Polymer) 100
Fluid Mechanics 43
Fluid Power and Turbo Machinery 49
Geomatic Engineering 65
Geomechanics 72
Hydrometallurgy 67
Industrial Minerals 73
Industrial Training (Material) 46
Industrial Training (Mineral Resources) 72
Industrial Training (Polymer) 99
Introduction to Mining Engineering 66
Latex Laboratory 97

Latex Processing 92
 Materials Characterization Laboratory 39
 Materials Processing Laboratory 44
 Materials Selection and Design 47
 Materials Thermodynamic 37
 Materials Transport Engineering 69
 Mechanical Metallurgy 42
 Microscopy Laboratory 41
 Mine and Plant Design 72
 Mineral Chemistry Laboratory 68
 Mineral Deposits 64
 Mineral Economics 71
 Mineral Processing Engineering Laboratory 71
 Mineralogy 64
 Mining Engineering Laboratory 65
 Mining Methods and Law 67
 Mould and Die Design 94
 Nanomaterials 45
 Occupational Safety and Health 49
 Petrography & Ore Microscopy 66
 Petroleum Engineering 74
 Physical Chemistry of Engineering Materials 34
 Physical Metallurgy 40
 Physical Mineral Processing 68
 Plastic Laboratory 100
 Plastic Materials 90
 Plastic Processing 96
 Polymer Analytical Methods and Failure Analysis 98
 Polymer Product Design and Development 99
 Polymer Engineering Laboratory 93
 Polymer Organic Chemistry 87
 Polymer Rheology 97
 Polymer Synthesis and Reaction Engineering 90
 Engineering Properties of Polymeric Materials 94
 Prospecting Geochemistry 70
 Pyrometallurgy 45
 Quality Control and Management 47
 Raw Materials and Structural Ceramics 39
 Resin Manufacturing 98
 Rubber Engineering 101
 Rubber Laboratory 96
 Rubber: Processing and Product 95
 Semiconductor Devices and Opto-Electronics 48
 Semiconductor Fabrication Technology 43
 Semiconductor Materials 40
 Specialty Engineering Polymer 103
 Strength of Materials 34

Technical Ceramics 47
Technology and Application of Engineering Polymer 48
Transport Phenomena in Polymers 92
Transport Processes 42
Whiteware and Glasses 41

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STUDENTS' FEEDBACK

The aim of this feedback form is to obtain students' response regarding the content of this guidebook. This information will be useful for the university in improving this guidebook.

Please respond to items 1 - 5 below based on the following 4-point scale.

1 - Strongly Disagree	2 - Disagree	3 - Agree	4 - Strongly Agree
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Please circle the number.

1. This guidebook is very useful.

1	2	3	4
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2. The information provided in this guidebook is accurate.

1	2	3	4
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If you chose 1 or 2 for question no. 2, please provide the number of the pages(s) that contain the inaccurate information.

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3. The information provided in this guidebook is clear and easy to understand.

1	2	3	4
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4. Overall, I would rate the quality of this guidebook as good.

1	2	3	4
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5. I prefer to use the CD that is provided compared to this guidebook.

1	2	3	4
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6. If there is any other information that you think should be included in the guidebook, please suggest in the space below.

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Please send this feedback form to School's General Office in the 4th week of Semester I, Academic Session 2018/2019